

# LOWELL WILL MAKE "COME BACK" TOMORROW

Lowell received 38 cars of coal this morning. Of these 29 were of soft coal and the remaining 9 of hard coal. The mills of the city received 7 carloads of the soft coal while the dealers were apportioned 22 carloads. The dealers also received the 9 carloads of hard coal.

# STRIKES AND DISORDERS CONTINUE IN AUSTRIA

Austria-Hungary will continue to strive for a general peace on terms previously offered. This is the answer given the leaders of the Austro-Hungarian workmen who have quit work to demand peace, by Dr. von Seydler, the Austrian premier. Emperor Charles, he said, desired to end the war at the earliest possible moment.

**Blame Entente for Continuing War**

The labor leaders were told that responsibility for continuation of the war rested upon the entente allies, who had refused Austria's offers. All plans for territorial aggrandizement as a result of the war were disclaimed by the premier. Other ministers promised electoral reforms and a relaxation of the rigid military law. The labor leaders then called upon their comrades to resume work but the latest information is that the general strike is still in progress with disorders at some places.

**Report Ministry Has Resigned**

Resignation of the Austrian ministry is reported by a Berlin newspaper, but there is no press of official confirmation.

**Break if Russia Fails to Accept**

Importance is attached to the Austrian political situation by London newspapers, some of which believe that the government is aiding the workmen's propaganda for peace in the hope of influencing the Entente-Litovsk negotiations. Dr. von Seydler indicated no lessening of the demands on Russia, and a German newspaper reports that unless the Russians accept the offer of the central powers the peace negotiations will be broken off. The conferences at Brest-Litovsk have been suspended until Jan. 29, as Foreign Minister Troitzky, head of the Russian delegation, has gone to Petrograd for consultation with his government.

**Bulgarians Attack French Positions**

Almost complete military inactivity persists on the fronts in France and Italy. On the Macedonian front Bulgarian troops have attacked the French positions west of the Vardar heavily. The efforts came after violent artillery preparation and the Bulgarians were able to enter the French trenches at only one point, from which they were thrown back immediately by Greek troops.

**Carson Quit War Cabinet**

British political circles are discussing the resignation from the war cabinet of Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster unionists, on account of the Irish question. It has been expected that the Irish convention, which has been discussing plans for home rule for Ireland, will make its report shortly, including Ulster.

# U. S. SOLDIER KILLED IN ACTION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—General Pershing today reported that Corporal Walter Roberts of the infantry had been killed in action Jan. 20. No details of the engagement were given. His mother, Mrs. Kate Roberts, lives at Hartline, Wash.

These deaths also were reported: Corporal Frank J. Coffman, railroad accident, Freeport, Pa.

Privates David M. Woolridge, Corning, Calif.; John Wasmier, Le Mars, Ia.; Russell R. Owens, Raymond, Wash.; Floyd de Bolt, Adrian, Wash.; Archie A. Randall, Carrolls, Wash.; Howard L. Botkin, Nampa, Idaho. All died of pneumonia.

# PRES. WILSON URGES IRISH SETTLEMENT

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Daily News says there is reason for stating that President Wilson quite recently made urgent representations to the British cabinet on the desirability of an Irish settlement.

The Dublin correspondent of the Times reiterates the partiality hopeful view of the convention whose reports, or report, he says, will at least advance the solution of the problem by stages of unprecedented length and importance. The end, he adds, cannot long be delayed.

# LEAVES \$75,000 FOR MONUMENT EMBLEMATIC OF SOME HISTORIC EVENT

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—A bequest of \$75,000 to the city of Worcester, for the erection of a monument emblematic of some historic event, is provided in the will of Mrs. Ellen P. Kennedy of this city, filed for probate today. The sum is payable at the death of her husband, Walter G. Kennedy who is to have a life interest in the entire estate, estimated at more than \$500,000.

Among other provisional bequests is one of \$20,000 to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for prosecuting its work in Europe.

**Chalifoux's**  
CORNER

**THRIFT**

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued War Savings certificates to which are added, from time to time as purchased, War Savings Stamps, commonly called Thrift Stamps. It is a fascinating way of saving money. Twenty-five cents purchase one stamp. If you use thirty you will hardly miss the twenty-five cents.

You can be thrifty by trading with Chalifoux's. For instance, Take advantage of our great linen and Domestic sale which is starting today on our Third Floor. Goods are marked at prices that are in some cases one-half. With every twenty-five cents you save at our store you can buy a Thrift Stamp. Help your nation by using Thrift Stamps. Marguerite Dougherty, High School Com. Dept.

Now is the time to start that bank account at the

**Washington Savings Institution**

30 MIDDLESEX STREET

**FARRELL & CONATON**  
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS  
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513.

# All Essential Ships in New York Harbor Supplied With Bunker Coal

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Large supplies of coal were moving freely to eastern househoulds and trans-Atlantic shipping interests today as the result of the fuel administration's closing order, but clearing of the railroad congestion still was hampered by unfavorable weather conditions.

With manufacturing plants east of the Mississippi facing the fifth day of the shut-down and reports here indicating that the first headless Monday had been strictly observed, Fuel Administrator Garfield declined to say whether an extension of the closing period would be necessary.

"We will not cross that bridge until we come to it," he said. "There will still be the nine remaining working days of the closing order. The operations of the closing order have been fully up to our expectations insofar as the weather permitted."

Reports here said that New York already had on hand enough coal to fill the bunkers of 50 vessels loaded with supplies for the American army and the allies, but that more than a hundred ships in Hampton Roads were being coaled rapidly.

Officials who recently sought a railroad embargo on general freight as a means of relieving congestion declared again that this step would have to be taken or non-essentials denied transportation if the freight tangle was to be straightened out. Director-General McAdoo declined to order the embargo, despite its recommendation by the war conference board.

**All Essential Ships Coaled**

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—No essential ship in New York harbor is being prevented from sailing for lack of fuel, according to J. E. Parsons, coal expert detailed by the United States shipping board to supervise the bunkering of vessels here. He said that of 213 ships awaiting coal in this port a week ago but 31, none of them vital to the needs of the allies, remained to be coaled today.

This was the first word to come from authoritative sources in New York indicating that the fuel situation had been relieved materially through the five day industrial suspension and its resultant curtailed coal consumption and loosening of freight congestion.

Fuel administrators and transportation authorities were handicapped today by a heavy snow storm. The storm, coupled with ice floes in the harbor, reduced the movement of tugs to fifty per cent of normal.

Veteran harbor men say they cannot remember a time when the ice menace here was so great. The ice floes average 200 square feet, jamming the short line of Brooklyn, Manhattan and Staten Island. Two large trans-Atlantic liners spent four hours crushing through ice ten inches thick before steamships could be put out. The Hudson and East rivers are filled with floating ice cakes.

The ice has seriously hampered the movement of coal to this city in barges from tide-water.

The closing of hundreds of businesses and industrial houses for the past four days has resulted in an accumulation of mail in the postoffices that will duplicate the Christmas burdens of the mail carriers when they start on their rounds tomorrow.

**Snow Ties Up Traffic**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Snow was with the previous day.

# SAMUEL J. ELDER DIES SUDDENLY

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Samuel J. Elder of this city, one of the leading lawyers of New England, who was one of the senior counsel for the United States government before the Hague tribunal in the North Atlantic fisheries arbitration case with Great Britain in 1910, died suddenly while visiting his daughter at a hospital here today.

Mr. Elder's daughter, Mrs. Frances Elder, is clinical secretary at the Massachusetts General hospital and he had stopped there to see her on the way to his office from his home in Winchester. His associates said he had been in good health recently and was at his office on Saturday.

Mr. Elder, who was 63 years old, had practiced law in Boston since 1875, two years after his graduation from Yale. While not active in politics, he had been a leader in the republican party and was a delegate to the republican national convention in Chicago in 1908. He served two terms as president of the republican club of Massachusetts and many years ago was a member of the legislature.

Thomas Taft was given a hearing on his petition for a garage in Circuit Avenue and there being no remonstrances a petition was referred. Gertrude D. Brady filed a claim for personal injuries, while George H. Russell filed a claim for damage to an automobile. Both petitions were referred. The U. S. Cartridge Co. petitioned for permission to manufacture and store firearms in the plant of the Higginson-Hartford Co. and Feb. 12 was set as the date for a hearing. The Lowell Electric Light Corp. petitioned for permission to erect 3 poles in South Walker street and it was voted to hold a hearing on Feb. 5th.

William J. Dickey, Frank W. Chaloux and John P. Miskella were appointed receivers.

Sidewalk assessments amounting to \$1238.54 were approved. A communication was received from the commission on waterways and public lands to the effect that the Boston & Maine railroad had petitioned for permission to dredge and lay a new line in the Merrimack river near the Middlesex station, and that Jan. 30 had been set as the date for a hearing to be held in the office of the commission. The letter was referred to the city solicitor.

**Inspector of Wires**

The ordinance creating the position of inspector of wires was read and Mr. Brown waived its adoption. Mr. Warnock said he was informed he would receive orders from the civil service commission to the effect that the superintendent of public buildings was holding their jobs illegally, for not one of the men had taken the usual examinations. Mr. Morse said he thought it would be better not to take any action until such orders are received. The mayor was of the opinion that the matter should be referred to the city solicitor.

Mr. Brown then withdrew his motion and asked that the whole matter be referred to the city solicitor. Lawrence Cummings, a former commissioner, stated that shortly after the election of the superintendent of cemeteries, he, Mr. Cummings, who was then commissioner, was informed by the civil service commission that his position was not a civil service one.

City Solicitor Regan was then sent for and when asked as to the legality of the ordinance creating the position of inspector of wires, he said in the first place you can't create an administrative officer, but you can create a civil officer. When questioned further about the ordinance Mr. Regan said he would rather have more time to look it up.

Mr. Brown asked if the present inspector of wires could hold the position pending the enactment of the ordinance and Mr. Regan replied in the affirmative. Mr. Brown said a section of the charter provides for officers who have been elected by the city government prior to the new charter and who are not mentioned in the charter.

The city messenger was sent out for a copy of the ordinance creating the position of inspector of wires and it was found that it contained the words "administrative officer." Mr. Brown then moved for its repeal.

# BIG HOTEL AT BANGOR ON FIRE

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 22.—Fire which broke out in the Colonial hotel and is still burning, damaged the hotel between \$50,000 and \$60,000 today, perhaps more. The cause is unknown, but coming just as dinner was being served the guests were full of guests. The entire fire department of the city is fighting the blaze and trying to confine it to the hotel. The building was built by John Y. Ricker and others and is owned by the Graham Realty Co. It is believed to be well insured.

# FIRE IN LUMBER PILE

A lively blaze broke out in a pile of second hand lumber in the rear of David Zindars storehouse in Tanner street, corner of Cambridge street, shortly after 10:30 o'clock this morning which kept the members of Hose Co. No. 9 busy for a considerable length of time.

Some boys were seen in the vicinity of the lumber pile shortly before the fire was discovered and it is thought that they either accidentally caused the fire or else started it with malicious intent.

They'll All Be There For The

**Moonlight Waltzes**

**TONIGHT**

**BRODERICK'S ORCH.**

**ASSOCIATE HALL**

ADMISSION:

Gents 35c Ladies 25c

War Tax Paid

**DIAMONDS ARE GOING HIGHER**

Everyone realizes the economic sense of purchasing Diamonds, because of the large amount of capital concentrated so profitably in such small bulk. This is money invested in a dividend-paying proposition and not money spent for a luxury. My business is Diamonds.

**EDWARD W. FREEMAN**

SPECIALIST ON DIAMONDS

39 Bridge St. JEWELER Next to Keith's

# CHARGED WITH INTENT TO COMMIT MURDER

James Barbagianos, aged 35 years, who conducts a coffee house at 150 Market street and resides at 76 Jefferson street, was shot by Ashta Kazanis, who has a jewelry store in Malden lane, about 4:30 yesterday afternoon. Barbagianos was hurried to St. John's hospital where the only bullet which took effect was removed from his body.

Continued on page two

# ENGINE BLOWN UP FIREMAN KILLED

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Jan. 22.—The night express of the Rutland railroad, bound from Montreal for Boston, was wrecked two miles north of here today by an explosion in the locomotive. Fireman N. S. McCauley was killed. Engineer Fuller was probably fatally injured and several passengers injured but not seriously, it was thought. Several cars were derailed.

The express, No. 526, left Montreal at 7 o'clock last night and was due in Boston at 7:30 this morning. It was made up of Pullman sleepers and day coaches. When the train was between Belvidere and Middlebury the boiler of the engine exploded. N. S. McCauley, Rutland, the fireman, was killed instantly and F. W. Fuller also of Rutland, the engineer, was injured, probably fatally.

The train included sleeping cars for New York which ordinarily are diverted at Rutland.

The explosion was due to the dropping of a crown sheet on the locomotive which resulted in a rush of steam to the firebox. Fireman McCauley was blown from the cab but Engineer Fuller escaped the full force of the explosion. The entire front portion of the locomotive was wrecked.

Later reports showed none of the passengers was hurt.

# U.S. GUNBOAT FIRED ON BY CHINESE REBELS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The commander of the American gunboat Monocacy, fired upon by Chinese rebels, reported today that he returned the fire and silenced it.

American Minister Reinsch's despatches to the state department today reported the attack on the gunboat. Monocacy contained no additional details to those already received in news dispatches. He said he already had made representations to the Chinese government.

# EXTRA NAVAL GUARDS ON DUTY AT NEWPORT

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 22.—Extra naval guards were on duty here today and at some government plants civilian workers were withdrawn. No explanation was made by officials, but it was intimated that additional precautions were taken because of reports which led to the searching of a Sound line steamer previous to her departure for New York last night.

# \$60,000 JEWEL ROBBERY IN DETROIT

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 22.—Three bandits entered the jewelry store of Ralph Dewey, in the downtown district this forenoon, bound the proprietor and escaped with valuables said to be worth \$60,000.

A clerk who usually reported for duty before 9 o'clock received a telephone call at his home telling him that he need not go to work until noon and he thought the store would not be opened till then by orders of the fuel administration.

No customers were in the store when the robbers entered. W. R. Grainger, the manager, quickly was overcome, beaten and dragged into a back room. The robbers escaped with cash, diamonds and other jewelry.

The alarm was sounded by Grainger. When the detectives reached the store he was bleeding profusely from a cut on his head. He said he had released himself a few minutes after he regained consciousness.

# PLANK AND PRATT ARE TRADED TO YANKEES

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 22.—Eddie Plank, veteran pitcher, and Derrill Pratt, second baseman, were traded to the New York Yankees by the St. Louis Americans today for five players and cash.

The New York club gave in exchange Pitchers Shocker and Callop, Catcher Nunamaker and Infielders Malsel and Binkley.

The trade was not announced until after the close of the cash consideration was not stated.

# WOULD USE SEA WATER IN MAKING BREAD

PARIS, Jan. 5 (By Mail).—French chemists are advocating the use of sea water in the making of bread. This would not only save the transportation of salt, it is urged, but would add materially to the healthful properties of the bread, owing to the fact that sea water contains besides salt, a valuable percentage of magnesium and calcium. Ocean water is already being used in the breadmaking at Cherbourg, and the bread has gained a considerable reputation as a diet in various complaints.

**LOWELL INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS**

1829-1918

INTEREST BEGINS FEBRUARY 2

18 SHATTUCK ST.

ter at Constantinople that Bliss college there opened for the winter term with a full attendance of 715 pupils including many sons of Turkish officials. Djemal Pasha, Turkish minister of marine, visited the college recently and complimented the teachers on their work. The Dutton girls college also has resumed with 250 pupils. The Swedish minister and his wife visited the United States gunboat Scorpion which has been interned at Constantinople since last April on Christmas day and found all aboard well.

# THREE MEMBERS OF CREW OF FRENCH SHIP HELD

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—Three members of the crew of a French ship at anchor in the Delaware river were brought to the federal building here from Wilmington, Del., today and will be questioned by agents of the department of justice. They are Frank Verstraeten, Cornelius Jansen and Victor Divier, all claiming to be Belgians. They were taken off their vessel in compliance with the president's proclamation forbidding enemy aliens aboard vessels in American ports.

# BATES AGAIN HEAD OF LORD'S DAY LEAGUE

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Former Gov. John L. Bates was re-elected president of the Lord's Day League of New England, at the annual meeting here today. Other officers, all of whom were re-elected, include: Governor Carl E. Milliken of Maine, Bishop Edward M. Parker of Concord, N. H., and Bishop J. de W. Ferry of Providence. The vice presidents, Rev. Martin D. Kneeland of Boston, general secretary.

The annual reports of officers called attention to the danger of legislation permitting Sunday work because of the difficulty of discriminating between war emergency work and that which is not imperative.

# FOR FEDERAL CONTROL OF ALL PACKING PLANTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The demand of Chicago packing house employees for government control of the meat industry during the war was broadened today to include all the packing plants of the United States.

It was made clear at the outset of hearings before the president's mediation commission that the employees believed the question to be one of national necessity.

# GOOD SALE OF THRIFT AND WAR SAVING STAMPS IN LOWELL

Lowell is responding to the invitation of Uncle Sam to purchase thrift stamps and war saving stamps in a fairly encouraging manner but not as enthusiastically as she might, according to Postmaster McLean.

It is the opinion of the postmaster that Lowell people have not yet come to understand the real purpose of the stamps and as soon as the desires of the government are brought home to them they will respond.

The mills have been fairly doing their part, said Mr. McLean this morning. And a number of the department stores have co-operated. Others should co-operate because the project can be made a success only through such action. I have sent letters to every department store manager, every school principal and to the pastor of every church in Lowell, explaining the purpose of the stamps and asking for their co-operation. I have spoken with a member of the school board and the superintendent of schools and I hope that they will see the necessity of the schools' co-operation.

To show what the schools can do the postmaster said that last week a thrift stamp campaign was waged in the schools of Nashua and more than \$14,000 was raised. Rev. Joseph Kennedy, the newly appointed pastor of the First Presbyterian church, has responded to the postmaster's request for co-operation and presented the "patriotic mode of service" to his congregation last Sunday.

The sales of the stamps at the post office and its sub-stations including the local mills but not the banks amounted as follows during the whole of the month of December and the month of January to date, Dec., \$2,253.32; Jan., \$5,647.22.

# TRIAL OF MALVY CASE

PALIS, Jan. 22.—The French senate was acting as a high court, has decided that the Malvy case was not opened at the first session of the high court; the senators who were not present will not be excluded if they attend the session next Monday. Senators are expected to demand that the high court be declared incompetent and to maintain that M. Malvy should be sent before the court of assizes to be tried on charges of treasonable intercourse with the enemy.



## STONE STARTS ROW BY ATTACK ON T. R. ROOSEVELT'S LIFE BECAUSE KAISER DIDN'T DIE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Smouldering fires of partisanship were set ablaze in the senate yesterday by Senator Stone, republican democrat, with a long prepared speech, accusing republicans of playing politics in their criticisms of the government's conduct of the war and calling Theodore Roosevelt "the most seditious man of consequence in America."

There had been plenty of advance notice of the speech, which administration leaders sought vainly to induce the Missouri senator to abandon or postpone.

The senate galleries were crowded and republican spokesmen were waiting with replies.

There were many sharp interruptions during the two hours Senator Stone was speaking, and when he ceased Senators Penrose, Lodge, New and others on the republican side answered with vigorous defense of their right to make proper criticism of inefficiency and with counter-charges of partisanship.

**Many Senators Plan Replies**

Senators Lewis, Kirby and other democrats joined in the fray, which lasted until the session ended last night with adjournment until Thursday.

It was suggested in the lobbies that the two-day recess was arranged in the hope that both sides would cool off and permit the controversy to be dropped.

Many senators who did not take the floor yesterday were busy with notes, however, and doubt is generally expressed that another outbreak can be prevented. Senator Johnson of California was particularly busy with his pen and when Senator Stone attacked Col. Roosevelt.

In spite of the vigorous language used by the debaters, much of the time during yesterday's battle the galleries and floor were in a state of comparative calm. The speaker's sallies would set the chamber into a titter when the discussion was taking its serious turn.

**Stone Vehement as Usual**

Senator Stone delivered his attack in characteristically vehement fashion. He strode the middle aisle, shouting, menacing with clenched fist or wagging finger at his political opponents on the other side.

Senator Penrose in his reply conceded his desire to oust the democrats from control of the government, declaring a more efficient administration would be thus secured.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts spoke more seriously. He deplored injection of politics into the war, defended Col. Roosevelt, declared that the republicans have given and will continue to give their support to the administration towards winning the war, but will continue criticisms of mistakes and inefficiency.

**Expect Another Outbreak**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Indications today were that partisan debate in the senate, precipitated by Senator Stone's attack on the republicans and Theodore Roosevelt, would break out again on Thursday.

Two-day adjournment was arranged late yesterday in the hope that both sides would cool off and permit the controversy to drop, but many senators probably will insist on being heard.

**TURKISH SHIPS BLOWN UP BY MINES**

LONDON, Jan. 22.—One hundred and seventy-two men of the Turkish cruiser Adidulu, formerly the German Breslau, were rescued after the action between British and Turkish forces at the entrance to the Dardanelles in which the Adidulu was sunk. It was officially announced last night.

Of the total of 310 men on the British monitor Raglan and the small monitor M-28, lost in the action, there are at present reported 132 survivors, the announcement states.

Both the Breslau and the cruiser Sultan Selim, the former German Goeben, the other Turkish vessel engaged, were mined, the statement adds. The Goeben is now being continuously bombed by British aircraft in the narrow waters of the straits, where she stranded after she hit the mine.

The Goeben and the Breslau, the statement explains, had emerged from the Dardanelles on Sunday morning to attack British naval forces north of the Island of Imbros. After the Raglan and the small monitor had been sunk the Breslau was forced into a British mine field.

The Goeben headed at full speed toward the Dardanelles, striking a mine near the entrance.

Turkish destroyers coming to the assistance of the Breslau were engaged by British destroyers and driven off.

**3 SHIPS IN CONVOY SUNK—NO LIVES LOST**

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Authentic news of the sinking at midnight of three large steamers, one of them an American freighter, while a monitor of which they were a part was passing a lighthouse on the Mediterranean Spanish coast last month, was received in shipping circles here yesterday from Spain. Owing to proximity of the shore and a calm sea no lives were lost. The names of the ships were withheld.

The American ship was second in the convoy. As the leading vessel came into line between the lighthouse and the spot where the submarine lurked, obliterating probably by the beams from the light, the torpedo which sank her was fired, before the American vessel could shift her course. She, too, crossed the beams from the light and was in turn fired upon, the torpedo hitting her amidships. In a few minutes the crew of the American vessel, while launching their boats, heard the explosion of the third torpedo, which sent to the bottom the ship immediately astern of her.

So near the shore did the sinkings occur that the inhabitants of a small Spanish village near the lighthouse were awakened by the explosions. They hurried to the beach and gave aid to the crews when they landed from the lifeboats.

**Don't need much milk on this corn food says Doc**

**POST TOASTIES**

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**POST TOASTIES**

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 22.—Having prophesied that the Kaiser would die on Jan. 18, Lombardus Muller, a retired sea captain, killed himself by shooting here today. He left a note which read:

"I have been a false prophet, therefore I have sinned against God."

**SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL**

At a recent meeting of the members of St. Theresa council, L. St. J. B. d'A., which was held in Grafton hall the following officers were inducted into office for the ensuing year: President, Miss Lucia S. Carufel; vice president, Mrs. Clara H. Morier; assistant secretary, Miss Lena J. Roy; treasurer, Miss Maria Anne Savard; precentor, Miss Anna Carriere; mistress of ceremonies, Miss Anna St. Amand; chief marshals, Misses Helena Rochette and Elise Germain; honorary president, Miss Albee Pland; spiritual director, Rev. J. E. A. Paré, O.M.I., of Notre Dame de Lourdes parish.

The annual election and installation of officers for the St. Theresa council took place last evening with the following result: President, Lorette Gagnon; vice president, David Levesque; financial secretary, Arthur Rochette; recording secretary, Z. Chaboussier; treasurer, Ernest Chaboussier; directors, Philias Rochette, Clara Velleille, Maxime Marcel and Omer Rochette.

**MATRIMONIAL**

John T. Turcotte and Mrs. Emma Touzin were married yesterday at St. Jean Baptist church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Antoine Amyot, O.M.I. Joseph Turcotte, brother of the groom, acted as best man, while the bridesmaid was a sister of the bride, Miss Marie Bisson. The couple will make their home at 31 Hanover street.

**Trudel-Chevalier**

Donat Trudel and Miss Marie Clara Chevalier were married Sunday at Notre Dame de Lourdes church by the pastor, Rev. Leon Lamotte, O.M.I. The witnesses were Alfred Trudel and Louis Chevalier.

**COTTON WEAVERS' UNION**

A largely attended meeting of the Cotton Weavers' union was held last evening in Grafton hall. The speakers being: Commissioner, Frank A. Warnock, Miss Mary J. Kelleher, John Hanley and Frank J. Mullen.

**DRAFT MEN BETWEEN 18 AND 62**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Authority for the president to order the registration and drafting of all men between 18 and 62 to be used in the conduct of industries necessary for the war, was provided in a bill introduced yesterday by Senator McCumber and referred to the military committee.

**PERSHING SAYS DENIALS BY MISS PATTON AND HER FATHER SHOULD SETTLE REPORT**

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Gen. Pershing with reference to a report in Excelsior of his engagement to Miss Anita Patton, says that as it has been denied by the young lady's father and by the young lady herself in the newspapers, any comment from himself would be unnecessary.

**CHAIN OF GREENHOUSES OWNED BY VINCENT ASTOR ORDERED CLOSED**

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 22.—Wealthy summer residents of this city, who have depended upon the greenhouses here to keep them supplied with flowers in the winter, will have to patronize the florists in their home cities until the coal shortage is ended. Local fuel authorities have ordered the closing of the chain of greenhouses owned by Vincent Astor, Arthur Curtiss James, who has a large plant under glass, has shut it down with the exception of one small house and arranged for the distribution of a large pile of coal to the other greenhouses. Several other greenhouses have been allowed to become cold, and it is expected that the movement will become general.

Fuel officials have seized the cargo of coal consigned to the Newport house of Edward J. Berwind of New York, president of several coal companies. The coal was diverted to a local coal company, which was ordered to deliver two and a half tons to Mr. Berwind's residence and to limit each future delivery to that amount. The cargo of the cargo will be distributed among the company's customers.

**TO CONFER ON FURTHER CHANGES IN STYLES FOR WOMEN'S SHOES**

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Representatives of the New England shoe trade will confer with members of the Common council on Monday in New York tomorrow regarding further changes in styles for women's shoes for fall, with a view to conserving leather. While the board recommended a maximum length for women's boots, the shoe store stood out for eight and a half inches, and accepted the suggestion that colors be limited and unnecessary embellishments eliminated.

Aside from the standard black, without patent leather accents, the plan now is to have tans and grays, with two shades each. While there will be light and dark tans, dealers said agreement as to grays was more difficult because of the habit of having tanners produce colors that would come nearest the standard specified by the board. At conferences here dealers agreed that cloth tops would be popular, as this method of manufacture would result in a great saving of leather.

**WILL MAKE "COME BACK"**

Continued

was almost routine in its manner. A number of the mills and factories were running as usual but those who had not been specifically exempted kept their gates closed tight. Numerous hours which will be a general resumption of industrial activity.

The John F. Meyer Thread Co. factory in Middlesex street opened this morning as it received word yesterday that it might resume operations owing to the fact that it is doing government work. An official of the company reported "all hands on deck" when the factory resumed activity this morning.

This afternoon the theatres were closed light and there will be nothing doing this evening either. The various managers reported said-out houses yesterday and this fact combined with the changing of regular hourly prices should alleviate to some extent the damage done to the box office receipts by today's shutdown.

The local fuel committee has outlined a schedule of opening and closing hours which will apply to various local stores, offices, etc. most of which have been noted in The Sun previously. In a local morning paper it was stated that barbers should open at 9 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 23.

Barber shops will be open at 9 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 23, according to the schedule. They are to close at 7 p.m. on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings and not later than 10 p.m. on Saturday evenings.

Other innovations in the schedule in-



# The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

Favored Models in Coats, Suits, Dresses and Waists  
AT GREAT REDUCTIONS

All Are This Season's Styles—All Are First Quality Goods—Marked At Prices For Quick Clearance.

SPECIALS IN  
**COATS \$12.95**  
\$18.00, \$20.00 and \$22.50 Value

SPECIAL  
**Broadcloth Suits \$12.95**  
\$25.00 and \$27.50 Suits  
In Navy, Brown, Green and Taupe.

Other Big Values in Suits  
\$39.50 and \$42.50 Suits.....\$19.50  
\$39.50 and \$42.50 Suits.....\$25.00  
\$47.50 and \$50.00 Suits.....\$35.00



Other Big Reductions in  
**COATS**  
\$25 to \$32.50 Coats.....\$18.50  
\$35 to \$39.50 Coats.....\$25.00  
\$42.50 to \$45 Coats.....\$29.50

SPECIAL  
**Silk Dresses \$9.95**  
\$14.95 to \$16.95 Dresses  
Other Big Values In  
Dresses  
\$20.00 and \$22.50 Dresses.....\$14.95  
New Taffeta Dresses.....\$14.95  
\$25.00 Silk Dresses.....\$19.50  
\$50 and \$32.50 Silk Dresses, \$25.00



STORE OPEN  
TONIGHT  
UNTIL 9

\$1.98 and \$2.98 SILK  
AND LINGERIE WAISTS  
Odd Waists, good styles,  
in lace, crepe de chine  
and fine voiles.

**WAISTS \$1.49**

Also a complete line  
of New Georgette and  
Wash Satin Waists,  
\$4.98, \$5.98 to \$12.98

**STORE HOURS UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE**  
Tuesdays.....9 a. m. to 9 p. m.  
Wednesdays.....9 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Thurs. and Fri.....9 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Saturdays.....9 a. m. to 10 p. m.



A large number of people, especially automobile enthusiasts, were attracted to the Casino in Thorndike street last night, the occasion being the opening of the new make of automobile exhibited under the auspices of the Lowell retail automobile dealers. Mayor Perry D. Thompson formally opened the show and during the evening Ribbard's orchestra discoursed pleasing musical selections.

The interior of the building is a hodgepodge of beauty, in such an artistic and patriotic manner. The United States and allies are represented in the color plan. The stage has a background of rich bunting and from the proscenium are hung streamers of red, white and blue, with the field of stars in each. About the walls and pillars are the national colors in the form of medallions, these being set off by a color scheme of lavender and white.

Lattice work covers the ceiling, foliage and flowers clinging here and there to the lattice.

There are 40 cars in the exhibit, representing every make of automobile carried by the local automobile dealers. The prices vary, the style of cars vary greatly as does the equipment. Owing to a delay of freight trains several cars which were to have been on exhibition did not arrive, but it is expected they will be on hand tomorrow.

The exhibition opened at eight o'clock last night and came to a close at ten o'clock, but during the remainder of the week the show will be open from ten o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock at night.

There was the usual enthusiasm displayed by the various dealers for the honor of making the first sale in the hall and one of the first to be made was by M. S. Peludel, local distributor of the Overland, Willys-Knight and Willys motor cars.

Members of the fuel committee are certainly doing their bit at the present time. In addition to the multiple duties bestowed upon them by the opening and closing rules, the members have in addition their original work of keeping tabs on the local coal supply. A report of the local situation was forwarded to Administrator Searrow last evening and brief facts concerning Lowell's coal supply at present:

Soft coal now on hand among the principal industries 23,350 tons.

Soft coal held by the dealers 4900 tons.

Hard coal held by the dealers 4900 tons.

The monthly consumption of the principal industries is 20,000 tons, indicating by comparing this with the amount in hand, that the Lowell big

**THE HIT OF THE SHOW—WILL-HOLL**

A MOST PRACTICAL  
**TRUCK ATTACHMENT FOR FORDS \$185**  
(ATTACHED)

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF TO INVESTIGATE THE ADVANTAGES AND MERITS OF THE WILL-HOLL

PENNSYLVANIA GASOLINE CO.,  
411 Wyman's Exchange

**POWER TO FIX PRICES OF WAR ESSENTIALS**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—An administration bill giving President Wilson broad powers to fix prices of food and other commodities essential to the government's war preparations or for domestic consumption was in the hands of Chairman Lever of the agricultural committee today for introduction in the house.

The measure was given to Chairman Lever yesterday at the White House. Chairman Lever said today he probably would postpone introduction of the bill for several days because of the present tension in congress and opposition which the board price-fixing powers sought by the president are virtually certain to engender. He did not appear optimistic over prompt passage of the bill as requested by the president and believed it would evoke a long, determined contest in congress.

**MEMBERS OF CANADIAN FISHERIES MISSION CALL ON PRES. WILSON**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Discussions of the American and Canadian fisheries missions were interrupted today for a call on President Wilson. Secretary Radford introduced the Canadians, who are headed by Chief Justice Hazen.

**INTENT TO MURDER**

Continued

Barbogiannis identified Kazannis as the man who shot him, but Kazannis said he did the shooting in self-defense.

The shooting attracted a large number of people inasmuch as there were hundreds of people in the vicinity at the time owing to the shutdown of the mills yesterday, and the altercation caused considerable excitement among the residents of that section.

Although the victim was in a very weak condition when brought to the hospital, he was able to tell his story, which was to the effect that the pair had been in front of a coffee house at 412 Market street in the morning and, according to Barbogiannis, where there was an argument and the pair clinched.

Yesterday afternoon they met near Kazannis store in Malden lane and according to his statement he raised his hand to push the other fellow away, when the jeweler pulled the gun without warning and fired twice. On the other hand, Kazannis says that he did the act in self-defense as Barbogiannis was ready to strike him with a knife when the gun went off.

In the meantime a crowd had gathered, the ambulance was sent for and the police patrol, filled with men, was dispatched to the scene. But Kazannis was gone and so was the gun.

After the shooting, Kazannis, with the smoking revolver still in his hand, ran through Dummer street, into Little and from there to Broadway and turned into Suffolk street where James Reynolds, who was in a big automobile, gave chase. He was rapidly overtaking the man when Kazannis turned and pointed the revolver at him. Reynolds checked the speed of his car and at most immediately afterwards one of the tires on the machine burst with a loud report.

Kazannis continued through Suffolk street and then turned into an alleyway which brought him into Lagrange street. He then made his way through

**The Government Requires That We Take Our Inventory Jan. 31st**

**The Balance of Our WINTER GARMENTS**

AT SENSATIONAL PRICES TO SELL THEM BEFORE STOCK-TAKING SALE COMMENCES

**WEDNESDAY, JAN. 23**

**At 9.30 A. M.**

Seven Days of Unprecedented Values.

Don't Delay. Come to This Economy Sale.

**CHERRY & WEBB**

12-18 JOHN STREET

Lowell, Tuesday, Jan. 22, 1918

## EMBARGOES ONLY LOCAL. SAYS M'ADOO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Embargoes, which have been put into effect against the acceptance of new freight by several railroads, were declared last night by Director General McAdoo to be entirely local in character and not indicative of any proposed general prohibition against shipment of goods other than fuel, food and war supplies.

"Local questions are entirely in the hands of the divisional representatives of the railroad administration," he said, "and doubtless they took action because of temporary conditions at certain initial points, which do not exist generally."

The Bethlehem Steel company protested vigorously during the day because of inability to move steel. Coal was given preference. The steel had to wait.

Below zero temperature, resulting in a shortage of labor and damage to equipment, caused a serious setback this morning in the work of clearing the congested weather in the afternoon. A hopeful report was made by A. N. Smith, director of eastern roads. Accumulation of freight held out for New York continued to show reduction and improved harbor conditions facilitated the bunkering of ships.

"We are concentrating on getting supplies to the mines and movement of coal out," said Mr. Smith's report; "also movement of foodstuffs east of Chicago, which must be kept up."

31 Below in Pennsylvania

Anthracite coal-producing regions

## Dandruff Scalps Lead to Baldness

If you have dandruff you must get rid of it quick—it's positively dangerous and will surely ruin your hair if you don't.

Dandruff heads mean faded, brittle, gray, scraggly hair that finally dies and falls out—new hair will not grow—then you are bald and nothing can help you.

The only sure way to abolish dandruff for good is to destroy the germ that causes it. To do this quickly, surely and safely, and at little expense, there is nothing so effective as Parisian sage, which you can get from good druggists everywhere. It is guaranteed to banish every sign of dandruff, stop itching scalp and falling hair, and promote a new growth, or the cost, small as it is, will be refunded.

Parisian sage is a scientific preparation that supplies all hair needs—an antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy, easy to apply, and delicately perfumed.

If you want beautiful, soft, thick, lustrous hair, and lots of it, you must use Parisian sage. Don't delay—begin tonight—a little attention now insures abundant hair for years to come.

Note: Parisian sage positively will not color or streak the hair.

## FAMILY DOCTOR'S GOOD ADVICE

### To Go On Taking "Fruit-a-lives" Because They Did Her Good

Rochester, Jan. 14th, 1915.

"I suffered for many years with terrible indigestion and constipation. I had frequent dizzy spells and became greatly run down. A neighbor advised me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. I did so and to the surprise of my doctor, I began to improve, and he advised me to go on with 'Fruit-a-lives'."

I consider that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-lives' and I want to say to those who suffer from indigestion, constipation or headaches—try Fruit-a-lives and you will get well!—CORINE GAUDREAU.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

were said to be still affected by the freezing. Improvement is expected only through higher temperatures.

At the beginning of the day the railroad administration had to compete with blizzard conditions which recalled the unparalleled weather of several days ago. The temperature was 31 degrees below zero in sections of Pennsylvania, 26 below in northern New York, and 15 below in Ohio.

Congested terminals, shortage of power and lack of efficient labor were recorded in a special car-supply report made today by Commissioner McChord. One item of cheer was the statement that at several yards the number of "bad order" cars was decreasing.

At the Conover yard of the Pennsylvania railroad 34 trains were reported delayed from two to seven days each for lack of motive power.

At the Pittsford yard of the Pennsylvania 57 trains were ready Jan. 18 to go east and 18 were ready to go west, but all were held waiting for power. Some of them had been ready since Jan. 2, the report said. It was said that locomotives were delayed at the Pittsford yard for "material, supplies, lack of competent help and poor coaling facilities."

Short of Men and Locomotives

Only 64 per cent of the empties requested by mines in the vicinity of the Pennsylvania's Schuylkill yards were supplied, and eastbound cars, already loaded, were at the mines Jan. 17 because there were no locomotives to move them. Some idea of the labor shortage was given in the figures for this yard, showing that there were only 333 men working in the shops Jan. 17 and but 413 on the rolls, although the normal force is 500.

The general condition of power was reported bad at the Pittsburg yards of the Baltimore & Ohio, yard power being

ing 50 per cent below normal. This also was ascribed to lack of efficient help.

## MAN KILLED WHERE HE LOST LEG 12 YEARS AGO

RICHMOND, Me., Jan. 22.—Lewis C. Honaker, 31, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Honaker, was instantly killed last evening when he slipped on the ice and fell beneath the locomotive of westbound freight 325, on the Maine Central railroad. The accident occurred between the White street and Main street crossings.

Mr. Honaker was walking on the track and when he heard the train began to run. He was impelled by a wooden leg, having lost his right leg by being run over by a Maine Central train near the same place 12 years ago.

The train was held for two hours at the Pleasant street crossing while the tender was being jacked up to permit the removal of the body.

Medical Examiner L. T. Snipe of Bath will conduct an investigation this morning.

Mr. Honaker was born in Richmond. He had been employed in a local shoe factory. Besides his parents he is survived by four sisters, Mrs. Alice, Mrs. Zora and Elizabeth, and two brothers, Charles and Clarence.

## GEN. CROWDER ASKS MAJ. VOL. COY FOR 25 ACCOUNTANTS FROM DRAFT LISTS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Maj. Roger Wolcott, United States officer in charge of the draft in Massachusetts, has been requested by the provost marshal general to furnish 25 well qualified public accountants for service in the finance department, engineering division, aviation section of the Signal corps.

The men will be ordered to New York Monday, Feb. 4.

Gen. Crowder has telegraphed that there is urgent need of cost accountants, and Adj. Gen. Stephens has telegraphed the local draft boards to notify him immediately of the number of accountants in class one of the draft.

Adj. Gen. Stephens has received from Gen. Crowder also a long telegram setting forth the conditions under which appeals from the decisions of the district draft boards may be made to the president of the United States. The important provision is that:

"Appeals to the president cannot be entertained except where it affirmatively appears upon the duplicate copy sheet forwarded with record and there has been at least one dissenting vote in the district board, and except also when the record is accompanied by recommendation or statement."

## COAL TAKEN FROM CHURCH IN SALEM

SALEM, Jan. 22.—Appeals for coal by rich and poor, with ability on the part of the authorities to furnish only a limited amount to a family, make certain that vessels and trains consigned to this city arrive soon, a fuel famine will confront the people.

Yesterday 20 tons of coal were taken from the basement of the Tabernacle Congregational church by the fuel committee. This is being distributed in 500-pound lots to families entirely out of fuel.

With the exception of a few cords of wood cut by the municipal shade tree department, planned for distribution to citizens, no wood is obtainable in this city.

At the office of the most extensive fuel distributor last evening after noon, appeals were made by families for wood by the bushel, but no order could be filled. Never was the fuel situation here more critical.

Large loads of anthracite due to have arrived at this port several days ago have not been reported as yet. This is variously attributed to weather conditions and to a belief that cargoes meant for Salem have been commandeered for use at places south of Cape Cod.

It was learned from authoritative sources early this evening that there is no favorable outlook of securing enough hard coal the remainder of this winter to supply demands. Families heating their homes by furnace or steam will be compelled to use bituminous coal, provided it can be secured. The demand for coke is greater than the supply.

A carload of soft coal arrived today for the power plant of the street railroad company. This amount is sufficient for 40 hours. Unless more arrives, the plant will be forced to suspend by tomorrow evening and running cars on all divisions stopped.

The local fuel committee in view of the possible famine appeals to individuals with surplus coal in their bins to make offers of sale, that supplies may be secured for families known to be on the verge of suffering. Business at most of the industrial plants was suspended yesterday, the exception being establishments filling war contracts.

## GERMAN PLOT TO DAMAGE MAINE LOCOMOTIVES

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 22.—Pres. Percy R. Todd of the Bangor & Aroostook railroad has issued a general announcement to all employees urging the greatest watchfulness against German spies or sympathizers in and about the roundhouses and shops of the company.

Pres. Todd says that two attempts have been made to disable locomotives under such circumstances as indicate that the perpetrators were employees or acting as such. Every employee is urged to report the slightest suspicious circumstance.

## WOMEN MAKE PROTEST AGAINST DARK STREETS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—A volume of protest has arisen in Cambridge over the shutting off of the electric street lights and synchronizing them with the phasing of the moon. Not the least of the protest is heard among police officers, though most of it is heard from women who are forced to pass through unlighted streets to their homes.

The police officers declare that the dark streets offer a tempting opportunity to snatch-purses and snarl-thieves, who, having grabbed a woman's handbag, could easily make off through the unlighted streets. Also, they say, they are kept busy recortelling women and

# A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Very limited quantities in the following items from the four departments which are prominent in the next Clearances.

Only Two Days of Selling at These Almost Unprecedented Prices

## Ladies' Gloves

Ladies' Knit Gloves in black; value 29c. Clearance sale price 19c a Pair

Ladies' Gloves in capes and 2-clasps, in white; value 50c. Clearance sale price 39c a Pair

Odd Lot of Ladies' Gloves in silk and fabrics; values to 70c. Clearance sale price 39c a Pair

Odd Lot of Ladies' Gloves in fabrics and wools; values to 50c. Clearance sale price 25c a Pair

Ladies' Gloves in capes and real kid, in white and colors; values to \$2.00. Clearance sale price \$1.00 a Pair

Ladies' Gloves in capes and real kid, mostly black and white; values to \$2.50. Clearance sale price \$1.29 a Pair

Children's Knit Gloves, in black and oxfords; value 50c. Clearance sale price 39c a Pair

West Section North Aisle



## January Clearance Sale of MILLINERY At Irresistibly Low Prices

Trimmed Hats, regular price \$4.98 to \$7.50. Clearance sale price \$2.00 Each

Untrimmed Hats, regular price \$1.69 to \$2.98. Clearance sale price \$1.00 Each

Untrimmed Velvet Hats, regular price 79c and 98c. Clearance sale price 25c Each

Children's Ready-to-Wear Hats, regular price 59c and 98c. Clearance sale price 25c Each

Fancy Feathers and Flowers, right out of our regular stock, at just half price, ranging from 25c Up

One Lot of Ostrich Plumes, regular price \$1.98 to \$2.98. Clearance sale price \$1.00 Each

One Lot of Ostrich Plumes, regular price \$2.98 and \$4.98. Clearance sale price \$2.00 Each

Palmer Street Centre Aisle

## Sheets and Pillow Cases

The balance of our stock of manufacturers' seconds, subject to slight stains or broken selvages, including some of the best brands of cotton, to be cleaned up at less than one-third (1-3) the actual value today.

### SHEETS

One Lot Cot Size Sheets (54x90), very good cotton; the cheapest sheet in this lot worth today \$1.25. Clearance sale price 59c Each

One Lot Single Size Sheets (63x90), made with three and one-inch hems; some of the finest grade cotton in the lot. Clearance sale price 69c Each

One Lot Three-Quarter Size Sheets (72x90), or might be used for full size beds; excellent grades of cotton, some worth \$1.50. Clearance sale price 79c Each

### PILLOW CASES

One lot good heavy quality Pillow Cases, in various sizes, but subject to slight manufacturers' imperfections. Clearance sale price 12 1/2c Each

One Lot Tubing Pillow Cases in the following sizes: 36, 40, 42 and 45x28 1/2 inches (Continental Brand Tubing), well made, with one-inch hem. Clearance sale price 25c Each

Palmer Street End Centre Aisle

## Linings

Presenting money-saving opportunities for home dressmakers to pick up some small quantities of real good linings at low prices.

A lot of Fancy Linings in stripes and figures, 36 inches wide; regular price 45c. Clearance sale price 35c a Yard

A lot of Mercerized Satin in orange, gray, white, green, gold and light blue, 36 inches wide. Clearance sale price 30c a Yard

A lot of Mercerized Satin in heliotrope, dark blue, brown and yellow, 36 inches wide. Clearance sale price 39c a Yard

A lot of Mercerized Satin, dark blue, gray and light lavender, 36 inches wide; regular price 50c. Clearance sale price 45c a Yard

A lot of 42c Hair Cloth in gray or black. Clearance sale price 25c a Yard

A lot of 25c Hair Cloth, 16 inches wide, black only. Clearance sale price 19c a Yard

A lot of Linen Grass Cloth, slightly imperfect, 28 inches wide; the 25c grade. Clearance sale price 12 1/2c a Yard

A lot of Khaki Cambric, 21 inches wide; 12 1/2c grade. Clearance sale price 10c a Yard

A lot of Linen Canvas, cream and natural shades of the 45c grade. Clearance sale price 35c a Yard

Palmer Street Right Aisle

# A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

STORE OPENS TODAY AT 9 A. M., CLOSES AT 9 P. M.

## Special Sale Today

\$2.00 PAIRS OF NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, in Arabian and cream, only \$1.00

(200 PAIRS ONLY)

Curtain Dept.

Second Floor

## The Great Underpriced Basement

### READY-TO-WEAR SECTION

(MERRIMACK STREET)

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Made of fine chambray and fancy plaid ginghams, in a large assortment of new styles. These are odd lots in sizes 6 to 11 years; worth 75c and \$1.00, only 50c Each

FLANNELETTE KIMONOS—Ladies' Kimonos, made of heavy flannelette, in large assortment of new patterns, nicely trimmed; regular \$1.50 value, only \$1.00 Each

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS—Skirts made in large variety of new models, of all wool blue and black serge; regular \$4.00 value, only \$2.50 Each

### MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

(PALMER STREET)

MEN'S UNION SUITS—Heavy fleece lined and wool finish, a full assortment of sizes; regular \$2.00 value, only \$1.50 a Suit

ARMY WOOL HOSE—Men's heavy wool hose, in white, gray and brown; regular 75c value, only 59c a Pair

### DRY GOODS SECTION

(PALMER STREET)

SPECIAL SALE OF HIGH GRADE COTTON FABRICS—Worth 39c yard, only 25c Yard

Only 125 pieces of Mercerized Cotton Dress Goods, in plain and fancy colors.

## INSURANCE FOR UNCLE SAM'S FIGHTERS

The treasury department is making every effort to have every member of America's fighting forces take advantage of the government-insurance plan, which Secretary McAdoo asserts to be "the most just and humane provision ever made by any nation for its soldiers and sailors."

The purpose is rapidly being achieved. The insurance having passed the third billion mark in the total of policies written, and there are many military units in which every member has taken insurance.

The automatic insurance provided by the law is only partial and limited protection, payable only to wife, child, or widowed mother and ceases after February 12, 1918. It is important, therefore, not only to the soldiers and sailors of the country but to their families and dependents, that before that date they avail themselves of the full government protection, which can be as high as \$10,000 and is payable to a wife, husband, child, grandchild, parent, brother, or sister.

The law also provides for the re-education and rehabilitation of the totally disabled and monthly compensation to those disabled.

## GARFIELD WILL NOT REDUCE HOLIDAYS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Two of the chief accomplishments sought by the government in closing down industry by cutting off fuel supplies have been achieved. Fuel Administrator Garfield announced last night.

Homes throughout the east, he said, are receiving coal in larger quantities than has been reported for weeks and tanker coal again is moving to the

seaboard in sufficient volume to supply trans-Atlantic shipping.

A third aim—the clearing of railroad congestion—has not been attained as yet, largely, Dr. Garfield declared, because of unusual weather conditions.

The first of the ten Monday holidays was observed generally yesterday and business everywhere in the east was at a standstill.

Reports last night told of a few violations of the order and said that thousands of establishments were closed even though they had a technical right to remain open.

There will be ten heatless Mondays, Dr. Garfield said last night, despite pressure to have their number reduced.

## DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister.

Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



## Bevo

—the home drink

Besides its popularity at drug stores, fountains and restaurants, Bevo has found a welcome place in the home. A family beverage—a guest offering—a table drink that goes perfectly with all food.

As a suggestion for Sunday supper—Sweet rad or green peppers stuffed with cream cheese and chopped nuts or olives, served on lettuce leaves. French dressing. Cold meat. Toasted crackers. Bevo for everyone. A beverage that tastes like no other soft drink.

Bevo—the all-year-round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by

ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS









## PREDICTS END OF WAR THIS YEAR

John Masfield, the British Poet and Writer, Now in Boston

Looks for Cleaner, Surer and More Democratic World After War

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—A cleaner, surer, infinitely more democratic world, a world healthily romantic, but intolerant of the unreal and superficial, will emerge at the end of the great war, according to John Masfield, the British poet and war writer, who is in Boston to lecture on the conditions in Europe. He believes the war will end this year.

Mr. Masfield enlisted in the Red Cross at the beginning of the war, being rejected as physically unfit for military service. After working in France for a time he was sent to Gallipoli, but was soon invalided home. Since then he has been at work on the official history of the battle of the Somme.

"The war has knocked lots of nonsense clean out of the world," said Mr. Masfield. "Superficial things have been swept away. England is a different England today. It isn't the England you knew before the war. For one thing, everyone is much more democratic. Everyone seems to realize that we're all in the same boat and that each must do his share."

"Then, too, the army is becoming very democratic. Men are being promoted from the ranks as they never were before. Why, I was talking to a general one day and he told me that the very best and bravest officer on his staff had been a hairdresser before the war and the next best a linen draper. Somehow you don't expect heroism in a hairdresser. But there you have it."

### Generosity in the Trenches

"It is bringing out splendid traits in the ordinary man. There has never been more generosity and unselfishness than in the trenches. Don't think war spiritualizes men as some people seem to think. As the common phrase at home has it, 'It's dull, dirty, dangerous.'"

"It isn't very nice to go over and stick bayonets into people and shoot them and blow them up with bombs. It's brutalizing. People who get accustomed to death and dead bodies can't help valuing life less and you must get accustomed to it or you would go mad."

"All that is going to mean political changes after the war. When these men who have been fighting and working want a thing they are going to have it without much waiting. They've been trained not to stop at obstacles. I believe that at the end of the war the labor party will be benched with the liberal party and the combination will be the dominating power in England."

### Changes in Literature

"Poetry will be different after the war. In fact, all literature and all art will be changed. Just now everyone is too absorbed in the war to produce anything. The only poetry is

## Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative

is an ideal remedy for constipation. It is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that acts in an easy, natural manner, and is as safe for children as it is positively effective on the strongest constitution.

Sold in Drug Stores Everywhere  
50 cts. (two sizes) \$1.00

A trial bottle can be obtained, free of charge, by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 457 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois

war poetry, written partly in the trenches and partly by wounded soldiers.

"I think that all literature, poetry especially, will be romantic after the war. People are so 'fed' with the war with horrors that they will want something to divert their minds. They will want color, passion, excitement, real romance, adventure, stories of the sea, of wild countries, great loves, even great hates perhaps, but not stories of war."

"Don't you remember how, after the Napoleonic wars, people turned to romantic poems and stories—Scott, Dumas, etc? That is what I believe will happen after this war is over."

### Predicts Peace This Year

Literature was obviously a favored subject with Mr. Masfield, who reviewed some of his early days in New York. Returning to his main topic, he observed: "The war will end this year. I think Germany will realize that she had better give up Belgium, Northern France and even the eastern provinces than wait until America can make her power felt."

"We feel over here that America will be a decisive influence, not only in ending the war but in the peace councils. Please don't think I am coming here to 'wake you up,' as you put it. You seem to be very much awake. The morale at the front is splendid in all the armies. The Germans are very brave, too. They are fanatics. But of course some of them are very much discouraged and during the battle of the Somme some of our men chained to the guns."

### Bringing Supplies Under Fire

"But you must not think that all the courage is shown by the soldiers. The carriers, who bring in supplies, are wonderfully brave. A friend of mine who was at the taking of Delville Wood, 'Devil Wood' they called it, the fighting was so bad, got into an abandoned German trench after the attack

it was a beastly night and they were hungry and thirsty."

"Presently they heard a little faint voice calling, 'O, Capt. A. where are you?' My friend answered, and presently into the trench crawled the regimental servant with a good cold supper, hot coffee, whiskies and sodas for the lot. He'd come two miles over a road constantly under fire and full of shell holes."

"One of the strangest things I ever came across was when I was going over a deserted part of the Somme battlefield. It was the most desolate place I ever saw. Nothing seemed to be alive there."

"Finally I found a wounded French soldier, left in charge of a lot of bombs. He took me to his little hut and showed me the bombs all nicely covered up in the cellar of what had been a large chateau."

"I asked him how he stood the loneliness. 'O, monsieur,' he said, 'I go walking on the battlefield, and when I find a dead shell I bring it home, and at night I explode it in my fire. He showed me how he buried them in the ashes and then ran into a little dugout and waited for the explosion.'"

### Want No German Peace

"In England the civilians are determined to see the war through. Of course they talk of peace, but it must not be Germany's peace. They feel that if the German armies can be beaten there will be revolution. 'There isn't any actual food shortage. The present trouble is because there is difficulty in getting the food from the big wholesale stores. Transportation facilities are very bad and there is scarcely any petrol. Sugar is very scarce.'"

"Asked what people in England did during their coal shortage last winter, Mr. Masfield smiled. 'Why,' he answered, 'I guess they did what we did in Paris. Sat and shivered. What was there to do but make the best of it?'"

## NEW FOOD STORE RULING ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A new ruling regarding the sale of food on Mondays was made last night. In the original order all food stores were directed to close at noon, but Sunday night they were exempted entirely from operation of the regulations. Last night the following telegram was sent to state fuel administrators in respect to these stores:

"All wholesale and retail stores selling food are urged both by the food and fuel administrations, on patriotic grounds, to close at noon on Mondays, except that, wherever necessary distribution of food to the people is endangered by closing, food stores are at liberty to remain open all day. The necessity for remaining open is to be determined by the local food administrator, who is to notify the local fuel administrator."

### DEATH OF GENERAL DUFF DUE TO OVERDOSE OF A SLEEPING POTION

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Testifying yesterday at the coroner's inquest into the death of his father, Gen. Sir Beauchamp Duff, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India from 1913 to 1914, who was found dead in bed Sunday morning, a son said the general had been greatly affected by an adverse reference to him in the report of a commission appointed to investigate the Mesopotamian campaign, and that the general had been busy preparing an article in his defense.

The jury found that the death of General Duff was due to an overdose of a sleeping potion.

### NATIONAL LEAGUE WILL TAKE GOOD CARE OF GOWDY'S DEPENDENTS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—"I have notified Hank Gowdy of the Boston Braves, the first ball player to enlist, that the National league will take good care of his dependents in the event of his inability or effacement," said President John K. Tener of the National league yesterday during a visit to Boston as chairman of the Elks' committee which is to build a hospital here for the care of crippled soldiers. Speaking further of the enlistment of the former Boston catcher, now Sergt. H. H. Gowdy, President Tener said:

"Already I have plans to make it plain to Gowdy on his return just how much we feel indebted to him for the honor he conferred on the National league by being the first to forsake the comparatively easy ways of baseball for the active service of his country."

### RECOVER TOLUOL, THE BASE OF TRINITROLOLUOL, FROM GAS BY-PRODUCTS

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 22.—Recovery from gas by-products of toluol, the base of the explosive trinitrololuol, sometimes called TNT, will be undertaken soon by the Springfield Gaslight Co., President Charles H. Tenney announced today. Mr. Tenney said he expected 20,000 gallons could be obtained annually and added that the Springfield plant was one of eighty in the country with sufficient capacity to warrant installing the machinery for recovering toluol. He estimated that in a year all these companies could produce 7,514,500 gallons.

### PRESIDENT'S WAR MESSAGES TO BE FOUND IN THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR 1918

It is possible to count in The World Almanac for 1918 more than thirty files referring directly to matters of the Great War. And even then the pages of information on war affairs will not all have been accounted for. Everything is there, costs and occasions and the growth of the army and navy and the loans to foreign governments and the war chronology and the new taxes and the acts of congress and whatever.

Moreover, the messages of the president are there, and when one comes to think of it there can be hardly a better place to preserve those splendid American documents than among the records and the chronicles of the events calling them forth.

### ASK REPEAL OF LAW BARRING OPERATION OF MOTOR CARS ON NANTUCKET ISLAND

NANTUCKET, Jan. 22.—Citizens of Nantucket again this year have asked the legislature to repeal the law prohibiting the operation of motor cars on the island because of a report that the Nantucket railroad, a narrow gauge line, may be dismantled. The railroad extends across the island to Siasconset. Its operation resulted in a net loss of \$1,572 last year as compared with a deficit of \$144 in 1916.

Since the announcement that the road probably would be sold to the public service commission for authority to discontinue passenger service, agitation in favor of the free use of the highways by motor cars has been renewed.

A committee which framed the bill to admit automobiles announced that under its provisions they would be restricted to certain streets and not permitted in the thickly populated section near the steamboat landing.

Recently the electric railway line on Martha's Vineyard operated for many years during the summer season, was dismantled and the rails shipped to New York.

### PLANS FOR MILITARY ENTERTAINMENTS

Washington, Jan. 22.—So far have the plans of the military entertainment council, appointed by Secretary of War Baker, advanced that the council is able already to announce some of the attractions that have been booked for the 16 Liberty theatres and the Chautauqua tents, established at the training camps for soldiers.

The "Smileless" books which contain coupons, twenty in the \$1 books and 100 in the \$5 books, are to be placed on sale throughout the country Jan. 25. The idea is that all civilians interested in the welfare and happiness of their soldier friends and relatives, may purchase them and send them to the camps.

On each book there is a place for the name and address of the donor. It is expected that not only will books be purchased for individual soldiers, but that many people having no relatives or personal friends at camp, will buy books so that the hearts of all the lonely soldiers who may have no friends may be cheered.

Some of the shows arranged for the military entertainment council have already started. The first attractions coming from the Lyceum and Chautauqua bureaus. The attractions running now and the camps at which they are playing are as follows: Camp Sheridan, "The Musical Minstrel"; Camp Wheeler, "The Melody Singers"; Camp Jackson, "Hampton Courts"; Camp Wadsworth, "The Navy Girls"; Camp Meade, "Rumanian Orchestra"; Camp Sherman and Camp Taylor will have the "Metropolitan Troupe," half a week each, and Camp Custer will have the "Hawaiian Orchestra," the first half of the week.

Future attractions at the various camps have been arranged. The "Flora Balla company" will play Camp Sherman; Al Wilson in "The Irish Riddle" will start in at Camp Devens the week of March 18, and will play at all the camps up to June 24. "Cheating Cheaters" will open at Camp Sherman about Feb. 1 and a bill from Keith's vaudeville circuit will cheer up the evening hours at Devens, in Massachusetts, where about 40,000 men in the national army are quartered.

## La Touraine

The Freshly Ground Coffee

Always the same in quality and flavor

"Save food and help the fighters fight."

With such care are the La Touraine coffee berries selected and with such precision and science are they blended that the rich distinctive flavor of La Touraine is unvarying. You will find it in every bag. You can absolutely rely on it.

Always the golden brown color, the delightful aroma, the rich flavor.

And all the rich goodness of La Touraine is sealed in the bean, never in a can. For La Touraine is not ground until you order it from your dealer. None of its quality is lost through long standing in tins or containers. Try La Touraine and learn how good coffee can really be—and yet so economical.

W. S. Quinby Company  
Boston—Chicago

There is something about Quinby products which appeals particularly to reliable dealers. You can rely both on the products and the men that sell them



Sold only in the La Touraine bag 35c a pound—all grocers

## "NON-RICOCHET" SHELL ANTI-U-BOAT WEAPON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The "non-ricochet" shell, a weapon as deadly as the depth charge, is the newest device perfected by the navy ordnance experts for use against German submarines.

It dives when it strikes the surface of the water instead of bouncing as do the ordinary missiles, used in either naval or coast defense artillery. In addition through the use of a new fuse, the charge can be made to explode on contact with a solid surface under the water or at a predetermined depth.

The value of the latest anti-submarine weapon lies in the fact that shots which fall slightly short will be of as much effect as those which register direct hit. Purchasing its course beneath the water, the shell will explode against the side of the submerged submarine. Similarly, when these shells are aimed at the periscope of a submarine, headed below, there is a material increase in the chances that an overshoot will take effect somewhere along the hull.

The navy department has forbidden the publication of details of the invention, but it is known that the British and French admiralties also have adopted it.

### ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING OF THE HIGH STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

A large attendance marked the annual business meeting of the members of the High Street Congregational church, which was held last evening. Haven G. Hill acting as moderator. E. W. Clark was re-elected clerk, while N. D. Keables was again chosen treasurer. Other officers elected were as follows: Edward T. Wilder, auditor; Russell B. Stoddard, superintendent of the Sunday school, and Miss Helen W. Farnes, assistant.

Committees were chosen as follows: Prudential committee—William H. G. Wright, William A. Lamson, Edward T. Wilder, Dr. Victor E. Darling, Dudley L. Page, Frederick R. Woodward and Fred K. Barrt.

Sunday school committee—F. R. Woodward, Dr. V. E. Darling, Miss

Helen W. Farnes, Mrs. H. L. Galsucha, Miss M. J. Cameron, Edward W. Clark, Mrs. Donald M. Cameron, Mrs. A. W. Crocker.

Representatives to the Ministry at Large—C. L. Nelson and E. W. Clark. Representatives to the Federation of Churches—Mrs. A. W. Crocker and E. R. Woodward.

Head usher—William Atwood.

### MEMBERS OF CO. C, SIXTH REGIMENT, HOLD ANNUAL REUNION

The 20th annual reunion of the members of Company C, Sixth Regiment, was held at the Richardson hotel Saturday evening. There were 35 members present at the festivities and all spent a most enjoyable evening. The organization counts 14 members in the service of Uncle Sam, as follows:

Lieut. Col. Alex. Greig, Jr.; Major Colby T. Kittredge, Sixth Regt. Mass. Infantry, Camp Greene, S. C.; Maj. Geo. E. Waugh, U.S.A., Capt. James N. Greig, Camp Stuart, Newport News, Va.; Capt. F. L. Kelly, Co. E, 107th Field Artillery, A. E. F., France; Lieut. Thomas Livingston, Co. B, 161st Supply Co., A. E. F., France; Lieut. O. S. Hall, Fort Monroe, Va.; Lieut. Charles J. Duffee, Field Bakery, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.; Lieut. A. E. Duncan, Camp Greene, S. C.; First Sergt. J. Brophy, Co. E, 107th Field Artillery, A. E. F., France; A. B. Varnum, in Y.M.C.A. service; Francis D. Williamson, said to be in service; L. O. Secord, Stone & Webster Corp., to sail for France.

Soldiers who died in service and following the Spanish-American war: Q.M. Sergt. G. Wendon, Corp. E. E. Nowlin, Corp. E. A. Barnes, Corp. E. E. Williams, Corp. P. M. Charland, Corp. E. E. Bouchard; Privates B. Baker, W. E. Cooke, P. Hastings, F. O'Brien, J. J. Royal, F. McGlynn, E. Ball, D. T. Gifford, P. Maxfield, S. Regnier, G. Sutcliffe, Billie Phaloux, E. M. Managan.

Because of the scarcity of male labor at the mines of a Sussunhanna collieries company, Mrs. Cora Van Gasken of Siamonki, Penn., has been appointed weight-lifter in the anthracite region. Mrs. Van Gasken has charge of the weighing of coal at the Cameron colliery and has already mastered her duties.

### Children Cry for Fletcher's

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea, allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

### The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## What Other Food Helps To Conserve Grape-Nuts

As does

Saves Wheat — made partly of barley.

Saves Sugar — contains its own sugar from its own grains.

Saves Fuel — fully baked.

Saves Time — ready to serve direct from the package.

Saves Milk — requires less than the ordinary cereal.

Saves Waste — eatable to the last bit.

You are conserving when you eat Grape-Nuts



# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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## THE RUMPU AT WASHINGTON

The nation today stands aghast at the outbreak of partisan rancor in the United States senate as a result of criticism of the government and the effort of certain republican leaders to secure the appointment of a super-cabinet body that would have the power to hamper President Wilson in the exercise of his constitutional prerogative as commander-in-chief of the army and navy and the government head upon whom rests the responsibility for the conduct of the war.

In the last session of congress an effort was made to appoint a committee to supervise war expenditures. This met the opposition of the president as calculated to hamper his freedom of action in emergencies and, therefore, likely to do more harm than good. That matter was finally dropped, but the republicans who were behind it were determined to work out something of the kind and their plan to secure a controlling voice in the management of the war comes to light in the bill brought forward to establish a war cabinet that would apparently overrule the secretaries of the war and navy departments.

At first it was supposed that the talk of such a scheme indicated only a patriotic desire to aid the president in his arduous work, but now that even Senator Penrose, beyond question the greatest political plotter in congress, admits the charge made by Senator Stone—that he, Penrose, has been trying to put republicans in control of the war—a new light is cast upon the sinister purpose of the scheme. No wonder then, that President Wilson has announced his opposition and that Senator Stone has branded the men at the bottom of it as political plotters, who have been using the investigations recently conducted as a means of discrediting the government rather than assisting it in solving all the difficult problems arising from day to day in the progress of the war.

The fuel order was seized as another weapon with which to assail the administration, and so the battle goes on. Republican jealousy rather than the shortcomings or mistakes of the administration, is the cause of this rumpus and there is no telling where it will all end or the extent of the injury it will work in our conduct of the war. It must certainly bring aid and comfort to the enemy who is watching our every move and gaining inside information upon all our activities through the traitorous perversity of certain senators and members of congress.

## FIGHT BEHIND THE LINES

Determination, courage and confidence—we have got to have all these, and upon confidence largely depend the other two.

The administration assumes a heavy responsibility in decreeing that many thousands of workmen shall not work for any stated period.

The administration knows how much coal is on hand, how much can be mined, how much can be got to the consumer. It simply refuses to let present conditions meet the usually severe winter weeks of late January and February, when the weather requires the highest consumption of fuel in the homes and in institutions that must be heated at all costs. Such weather as February always brings to the regions east of the Mississippi would produce a positive catastrophe, this year, if recent conditions as to fuel production and its transportation prevailed.

We ought, at least, to have confidence that the administration has not, without fully justifiable reason, taken a step that would, otherwise, be suicidal.

And it is highly probable that there's more to come. War necessities will increase. The war will get closer and closer to every one of us.

If the country does not volunteer to save wheat, meats, fats and sugar, it will, very likely, be conscripted to do it. If we do not more generally, rationally and voluntarily curtail our demand for our manufacture and purchase of the non-essentials, war needs will, very likely, force conscription.

If we do not forego long continuance of this war agony in all our vocations, if we do not want a repetition of it in a few years, more or less, we must hold fast to our determination to fight for permanent peace; we must courageously hit as hard and often as we possibly can; and we must have confidence in our commanders. In a word, we must save and sacrifice our level best.

The biggest fighting force on earth is America behind the lines. Every one of us is part of that force. We are called upon for certain sacrifices. That is our part of the fight. Let us place "determination, courage and confidence" on our standard and bear it triumphantly over the whining pessimist or the crawling pacifist as this is our only path to victory, to final and lasting world liberty and peace.

## SLANDERING OUR SOLDIERS

Great indignation has been caused by a statement sent out by one of the religious organizations of this country to the effect that drunkenness and lust are destroying the American army in France. The charge is indignantly denied by trustworthy and disinterested witnesses, civil and military. This published slander, it is understood, rests upon no more reliable authority than a few private letters the authors of which refuse to allow

the use of their names. Hence the letters may be regarded as anonymous and may be pure fabrications. It is alleged that the offensive statement has been made as a means of promoting the temperance cause, but no good cause will ever gain strength or sympathy from such indiscreet methods.

It is not a pleasant thing for the people of this country to read that General Pershing's forces are already whipped by debauchery and its diseases, that they are in hospitals and guard houses by the thousands, that the condition of both officers and men is appalling as a result of drink.

There is no need at all of going to France for arguments favoring sobriety and temperance as there is more of both in France than in this country. But to manufacture such stuff is an outrage that may be classed in the same category with treason.

There is not the slightest reason to doubt that the soldiers now under General Pershing in France are under discipline far more strict than that enforced in the military training camps of this country which is certainly quite rigid in reference to lapses from strict sobriety and attention to duty.

The military authorities of this na-

tion are endeavoring to have the soldiers under their command observe the code of honor and strict morality under all circumstances; and it is, therefore, the more reprehensible to spread such slanderous reports regarding them as those referred to above. The government has already taken steps to stop these slanders, regardless of the motive with which they are put in circulation.

## A PESSIMISTIC GOVERNOR

Governor McCull took a sane view of this coal conservation order. Not so, however, with Governor Edge of New Jersey who came out with this pessimistic whine reflecting on Garfield.

"Nothing could provide more encouragement to the enemy than the mere announcement of this (coalless) order."

That all depends. Rather will it convince the enemy that Uncle Sam means business, that he is going to coal the ships that carry men and supplies to Europe if the people at home have to shiver for a time, even if the factories not employed on government orders have to shut down.

Garfield's order means that all the other interests of the country are at present to be made subservient to the necessities of war. Germany knows our resources for coal and she knows that if we are not burning the coal we are sending it to Europe. Let the enemy take all the comfort he may in that reality. He would sneer at hundreds of supply ships tied up in our harbors, but he will not sneer to find that all those ships are started

speeding in his direction. The Garfield order more than anything that has occurred since the declaration of war shows that we mean to put all our power and resources into this war and to make any sacrifice necessary for the purpose of bringing it to a successful conclusion.

Every congested freight yard might be cleared by workers made idle by the coalless order. We've sent 300,000 men into Europe. At least 300 ships loaded with supplies for them have been stuck in Atlantic ports for lack of coal. The ships are now on their way to Europe well supplied with coal.

Now let us put our eye on Railroad Director McAdoo! Coal operators declare, and it is susceptible of proof, that they can furnish the needed coal, if furnished cars.

"Hits vast army of workers!" declares a newspaper heading. True, but if we get the coal to move us to Europe, we'll hit a vast army of Hung so they'll feel it.

Instead of a coal shortage, you give us a wages shortage, says Senator Reed. You cannot fire shipbuilders with wages and you can with coal.

## SEEN AND HEARD

After all, hot weather will be just as hard to bear next summer.

When a man is twisting with the rheumatism, he isn't trying to find an easier position. He is trying to find an easy position.

Abe Martin says: "Ever' time I see the owner of a \$1000 dog I wonder why he

don't sell him an' buy some shoes or a clean shirt. Mrs. Tipton Bud 'll on certain friends this evenin'. No solicitations.

By diligent reading of the contradictory dispatches we can get to know almost as much about what is really happening in Russia as the Russian peasants know about us.

In the old days some college students used to burn the midnight oil. In these modern days of automobiles college students are more conspicuous burning midnight gasoline.

When there is such a shortage of fuel, perhaps it is permissible to wish that you could chop up for firewood the piano that your neighbors' little girl is practicing on or the "canoe music" box that is in operation early and late.

It wouldn't be so bad to have to pay the high price for a new pair of shoes if, when your old rubbers are perfectly good, you didn't have to buy a pair of new rubbers to fit the new shoes.

## Extraordinary Weather

"Snow," the Weather Bureau said, clouds were gathering overhead. Soon the flakes were sitting down like flour from the skies. Then the wind began to rise, and the snow was drifting.

All night long the snowflakes fell, fell on town and dale and dell, made the world a wonder. Then, to boost this winter's fame, Swift! A flash of lightning came, and a clap of thunder!

Everyone is now perplexed, wondering what's coming next. Fuzzled as a printer trying to read a line of pi, languishing to say: "Goodby. You old-fashioned winter!" —Somerville Journal.

## Sugar Luck in Canada

It was the morning of Friday, Jan. 4, in a Canadian city. Outside it was bitter cold, the wind howled unces-

Open This Evening Until 9 O'Clock

## POSITIVELY

there will be no further reduction in the prices of our fine Winter Suits—

We have marked down ROGERS-PEET, "SOCIETY BRAND" and other expensive Suits—to these final prices:

\$38.50, \$35, \$32, \$30 Suits.....	\$26.50
\$28, \$27, \$25 Suits.....	\$22.50
\$25, \$23, \$20 Suits.....	\$18.50
\$20, \$18 Suits.....	\$15.00
Young Men's \$18 Suits.....	\$13.75

## A Few Fine Overcoats

marked down—


Smart Trench Overcoats, strictly all wool—that sold as below—

\$30, \$25, \$23 Overcoats, now.....\$19.50


**PUTNAM & SON CO.**

166 CENTRAL STREET

# in Case of FIRE



**Your Insurance covers this**



**You lose this**

The quickest way to lose a fortune today is to have a fire.

Building materials in the past year have taken a terrific jump in price.

An insurance policy which last year amply protected you, today scarcely covers two-thirds the cost of rebuilding your plant, warehouse or shipyard. And insurance rates are climbing.

War is on. Incendiaries are loose. Norfolk, Va., is a woeful example of what they can do.

The best answer ever found to the industrial fire problem is Pyrene. Thousands of plants can thank their existence to the Pyrene Extinguisher. Are there Pyrenes in your plant? If so, are there enough? —1 to every 1000 square feet? Be sure of this!

Leidecker Tool Co.,  
Marietta, Ohio (Home Office)

"Casper, Wyo.  
Nov. 26, 1917.

Just saved entire plant from fire with Pyrene Fire Extinguishers. Express us twenty-four re-charges for same.  
LEIDECKER TOOL CO. (Factory)"

And have you other Pyrene fire weapons such as Soda and Acid Extinguishers, Chemical Engines and Fire Hose?

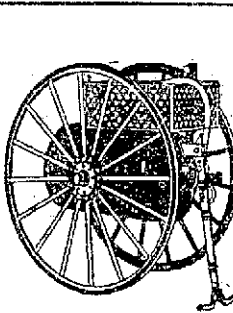
Today is the day to prepare. Next week may find your factory in ashes.



**PYRENE FIRE EXTINGUISHER**, 14 inches long, weighs 6 pounds. Non-conductor of electricity, effective on all kinds of fires, including gasoline.



**LINEN AND COTTON RUBBER LINED HOSE**. Made in any length and labeled strictly in accordance with the requirements of the Associated Mutual Fire Insurance Companies and the National Fire Protective Association.



**GUARDENE CHEMICAL ENGINE**

(40 gallons.) A factory size fire engine has saved many a plant from sure destruction.



**GUARDENE Soda and Acid Extinguisher**—Required in some risks by insurance and other regulations.

The Relc Stationary Chemical Engine, for protection of all buildings; all Fire Department brass goods; Fire Department supplies; Fire Department uniforms, rubber coats, rubber boots; first aid kits; industrial goggles; respirators; smoke helmets; warning and exit signs; extinguisher re-charges; fire pails; fire buckets. The Kaiser's fire fiends are loose. See that your factory is equipped to fight fire.

**PYRENE MANUFACTURING CO.**, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York City  
Boston, Fort Hill 1918.  
Telephone  
Send me your Fire Prevention Booklet and Catalog.

FIRM NAME

INDIVIDUAL

ADDRESS

## TWO OLD ADVERSARIES MEET IN PEACE

At their first encounter they pledged their respective nations in a bitter toast of bullets.

At the second they faced each other in amity across the banquet table—old enemies become allies.

It was at Port Arthur in the Russo-Japanese war that Rear Admiral T. Bosse, then captain in the czar's navy, introduced himself to a Japanese adversary of similar rank in a pistol duel from battleship bridges as his vessel was making a running escape.

The Russian was the only one of the squadron to break through



REAR ADMIRAL T. BOSSE OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY

the Mikado's bottling maneuver. A few weeks ago Rear Admiral Bosse, who had been an aid to the deposed czar, was coming through Tokyo on his way to the United States, when a friendly hand slapped him on the back.

"We did not finish our engagement that other time," said his old enemy, his face now wreathed in smiles. "I assume that I still have the right of challenge. But this time I shall meet dinner forks and glasses instead of automobiles. Is that agreeable?"

It was. And so the two held their second encounter.

It resulted in a draw, as the admiral explained upon his arrival in San Francisco.

artist with rare touch to the memory of a fellow poet whom he admired. The poem follows:

Alma Seeger

American—Member of the Foreign Legion—Killed in Action, July 4, 1915.

Somewhere in France where crosses lean

Above so many graves today;

Where faded lilies place their screen,

And summer winds kneel down to pray.

You, who first ventured over-seas,

To watch, at last, the light grow dim,

God must have sent his gentlest breeze

To bring your spirit back to Him.

Somewhere in France, dust unto dust,

You wait beyond the Inn of Life,

Where through lone nights the guard-angel craves

Shuts out the clamor of the strife;

But far above the crimson sod

No barrier your soul might stop,

When, from the Great White Throne

of God,

You see the Legion cross the top.

A year ago today you knew

The endless melody of song;

You saw that summer skies were blue—

That drifting summer days were long;

You waited while the twilight's breath

Came crowning some old serenade,

To hold your rendezvous with Death

At some disputed barricade."

Today the Legion holds the line

Unbroken by the driving mass,

Where you have helped to write the song—

In dripping blood—"They Shall Not Pass!"

And now beyond the far divide

You see the Starry Flag advance

Among the millions who have died

For love of Liberty—and France.

The Eagle's wings at last are spread

Above a never-healed shield,

Where still among the deathless dead

Your specter haunts the clootted field;

And borne afar on summer's breath

You send this message hurtling through—

"I had a rendezvous with Death—

I did not fall that rendezvous!"

GRANTLAND RICE.

Soft clean hands absolutely result from using Surprise Cleanser.

**Calcerbs**

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat trouble. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

Lowell, Massachusetts.

DEPARTMENT OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

NOTICE

January 18, 1918.

In compliance with the provisions of Chapter 62 of the Revised Laws of Massachusetts, and amendments thereto, I hereby give notice to all inhabitants or persons having usual places of business in the City of Lowell, who use weights, measures or balances for the purposes of selling, buying or exchanging goods, wares, merchandise or other commodities for public weighing or for reward, to bring in their weights, measures and balances to be adjusted and sealed.

I shall be at the office of the Sealer of Weights and Measures during the month of February to attend to this duty.

OFFICE—Old Mann School Building, Broadway.

OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 4.30 p. m.

WARREN P. RIORDAN,

Sealer of Weights and Measures.

Gas Fixtures, Globes,

Mantles, Etc.

**Welch Bros Co.**

73 MIDDLE STREET



## MORSE AND BROWN CLASH

Continued

Brown again withdrew his motion and moved that the ordinance be passed to be ordered. The motion was defeated, the mayor and Commissioners Donnelly, Warlock and Morse voting against.

## Order to Borrow \$70,000

Commissioner Brown presented an order for the extension of water mains and water departmental equipment, the loan to be on a five-year basis. Speaking of the order, Mr. Brown said the department is in excellent condition. He said during the past year the sum of \$55,929.80 was clipped from the department's debt. He said he brought in the order because the high cost of labor and material did not permit the department to run on its own revenues. He said in order to give Lowell pure well water it will be necessary to have more wells. He referred to the opening of the Cook wells and said the people of the city are forced to use water that is not filtered and as a result numerous complaints are coming in. He said that the consumption of water was 6,000,000 gallons, while that has increased during the cold spell to 11,000,000 gallons. The pumpage capacity is 9,000,000 gallons a day, leaving a shortage of 2,000,000 gallons a day. He said as a result of the increase in consumption if a conflagration should occur in the city Lowell would be in a very bad fix. "The water department," he said, "is asking for nothing but the privilege of financing itself."

## Engineer Barbour

F. H. Barbour, engineer, was then called by Mr. Brown. He said there is not the slightest question but that the city needs more water. He said in 1911 after studying conditions in Lowell he recommended the construction of a filtration plant and also an increase in the well fields. He said up to 1914 the city got a little over 1,000,000 gallons a day from the boulevard wells and now the average daily pumpage is over 6,000,000 gallons. Mr. Barbour then gave an estimate of the pumpage, the pumpage and quantity of water in the reservoir during the early part of January, or the cold spell. Referring to the Cook wells, he said they had been condemned by the state board of health and if the water is used for some time lead poisoning will result. "With additional wells in the boulevard," he said, "you will be able to supply the entire city with filtered water."

Mr. Morse suggested that water be drawn from the Merrimack river and filtered, but Mr. Barbour said that is being done in Lawrence, but an investigation is now being conducted in the Merrimack river city and anybody who can afford it in Lawrence is drinking spring water. He further stated that the filtration plant in Lowell was designed for the filtration of ground water.

The mayor asked if there were any wells driven since 1914 and the reply was in the negative. Mr. Brown volunteered the information that money was borrowed for the purchase of land, but no wells were driven.

Mr. Morse wanted to know how much it would cost for the digging of wells and Mr. Barbour replied it would be about \$300 a well and that would mean about \$90,000 for the digging of that between 150 and 250 wells are needed.

"Do you anticipate a water famine in Lowell?" queried Mr. Morse.

"I don't think so," replied Mr. Brown, "but I can say that Lowell is badly in need of additional wells."

Mr. Brown then appealed to his colleagues for the passage of the ordinance. "I think the time has come to save the city about \$500,000 of coal a day."

## Brown and Morse

Mr. Morse stated that residents of Chelmsford Centre are using Cook well water right along and there is no case of poisoning there. This statement brought a red hot discussion between Mr. Morse and Mr. Brown, the latter stating that if Mr. Morse had the use of Cook well water he should bear the responsibility. Mr. Brown concluded by saying "I suppose you don't care what happens now as far as you are concerned, Mr. Morse."

The mayor thought it was a very large amount of money to borrow and Mr. Brown replied that the amount would be paid out of the water department's revenues.

Mr. Morse said some time ago he saw in the paper that Mr. Brown would vote for no more than \$100,000 loans during the year. "Now he comes to the front," continued Mr. Morse, "and asks for \$70,000, but he cares nothing about others. I have 300 or 400 men to take care of."

Mr. Donnelly said he had a great deal of respect for Mr. Brown and Mr. Barbour, but there were things he did not understand in the order and he recommended that action be deferred until next Tuesday and it was so voted.

## Vehicular Traffic Ordinance

The following ordinance was introduced and referred to the mayor:

## CITY OF LOWELL.

An ordinance regulating certain phases of vehicular traffic.

Be it ordained by the municipal council of the city of Lowell, as follows:

Sec. 1. That the use of any carriage or vehicle on public ways or streets of the city of Lowell, no matter how propelled, is prohibited when such carriage or vehicle is so constructed, equipped or loaded as to be dangerous, or obstruct traffic or to prevent the driver or operator from having a view sufficient for the safety of himself and others.

Sec. 2. That the loading of a vehicle to be propelled through the public ways within the city of Lowell is prohibited when the material is so loaded that load raises or causes the vehicle, or part or parts of the material with other parts of said material through the mobility of the load.

Sec. 3. That no one under the age of 16 years shall drive or operate in the city of Lowell a vehicle intended for commercial purposes.

Sec. 4. No one shall ride upon the rear of a vehicle in the city of Lowell, no matter how such vehicle is propelled, without the driver's or operator's consent. If such riding is assented to by the one in charge of such vehicle, no part of such person's body shall extend beyond the limits of the vehicle.

Sec. 5. No vehicle in the city of Lowell, excepting only such vehicle as is running on rails or tracks, shall have more than one more vehicle, and in no case shall more than one such towing be longer than 16 feet.

Sec. 6. Coasting in, about or upon public ways or places in the city of Lowell is prohibited in such ways or places as are deemed to be dangerous by the superintendent of police of Lowell.

Sec. 7. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty dollars for each offense.

Sec. 8. Any and all ordinances, or parts of ordinances, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

## City Treasurer's Bond

Mr. Warlock asked if City Treasurer's Stiles' bond had been filed, and the reply was in the negative. Mr. Warlock then presented an order requesting Mr. Stiles to file a \$50,000 bond within 10 days after the said Mr. Stiles has been properly notified by the city clerk. The order was adopted. The meeting adjourned at 12:15 until 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

## DEATHS

DUFFY—Mrs. Elizabeth (Kennedy) Duffy, aged 85 years, died this morning at the Lowell hospital after a

short illness. She is survived by her husband, James Duffy, and several nieces and nephews. Her remains were removed to her home, 283 Lakeview avenue, by Undertaker James W. McKenna.

FREEMAN—Fra, aged 7 years and 17 days, died today at the home of her parents, Jacob and Anna Freeman, 69 Royal street. Burial took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Hebrew cemetery in Chelmsford under the direction of Undertakers Amodee Archambault & Sons.

HIGSON—Mrs. Ann Higson died yesterday at her home, 5 Lowell street, North Billerica, aged 66 years. She leaves, besides her husband, Joseph, two daughters, Mrs. M. L. Warner of Manchester, Mass., and Mrs. Arthur Switzer of North Billerica; three sons, Joseph, Jr., and William of North Billerica and Charles of Denver, Colo. She was a member of St. Anne's church of North Billerica and St. Elizabeth's guild.

JOHNSON—Died Jan. 22, in this city, Mrs. Nellie H. Johnson, aged 54 years and 6 days at her home, 48 Sixth street. She is survived by her husband, Cyrus W. Johnson, one sister, Mrs. Edwin W. Bartlett of this city and one brother, Thomas Hewes of Stockholm, N. Y.

LEONARD—Miss Margaret V. Leonard, a well known and popular young woman of the Immaculate Conception parish, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 127 Pleasant street, after a brief illness, aged 21 years. She leaves her mother, Mary; two brothers, Edward L. and Frederick M.; two sisters, Anna and Rose Leonard, all of this city. She was employed by the New England Telephone Co. for the past six years where she will be missed by a host of friends.

MERCIER—Alarie L. Mercier, the originator of potato chips in this part of the country, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his son, Joseph A. Mercier, 253 Walker street. Mr. Mercier would have been 88 years old next Thursday. He was born in Canada, at Acadie, P. Q., but for the past 55 years he had made his home in Lowell. It was about 30 years ago that his son said he conceived the idea of the potato chip, and the younger Mercier began the business in the familiar little house in Eldrich street. The son afterward turned the business to his father, who conducted it himself up to eight years ago, when he sold out to Hibbard & George. For a long time he lived in West Billerica, but in 1914 he moved here. He had made his home with his son. Besides his son, there are four grandchildren who survive him.

STEVENS—Mrs. Georgeanna Ames Stevens died early this morning at her home, 75 Hanks street, after several months' illness. She was 71 years of age. Mrs. Stevens was born in Dracut and was educated in Billerica. In 1867 she was married and moved to the west where she lived until 20 years ago. She then returned to Lowell and has lived here ever since. She celebrated her golden wedding anniversary last year. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. John A. Stevens, the well known consulting engineer of this city and George M. Stevens of New York, and three sons, George, Harry, and Alfred. She also leaves four grandchildren.

SHERMAN—Died Jan. 21st at 40 Middlesex street, Sarah A. Sherman, aged 71 years. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. L. Grace E. Moore, of Lowell, and three sons, George, Harry, and Alfred. She also leaves four grandchildren.

THIBAUT—Mrs. Frank Thibault, nee Rose Gingras, aged 21 years and 1 month, died last night at the Chelmsford Street hospital. She leaves her husband, Joseph Thibault, and her mother, Alfred Gingras of Exeter, N. H.

TACINIAN—Wladyslaw Tacinian, aged 16 days, died last night at St. John's hospital. The body was removed to the home of his mother, Mrs. Tacinian, 10 Winter street. Burial took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Amodee Archambault & Sons.

## FUNERALS

BIRO—The funeral services of Mrs. Mabel M. Birn were held from her residence, 438 Bridge street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Arthur W. Shaw, assistant pastor of St. Anne's Episcopal church. The bearers were Messrs. William Bagley, Henri E. Lavigne, Thomas Poole and Leo Bellencourt. Burial was at East Rochester, N. H., today. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

DEMETRIO—The funeral of Vacileos Demetrio took place yesterday afternoon from the funeral parlors of C. H. Aiello's Sons. Services were held at the Holy Trinity church. Burial was in the Edison cemetery.

KENDALL—The funeral services of Charles A. Kendall were held at his residence, 10 Shedd street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Raymond G. Clark, pastor of the First Presbyterian Congregational church. Appropriate selections were sung by Mrs. William H. Peppin and Henry R. Pascale. The bearers were Messrs. William H. Wood, Alexander Gray, Jason V. Crosby and Frederick A. Evans. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

## FUNERAL NOTICES

BRADY—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Brady will take place Thursday morning at 3 o'clock from her home, 330 Broadway. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 5 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

DUFFY—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth (Kennedy) Duffy will take place Thursday morning at 8:15 o'clock from her late home, 232 Lakeview avenue. High mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 8 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

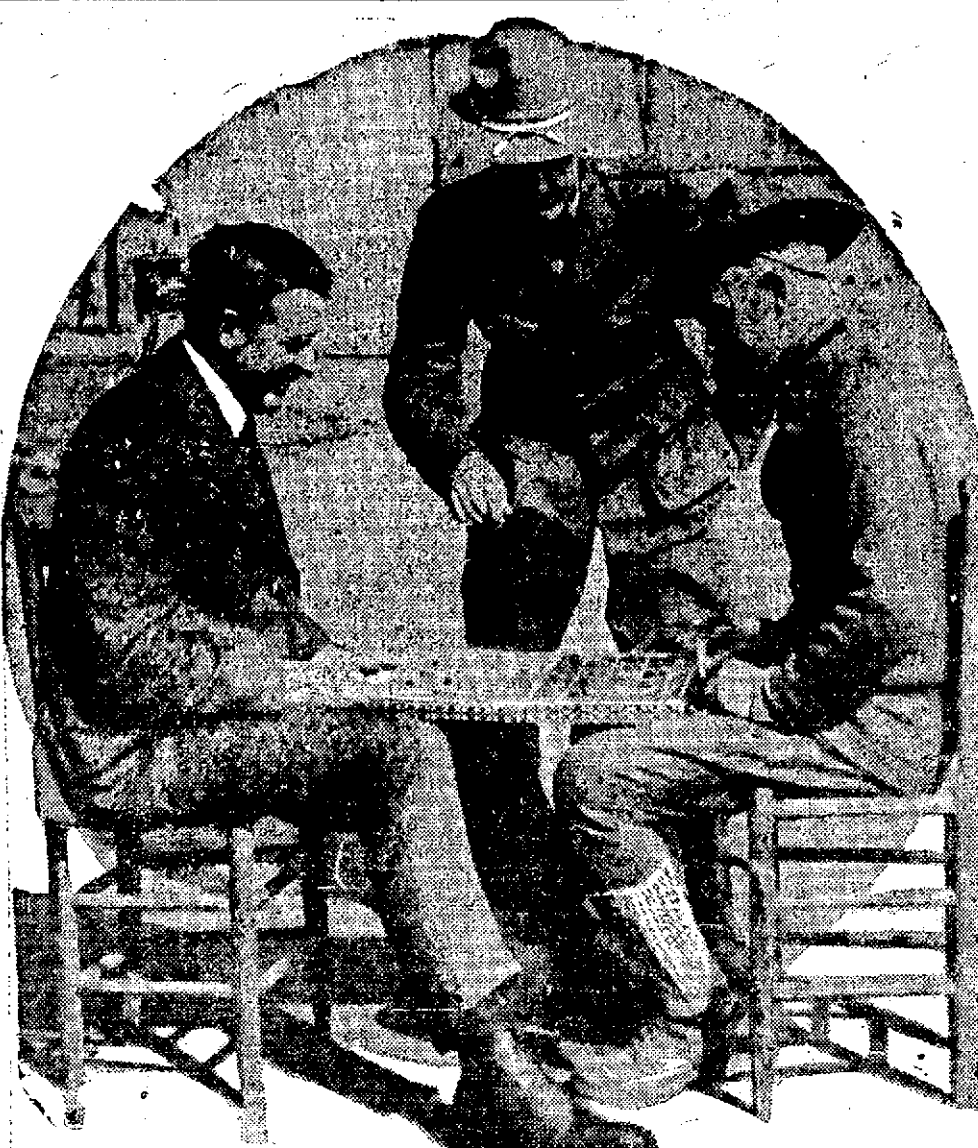
HIGSON—Died in North Billerica, Jan. 21, at her home, 5 Lowell street. Mrs. Ann Higson, aged 66 years, 8 months. Funeral services will be held from her home in North Billerica Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

JOHNSON—Died Jan. 22, in this city, Mrs. Nellie H. Johnson, aged 54 years and 6 days at her home, 48 Sixth street. Burial will be held at 4 o'clock, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. Please omit flowers. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LEONARD—The funeral of Miss Margaret V. Leonard will take place Thursday morning from her home, 127 Pleasant street, at 8 o'clock. At the Immaculate Conception church a funeral high mass of requiem will be celebrated at 8 o'clock. Burial will be in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers O'Connell & Mack in charge of the funeral arrangements.

MERCIER—Died in this city, Jan. 21, at the home of his son, Joseph A. Mercier, aged 87 years, 21 months. Private funeral services will be held from the home of his son, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Burial in Edison cemetery. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

STEVENS—Died Jan. 22 in this city, Mrs. Georgeanna Ames Stevens, aged 71 years, 8 months and 20 days, at her home, 75 Hanks street. Strictly private funeral services will be held at 75 Hanks street, Wednesday afternoon at 10 o'clock. Flowers by kind. Interment in Westlawn, New York city, N. Y. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.



PLAYS CHECKERS AT CAMP SHERIDAN

Christy Mathewson, manager of the Cincinnati Reds, enjoying a game of checkers with Private Charles E. Johnson, of the 148th Ambulance company. In the background, Dr. C. B. Robinson of McKeesport, Pa.

If Christy Mathewson had not been a great baseball pitcher he might have become checker champion of the world.

This is only one of Matty's attainments outside baseball, but it is one of his favorites and he spends much time during the winter months pondering over moves with the best checker players he can find as opponents.

When Matty heard of a big checker

IF BURNED WITH AN INCOME BETWEEN \$1000 AND \$3000 YOU BETTER ATTEND TO IT

Lowell people whose incomes are between \$1000 and \$3000 are requested to get in touch with Bart J. Shea, government income tax representative, before the end of this week because after that time Mr. Shea and his assistants will be compelled to devote almost all their time to people and corporations whose incomes range over the \$3000 mark and there will be little time to give attention to the "little folks."

Mr. Shea is located in

THIS CLOCK HAS A NURSEMAID



MARJORIE WOOD.

New York has produced the latest thing in nursemaids—a husky man who gets \$40 a week for tending to the hands of one "dummy" clock. The clock plays what might be termed the principal role in a now play called "Yes or No." The woman holding the hands of the clock in this picture is Marjorie Wood, one of the principals.

Today is Army and Navy Day  
Tomorrow is St. John's Hospital Day

Lowell's  
Automobile Show  
KASINO

THIS WEEK

DAILY FROM 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Muscle by Hibbard's Orchestra and Talented Vocalists

ADMISSION ..... 25 CENTS

Where you will see automobiles (pleasure cars and trucks), motorcycles and accessories for 1918 that command the most discriminating attention.

Tomorrow, Wednesday, the entire door receipts will be given to St. John's Hospital. Let's make it a big day.

opponent was until after the match.

When told afterward he had been asked to bring up my girl and I said the hand of the Cincinnati manager and said:

"I've heard of you ever since I was a kid, but I never thought I'd have a chance to talk to you. This is my reward for giving up my girl and sending him my picture snapped with the greatest pitcher of them all. I guess I'm satisfied."

In fitting out their statements,

"People may fill out their statements here in the office and they are asked to bring the money to pay their tax with them so that the job may be completed at one time. The tax must be paid either by check or money order as we are not allowed to accept cash."

Asked as to how the people in Lowell are responding, Mr. Shea said that they were doing fairly well, although there is still a large number to be heard from.

Some of the new points of the income tax which have not been emphasized locally are that a married man in making out his return must include not only his own income but also that of his wife and minor children, if they have any. The amount of tax he will pay will be based on the total income of his family. If this aggregates over \$5000 he will have to pay a tax. Unmarried people must pay a tax if their income aggregates \$1000 or more.

## POLICE COURT

This morning's session of the police court was one of the shortest that has been held for a long time. There was but one case heard other than the arraignment of Kazannis charged with assault with intent to murder a fellow countryman, an account of which will be found in another column.

The other case was that of Joseph Houle and Alice Jones charged with a statutory offense. Each was found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$19.

Four suspicious persons were brought before the court, but allowed to go. One of the men had a badly battered face and two discolored eyes and when the court asked him how it happened Deputy Downey said that the man had struck the wife of a logging house keeper and the latter retaliated.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Roberts recently celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage at Deaneau, Mich. The reception was held in the same room in which the wedding service was read half a century ago.

SHOWS BOYS HOW TO TRAIN DOGS—YOUNGEST DOG FANCIER

Seven-year-old Dorothy Tennant, youngest dog fancier and keenest judge of good canines in the west, has



been showing the boys of Salt Lake City, her home, how little they know about training dogs. There isn't a dog in the city that wouldn't describe its master for a trifle with Dorothy. That's because boys and men don't know much about the heart of a puppy," she explains.

## NEWS NEWS NEWS

## Fairburn's Market

Will Be Open All Day Wednesday

## THESE SPECIAL PRICES FOR WEDNESDAY ONLY

28c Smoked Shoulders, lb.	25c
25c Corned Tongues, lb.	20c
40c Calfs' Liver, lb.	35c
30c Roast Pork, lb.	27c
Whiting Fish, lb.	8c
\$1.75 Bag Bread Flour	\$1.60
15c Can Sardines, can.	12 1/2c
35c Leda Brand Coffee, lb.	30c
35c Sweetened Cocoa, lb.	29c
12c Campbell's Tomato Soup	.3 for 29c

9 to 10	10 to 11	3 to 4	5 to 6
15c	15c	20c	30c
MUELLER'S MACARONI	NABISCO	SALT COD	Home Made Sausage Meat
10c Pkg.	11c Pkg.	15c Lb.	30c Lb.

WE SELL THRIFT STAMPS

## FAIRBURN'S

12-14 MERRIMACK SQ.

TEL 788

## HIGH SCHOOL TRACK TEAM

Candidates for the high school track team put in a stiff practice session at the Paige street arena yesterday afternoon and from present indications the first meet of the season with Wakefield high next Saturday night will be of B. A. A. calibre. Wakefield is reputed to have a strong outfit this year and in the distance events the visitors will have a chance at least on Coach Haggerty's men. The locals are not worrying over their prospects, however.

The showing which the relay team from the high school made at the athletic carnival Saturday evening has created a lot of confidence among the Kirk street men and from every angle the coming meet should be a corker.

Faculty Manager Frederick R. Woodward has arranged a meet with the alumni which will probably come on Feb. 7 and one with the Tech freshmen on Feb. 16. Other high bids include those with Newburyport and a team representing one of the machine gun battalions at Camp Devens.

## FRENCH HIGH COURT TO TRY MALVOY ON CHARGE OF TREASON

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The senate met as a high court yesterday afternoon to sit in the case of Louis J. Malvo, ex-minister of the interior, accused of treasonable intercourse with the enemy.

The senate was called in regular session at 2:15 p. m. None of the cabinet ministers was present at the time. Antonin Dubost, the president, announced that he had received a letter from Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber of deputies, notifying him of the chamber's decision to impeach Malvo. Dubost then proposed that the senate constitute itself a high court, which action was taken without opposition.

The regular sitting of the senate was ended at 2:35 p. m. and 20 minutes later it resumed its session with the functions of a judicial body.

## HOME GUARDS CALLED OUT

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 22.—Co. D, home guard, composed of men from Dover, Hampton and this city, was ordered out last night for patrol work along the water front where the alien zone has been established. The men were ordered out by Adj. Gen. Howard, but were sworn in as special police officers.

A zone has also been created at the Newington shipyard plant and a guard furnished by a Boston detective agency is doing duty by day and night.

## HIGH SCHOOL PLAY

Lowell high school students are working hard in preparation for their annual school play which will be produced this year on the evenings of Jan. 31, Feb. 1 and Feb. 2, at the Playhouse, in Chateau street. Rehearsals are being held three times a week and Miss Mary C. Joyce, teacher of elocution at the high school, stated this morning that not one member of the cast had missed a single rehearsal to date, a record which has never before been attained.

"We could put on 'Charley's Aunt' tomorrow night if it were not by Adj. Gen. Howard, but were sworn in as special police officers."

A zone has also been created at the Newington shipyard plant and a guard furnished by a Boston detective agency is doing duty by day and night.

## THEY ARE STILL LOOKING FOR LIGHT ON THE WHITE WAY

Mayor Perry D. Thompson, Commissioners Morse, Brown and Donnelly, Manager John A. Haggerty and the Lowell Electric Light Corp., Stanley E. Qua, counsel for the latter company and Robert F. Marden of the public safety committee held a conference in the mayor's reception room this morning for the purpose of reaching some agreement by which the lights in the white way could be reduced in an endeavor to save fuel, but no definite result resulted from the conference.

The order introduced at a special

meeting of the council held last week, and which called for the putting out of 100 lights of the white way at a saving on the part of the city of 1 cent an hour for every light, was discussed at length, but one of the commissioners strenuously objected to the order. It was finally proposed to appoint an arbitration committee composed of three members, one to be appointed by the city council, another by representatives of the Lowell Electric Light Corp. and the third by the two first members named, but again there was some objection and finally the matter of curtailing the white way was dropped temporarily.

## QUICKSILVER IN 1917—BIG INCREASE IN QUANTITY AND VALUE

The domestic output of quicksilver in 1917, according to statistics compiled by H. D. McConkey in the absence of F. L. Ransome of the United States geological survey, department of the interior, was 39,351 flasks of 15 pounds each, valued at the average quoted market price at San Francisco \$106.13 per flask at about \$3,851,000. The output was therefore the greatest in quantity since 1883 and the greatest in value since 1875. The production in 1916 was 35,322 flasks, so that the increase in 1917 was 4419 flasks.

The productive states were California, Texas, Nevada, Oregon and Arizona.

## TWO INQUESTS HELD

Inquests into the cause of death of David C. M. Russell and James Rafferty were held before Judge Pickman in the court of second sessions this morning. Russell and Rafferty were unloading lumber from a car of the Boston & Maine railroad near the Belmont station on the 11th of this month when the lumber slipped and the men were thrown in front of a train on the next track and instantly killed.

## LICENSE BOARD HEARINGS

Two hearings are scheduled for tonight at the regular meeting of the license commission, complaints having been made that Charles L. Marston & Co. in Gorham street and A. F. Roach & Co. in Bridge street violated the conditions of their licenses.

## Try Making Your Own Cough Remedy

You can save about \$2, and have a better cough remedy—made kind. Easily done.

If you combined the curative properties of every known "ready-made" cough remedy, you would hardly have in them all the curative power that lies in this simple "home-made" cough syrup which takes only a few minutes to prepare.

Get from any druggist 2 1/2 ounces of Pine (40 cents) and pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The total cost is about 50 cents and gives you a full pint of really better cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for \$2.50. Makes pleasant cough never again.

This Pine and sugar syrup preparation gets right at the cause of a cough and gives almost immediate relief. It loosens the phlegm, stops the nasty throat tickle and heals the sore, irritated membranes that line the throat, chest and bronchial tubes so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough and for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma, there is nothing better.

Pine is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and has been used for generations to break up severe coughs.

To avoid disappointment, be sure to ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces of Pine" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pine Co., St. Albans, Ind.

**DISPOSAL OF PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES**

AT REMARKABLE PRICE REDUCTIONS

Bring in that picture that needs framing NOW and we will fit a frame to it. No charge for the labor.

**RICARD'S**

123 CENTRAL ST.





DECORATING AMERICAN HEROES IN FRANCE

Fifteen American soldiers, six of them officers, have received the French Cross of War as a result of their gallant defense on the night of Nov. 2-3 in a front line trench near the Rhine-Marne canal. The names of the men who have been decorated have been withheld.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S CHARGES UNTRUE, SAYS WILSON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—President Wilson issued a statement last night, characterizing as an "astounding and unjustifiable distortion of the truth" assertions made by Senator Chamberlain in a speech at New York Saturday, concerning inaction and inefficiency on the part of the government in its war preparations.

Investigations conducted at the capitol, the president said, had brought to the foreground delays and misappointments and had contributed to them by drawing officials away from their work.

Nothing helpful or likely to speed or facilitate the war tasks of the government has come out of such criticism and investigation," the president added.

Legislation proposed by the senate military committee for the creation of a war council and a minister of munitions, the president declared, had come after effective measures of reorganization already had been perfected.

The president said he regarded Secretary Baker as one of the ablest public officials he had ever known, and that the country soon will learn whether he or his critics best understand the business at hand.

When Senator Chamberlain heard the president's statement he made one in reply, saying he had spoken extemporaneously at New York and that his criticism was directed only at the military establishment, not at other departments of the government. He declared he will press his legislation in spite of the president's opposition.

President Wilson's statement follows:

"When the president's attention was called to the speech made by Senator Chamberlain at a luncheon in New York on Saturday, he immediately inquired of Senator Chamberlain whether he had been correctly reported, and upon ascertaining from the senator that he had been, the president felt it his duty to make the following statement:

"Senator Chamberlain's statement as to the present inaction and inefficiency of the government is an astounding and absolutely unjustifiable distortion of the truth. As a matter of fact, the war department has performed a task of unparalleled magnitude and difficulty with extraordinary promptness and efficiency.

There have been delays and disappointments and partial miscarriages of plans, all of which have been drawn into the foreground and exaggerated by the investigations which have been in progress since the congress assembled. Investigations which drew indispensable officials of the department constantly away from their work and officers from their commands and contributed a great deal to such delay and confusion as had inevitably arisen.

"But by comparison with what has been accomplished, these things, much as they were to be regretted, were insignificant, and no mistake has been made which has been repeated.

"Nothing helpful or likely to speed or facilitate the war tasks of the government has come out of such criticism and investigations.

"I understand that reorganizations by legislation are to be proposed. I have not been consulted about them and have learned of them only at second hand, but their proposal came after effective measures of reorganization had been thoughtfully and maturely perfected, and, inasmuch as these measures have been the result of experience, they are much more likely than any other to be effective, if the congress will but remove the few statutory obstacles of rigid departmental organization which stand in their way.

Baker Warns Praised

"The legislative proposals I have heard of would involve long additional delays and turn our experience into more lost motion. My association and constant conference with the secretary of war have taught me to regard him as one of the ablest public officials I have ever known. The country will soon learn whether he or his critics understand the business at hand.

"To add, as Senator Chamberlain did, that there is inefficiency in every department and bureau of the government is to show such ignorance of actual conditions as to make it impossible to attach any importance to his statement. I am bound to infer that that statement sprang out of opposition to the administration's whole policy rather than out of any serious intention to reform its practice."

Chamberlain Replies

Senator Chamberlain said: "In my New York speech I had not prepared the address and spoke 20 minutes extemporaneously, without notes. I pointed out that from Buicker Hill to the present time we had had no military organization or policy. The press report of my address was correct. But my argument was directed to the military establishment and not to other departments of the government, although it was broad enough to be subject to that interpretation.

"But those hearing it knew I referred merely to the military establishment and that the senate military committee had undertaken, through the bills for a war cabinet and a director of munitions, to work out changes in the establishment.

"I explained that these bills were not administration measures; I did not misrepresent them.

Calls It "People's War"

"Sec. Baker's efforts to better his organization have my utmost approval. He has made much improvement. But the inherent weakness of his reorganization is that nobody between the army and the president has legal authority. There are the Council of National Defense, the War Industries Board, and the Clearance Committee, purely voluntary organizations between the president and the army. The war cabinet and director of munitions would be created by law with definite legal powers and duties, respectively, to map out and direct war policies and to have charge of war supplies. By this plan we would substitute a strong for the only weak link in the chain of organization.

"I regret very much that the administration is not with me. But I am acting under my oath and will have the approval of my own conscience even if not of the administration.

"The people are entitled to be let into the committee's confidence. If the people don't want it, that will be all right. It's their war."

CARMEN TO PROTEST OVERLOADING CARS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Officers of the Boston Street Car Men's union conferred today with regard to the crowding of street cars in this city, with the intention of making some protest in the interests of the employees. Many motormen and conductors have complained that cars were overloaded to a point of danger.

WOMEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The first regular meeting of the year for the members of the Women's Missionary society of the First Presbyterian church was held last evening at the home of Miss Edith Haines, who was assisted by Misses Alex. Burns, Janette Bell, Gertrude Powers, Janet MacDougal, Edna MacLean and Florence Parker.

## HAVE US PAINT YOUR AUTO

We can now take in a few autos whose owners want them well painted. Don't wait; the rush to paint is on. Come while we can give you the best attention and plenty of time.

C. H. HANSON & COMPANY, INC.  
ROCK STREET

EVERETT TRUE



GENERAL H. H. BANDHOLTZ

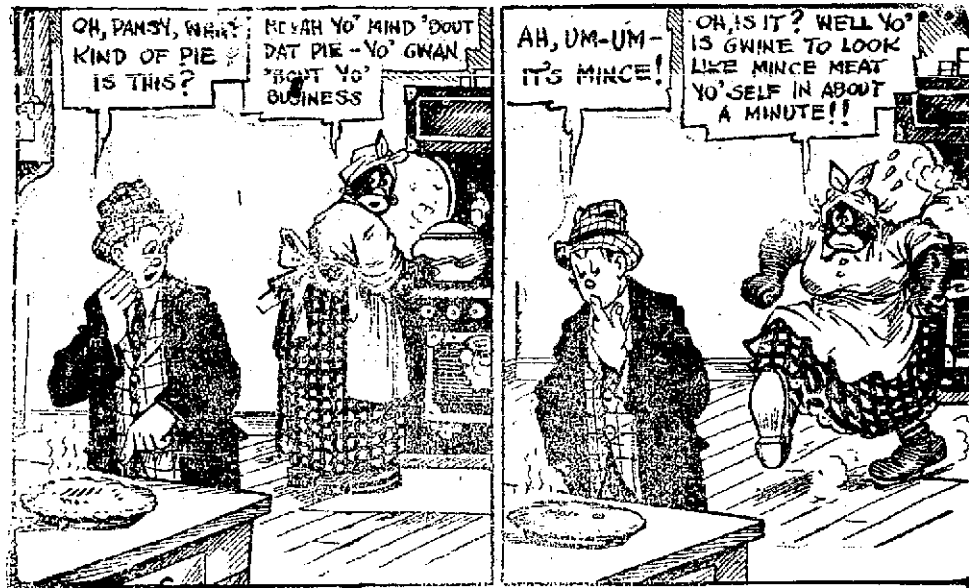
York National Guard Division at Spartanburg, and in 1916 was in command at Plattsburg, N. Y. training camp. He is a veteran of the Spanish war.

RUSSIA'S "KRUPP" COMES TO UNCLE SAM'S RAILROAD SCHOOL

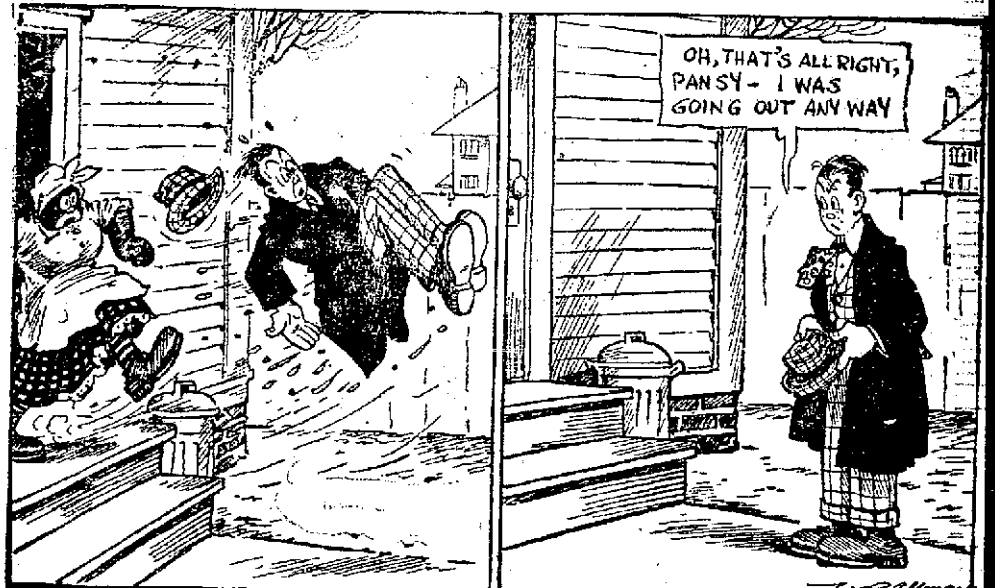
About the last thing in the world Russia seems to want today is guns. The cry for bread, meat and shoes has left the Russian "Krupps" without much to do. That is why Vladimir Baranovsky, son of Petrograd's famous cannon manufacturer and brother-in-law of Kerensky, has turned to the study of American railroads to prepare himself for a part in the reconstruction of his country's transportation system. He is now in the United States on such a mission.



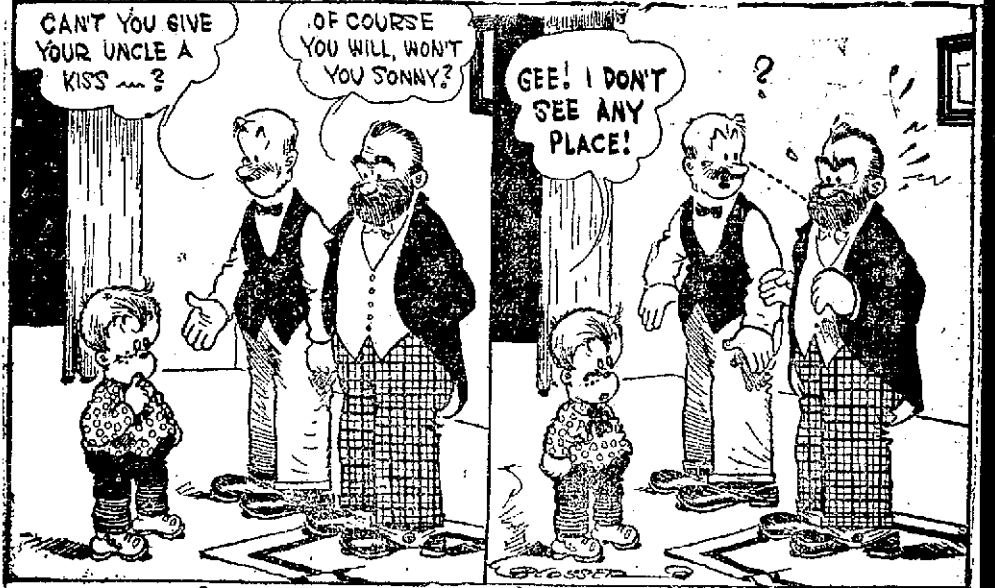
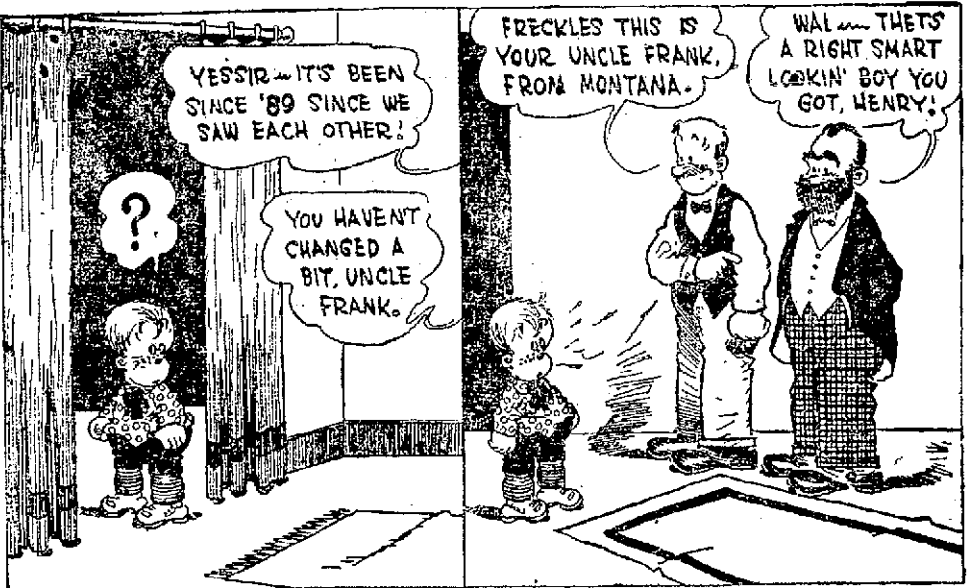
Bright, Sears & Co.  
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE  
Bankers and Brokers  
SECOND FLOOR



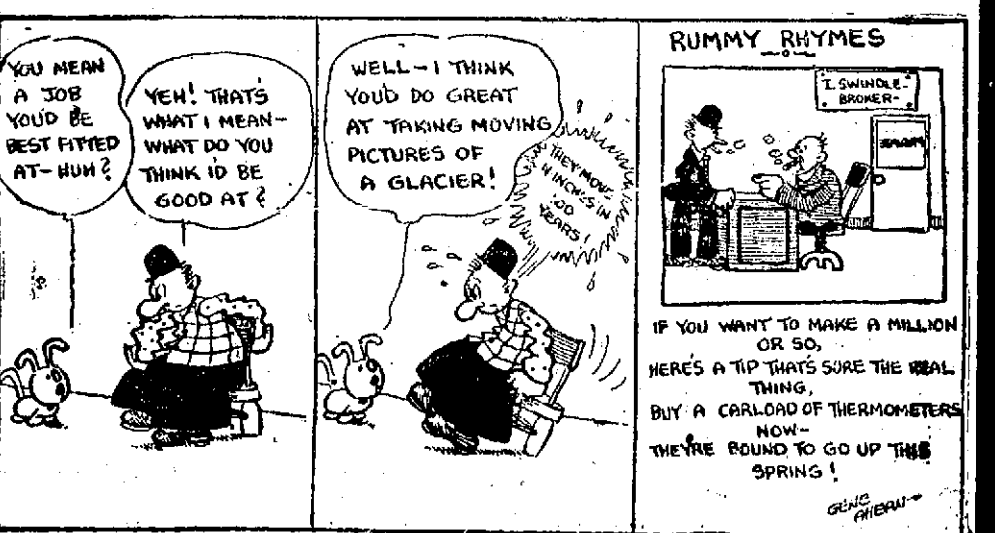
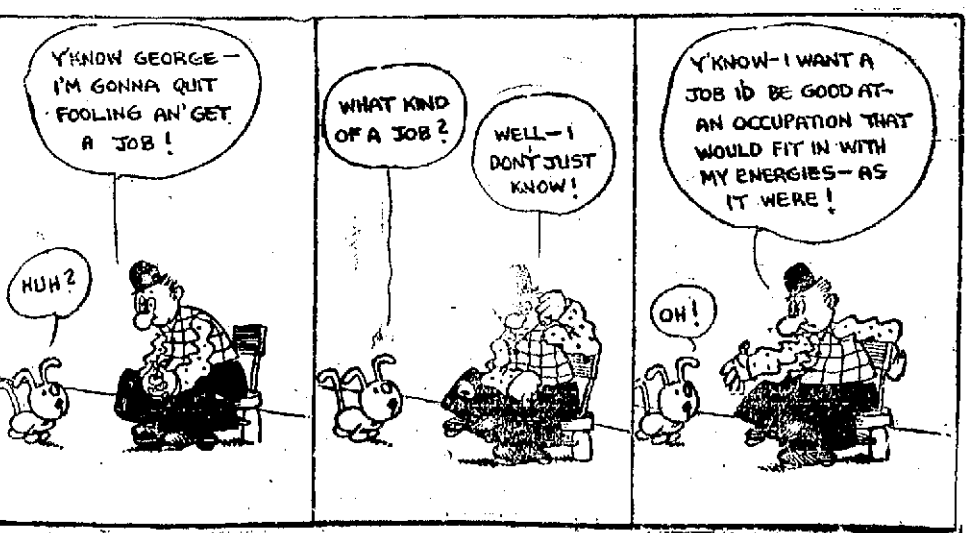
WILBUR GOT HIS FOOT IN IT AS WELL AS HIS FINGER



YOU'LL HAVE TO SHAVE FIRST, UNCLE



JUST THE JOB FOR BENNY'S ENERGIES



RUMMY RHYMES



IF YOU WANT TO MAKE A MILLION OR SO, HERE'S A TIP THAT'S SURE THE REAL THING. BUY A CARLOAD OF THERMOMETERS NOW - THEY'RE BOUND TO GO UP THIS SPRING!







# CARSON QUILTS WAR CABINET

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Sir Edward Carson, minister without portfolio in the war cabinet, has resigned. This announcement was made officially last night.

The prime minister has advised the king to accept Sir Edward's resignation.

The resignation of Sir Edward is interpreted to mean the failure of the Irish convention to reach a satisfactory settlement.

**Carson With Ulsterites**

Premier Lloyd George is known to have used every possible means within his power to induce the unionists of Ulster to agree to a settlement that would satisfy the nationalist sentiment of Ireland, and has relied to a great degree on the influence of Sir Edward Carson as the recognized leader of the Ulsterites.

But Sir Edward seems to have at all times preferred to stand by the Ulster unionists.

The failure of the Irish convention

**THE IDEAL TONIC**  
**ARGO-PHOSPHATE**

The world's greatest tonic for health and all run-down chronic conditions. It just puts pep into the whole system. "It's the best tonic I ever used," says a Boston physician. Dispensed in Lowell by: Fred Howard, Frank J. Campbell, Burkinshaw Drug Co., Dows Drug Store, Noonan, the druggist.

**The Bon Marche**

## Remnant Sale

—OF—

## Wall Papers

- |             |         |
|-------------|---------|
| 1 Roll Lots | 1c Roll |
| 2 Roll Lots | 2c Roll |
| 3 Roll Lots | 3c Roll |
| 4 Roll Lots | 4c Roll |
| 5 Roll Lots | 5c Roll |

Other Lots From 6 to 20 Rolls at Half Price

Hundreds of patterns of which we have fair quantities at 1/4 off regular price. These discontinued patterns include many of the latest effects and are clean, desirable goods.

**WALL PAPER DEPT.**  
Second Floor

has been generally predicted during the past two weeks, as the result of public announcements by Ulster leaders that they would never submit to the idea of a parliament in Dublin. The final report of the convention was expected last week, but at the last moment an adjournment for another week was agreed upon. This was taken to mean that another effort would be made by Lloyd George to have the opposing factions reach a settlement. This effort has apparently failed.

The home rule bill as passed just before the war began was intended to have an amending clause, under which the four unionist counties of Ulster might be left outside of its operation for a term of years. When the agitation arose, after the Dublin revolt, to have the home rule bill put into operation the sentiment was general in nationalist Ireland that the entire country should be included in the scope of the bill, but the Ulster unionists increased their demands and asked to have the four counties left out instead of the four originally named. The task of reconciling those opposing claims was given to the Irish convention, and though optimistic reports were current during the early meetings the unionists have recently shown a disposition to refuse a compromise.

### Opposed Home Rule

For years Sir Edward has opposed the setting up of an Irish parliament, and prior to the outbreak of the present war, when the Irish question was at its height, he even went to the extent of organizing and training the Ulster Volunteers for civil war against the British government if home rule for Ireland, which would embrace the province of Ulster, was inaugurated.

Less than a month before Great Britain entered the war Sir Edward presided over the "provisional government of Ireland" at Belfast, and in a speech declared that the time had come for the loyalists of Ulster to translate their words into action. Ulster, he said, was anxious for peace, but was not going to accept a peace with surrender.

In May, 1916, Sir Edward was appointed attorney-general in the newly formed Asquith cabinet, but resigned that post in October of the same year. In an address to the house of commons Sir Edward asserted that reason for his resignation was the fact that the Asquith government was incapable of carrying on the war.

In December, 1916, Sir Edward was made first lord of the admiralty in the cabinet of David Lloyd George. During the interim between his giving up of the post of attorney-general and his acceptance of the admiralty portfolio he frequently bitterly denounced the Asquith government on various points of its program, and especially on its declaration to apply conscription to Ireland.

In July, 1917, Sir Edward relinquished his post as first lord of the admiralty, and joined the war cabinet without portfolio, being succeeded at the admiralty by Sir Eric Campbell Geddes.

When the home rule bill was passed just before the war began an amendment was proposed by the unionists that four Ulster counties should be outside of its operation for a term of years. This amendment never came up in parliament and if it had it would have been defeated as opposed to the spirit of the measure passed in three successive years in order to overcome the veto of the peers. With the king's signature, the bill in its entirety became law and is the law of the realm today. Its enforcement was held up by Premier Asquith, who said it was undesirable that Ulster would be coerced into acceptance.



"THE WAR IS AT OUR DOORSTEP"—PARTY ORGAN

## THE SALVATION ARMY IN THE WAR

Under the auspices of the war council of the chamber of commerce at Providence, R. I., Commander Miss Evangeline Booth, head of the forces of the Salvation Army in the United States, will appear at a great mass meeting on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 27, and will be introduced to the citizens of that city and state by Gov. R. Livingston Rockwell. With delegations from the Grand Army of the Republic and the Boy Scouts as special escorts and guards of honor, Miss Booth will enter the Majestic theatre at 3 o'clock that afternoon and deliver an address upon "The Stars and Stripes." It is believed that this will be one of the most important and rousing patriotic meetings Rhode Island has ever experienced, for Miss Booth, whose abilities as an orator have ever made her world famous, has a special message to convey, and will discuss the part that women, the world over, are playing in the great war.

On Sunday, Feb. 3d, Commander Miss Booth will appear at the Tremont Temple, Boston, under similar auspices, and again a great patriotic meeting will be held. Each of the auditoriums engaged for the occasion seat about 3000 people.

The appearances of Commander Booth are the unofficial opening of a campaign to follow in February—a quick campaign of educating the public to what the Salvation Army is really doing in the war emergency, and raising a fund of one million dollars throughout the United States to sustain the work long since established wherever the troops of the allies are to be found.

The special message which Commander Miss Booth will convey has to do with these general facts: that when Germany struck at Belgium, the Salvation Army, which in Europe is a mighty organization and far-reaching in its influence, at once mobilized when the nations opposed to Germany made ready to defend the cause of a world democracy. From that day to the present moment the Salvationists have been shield, working in perfect union and with the other recognized organizations for mercy, and serving as an important cog in the gigantic machine for war.

Miss Booth will tell how 35,000 members of the Salvation Army are under arms and in the trenches of the allies in Europe today, and how they have been and died in proportion to their number, but just back of the line and

## For Bilious Troubles

That heavy headache, torpid liver, sick stomach, bitter taste in mouth, furred tongue, dull eyes and muddy skin, all come from a poor supply of bile. These unhealthy conditions are promptly corrected by

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

which stimulate the liver, regulate the flow of bile, sweeten the stomach, and renew healthy bowel action. A household remedy approved by sixty years of public illnesses, Beecham's Pills

**are a tested Remedy**

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

## JOHN RYAN MAY SUCCEED DANIEL WILLARD

President John D. Ryan of the Anaconda Copper company, and a prominent figure in the country's financial



JOHN D. RYAN

circles, is mentioned as the man who will succeed Daniel Willard as head of the war industries board. Ryan is now director-general of military relief for the Red Cross.

## MAYOR THOMPSON TALKS TO THE POLICE

Mayor Perry O. Thompson made what he termed a "friendly visit" to the police station last evening and addressed the members of the department in the guard room at roll call. He said the purpose of his visit was to become better acquainted with the men and the department in general during the course of his talk he spoke of the necessity of co-operation. He said the men to respect their superior officers and that the latter, in turn, were to respect them.

His Honor spoke in part as follows: "I intended to address you at an earlier date, but found it necessary to postpone my visit because of the numerous demands on the office of mayor and head of your department, due to war conditions. My purpose in being here is simply to get better acquainted and to assure you that what little help and support I can offer in the way of making your labors more helpful to yourselves and the people in general is yours. I know many of you by name, and many more by sight, but that isn't enough. I want to know you all and to get your confidence and

support. The police department of Lowell has an enviable record for its work and I want it to continue and improve so that it will compare with the very best in the country. Let it be a criterion for other departments to look to in the way of efficiency.

"Let us start out the new year with a clean slate. If there have been any past differences, let them be forgotten and look into the future. I want you to know me not only as the head of your department, but as your friend, as Perry Thompson, who will be with you to the end if you are right, but who will not be with you if you are wrong. As your superior I expect respect, and in return for it you men are also entitled to it. The same rule applies to the other superior officers of the department. If they do not show it, you are not expected to, but if they do, it is your duty to reciprocate. Above all, let us have unity and our labors will be satisfactory to us all and to the public in general."

## THE REGISTRATION OF ENEMY ALIENS

Supt. Redmond Welch of the police department has announced his plans for the registration of all enemy aliens as required by a proclamation issued by President Wilson. Under the terms of the proclamation the persons required to register are all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of the German empire or the Imperial German government, being males of the age of 14 or upwards, who are within the United States and not actually naturalized as American citizens.

All such persons, therefore, are required to make appearance at the office of the superintendent of police at police headquarters, Market street, where registration will be conducted between the hours of 8 a. m. and 8 p. m. on Feb. 2, 1918, and between the same hours on each succeeding day thereafter up to and including Feb. 3, 1918.

Each enemy alien who registers shall be required also to register his finger prints and must furnish four unmounted photographs of himself not larger than three inches by three inches, printed on thin paper, with a black background. Each photograph must be signed by the applicant for registration across the face thereof, so as not to obscure the features, provided, of course, that the applicant can write.

A registration card will be issued by the superintendent of police to each applicant who shall have properly registered under the foregoing regulations.

Cracked Fingers? Surprise Cleanser heals.

## BACKACHE KILLS!

Don't make the fatal mistake of neglecting what may seem to be a "simple little backache." There isn't any such thing. It may be the first warning that your kidneys are not working properly, and throwing off the poisons as they should. If this is the case, after the cause of your backache and do it quickly or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease.

**GOLD MEDAL** Maallem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles, which may be the unsuspected cause of general ill health. **GOLD MEDAL** Maallem Oil Capsules are imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They are prepared in correct quantity and convenient form to take, and are positively guaranteed to give prompt relief, or your money will be refunded. Get them at any drug store, but be sure to insist on the **GOLD MEDAL** brand, and take no other. In boxes, three sizes.

**PURE COD LIVER OIL**  
Pint.....65c  
Quart...\$1.25

**Talbot's Chemical Store**  
40 Middle Street

## BOSTON THEATRES CLOSED TODAY—TOOK IN ABOUT \$50,000 YESTERDAY

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Theatres and moving picture houses here were closed today, having taken advantage of the opportunity to remain open yesterday for the benefit of the holiday crowds. Managers estimated that nearly one-tenth of the city's population, or about 70,000 people, attended performances yesterday, spending about 50,000, and contributing some \$5000 in war taxes. Owners of bowling alleys and billiard rooms in Boston and other cities announced their intention of closing today in conformity with the spirit of the fuel conservation order, although permitted to keep open with unheated rooms.

## LOCAL HELLO GIRLS PRESENT DEMAND FOR INCREASE IN WAGES

The girl employees of the local telephone exchange, in accordance with the raise recently granted the Boston em-

ployees of the New England Telephone Co., have presented a demand for an increase in wages, the request being that the company grant them a maximum increase of \$1, as adjusted by the Boston union.

This action was adopted at a recent meeting of the organization at which the following committee was appointed to confer with the officials of the company: Miss Helen M. Moran, president, who also represents Lawrence and Haverhill; Miss Laura Taylor and Miss Grace Sullivan. The employees want a maximum wage of \$10 a week and, although their demand has been presented, no action has yet been taken by the company.

## ROMA USER FOUND GUILTY

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Rheinhold Faust, who confessed to placing a bomb in a local theatre during the opera performance, was found guilty yesterday of attempting to extort \$100,000 from Frank Wernora and James Morgan, Chicago bankers, and was sentenced to an indeterminate term of one to 20 years in the penitentiary.

## DAILY BULLETIN

From War Work Headquarters 119 Merrimack St.

## This Country Needs You

If you, and that means any one of you received word to start the day after tomorrow for somewhere in the U. S. A., that Uncle Sam had special work for you—it would probably take you by surprise! But you'd go and go loyally—your home, your business, your engagements, would be left to arrange for themselves—not quite as though you had died—but you'd make hasty arrangements and everybody would suit themselves to the inevitable conditions with surprising rapidity and helpfulness.

What! you have not had just this call—you have a call now—just investigate yourself—there is work for you to do—where is it? Are you on War Work—is your individuality—your immediate effort counting for anything in this war? If not, why work for you—it would probably take you by surprise! But you'd go and go loyally—your home, your business, your engagements, would be left to arrange for themselves—not quite as though you had died—but you'd make hasty arrangements and everybody would suit themselves to the inevitable conditions with surprising rapidity and helpfulness.

Do something that means something to your country, for world's peace and humanity. What do we mean by Slacker?

## A Necessity in Illness A Comfort in Health

## Electric Warming Pad

There is a hot water bottle in nearly every home, but they are inconvenient, awkward and often leak, causing discomfort and not infrequently bad scalds and burns. They also require constant refilling to keep them hot.

The Electric Warming Pad is twice as large as the ordinary hot water bottle. It is light and flexible and can be folded or made to fit any part of the body desired.

When operating the Electric Warming Pad uses less current than an ordinary incandescent lamp and the heat can be regulated at will by means of a special control switch.

COME IN AND SEE HOW IT WORKS

**UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS**  
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

**THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.**

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821

Dr. Masse

## DENTISTS

TEL. 5155

16 Russell Bldg., Merrimack Square, LOWELL, MASS.

Dr. Blanchard

# UNION MARKET

173-185 MIDDLESEX

TEL-4810 FOR ALL DEPTS

FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

Market Will Be Open in Future as Follows:—

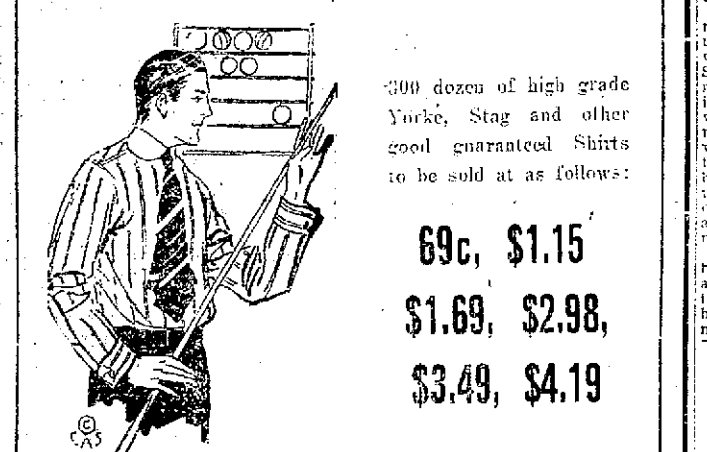
TUESDAY	7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
WEDNESDAY	7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
THURSDAY	7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
FRIDAY	7 A. M. to 10 P. M.
SATURDAY	7 A. M. to 10 P. M.

## Trades for Tuesday

- |                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Lamb, Yearling, Legs.....15c      | Fancy Prunes.....3 lbs. 25c              |
| Lamb, Yearling, forelegs. 12 1/2c | No. 3 Can Plums, heavy syrup.....12 1/2c |
| Log Veal.....15c                  | Pork and Beans.....7c                    |
| Forequarter Veal.....12 1/2c      | 20 Mule Team Bones.....23c               |
| Veal Steak.....18c                | 50c Furniture Polish.....33c             |
| Cream Corn Starch.....15c         | Toilet Soap.....7 for 25c                |
| Shredded Coconut.....9c           | Best Coffee.....19c                      |
| Van Camp's Milk.....8c            | Easy Butterine.....25c                   |
| Gelatine.....3 pkgs. 25c          |  |

**WEDNESDAY—FRESH FISH—Last Week's Prices Cut 25 Per Cent. and a Great Variety.**

## MACARTNEY'S GREAT Shirt Sale STARTED TODAY



300 dozen of high grade Yorks, Stag and other good guaranteed Shirts to be sold at as follows:

69c, \$1.15  
\$1.69, \$2.98,  
\$3.49, \$4.19

We cannot emphasize too strongly the money saving and value giving importance of this sale, considering the present cost of fabric and production.

At 69c—This includes our entire line of \$1.00 Negligee or Soft Cuff Shirts. About 75 dozen to select from, for 69c

3 for \$2.00

\$1.15—This lot contains smart Yorks and other good brands of high grade Shirts—Crepe, Madras and fine Percales, \$1.50 and \$1.75 values. 60 dozen to select from, at \$1.15

3 for \$3.00

**SILK SHIRTS**  
\$4.00 Silk Shirts.....\$2.98 \$5.50 Silk Shirts.....\$4.19  
\$1.50 Silk Shirts.....\$3.49 \$2.50 Yorks Shirts.....\$1.69

## MACARTNEY'S

Open Until 9 P. M.



# LOWELL WILL MAKE "COME BACK" TOMORROW

Lowell received 38 cars of coal this morning.

Of these 20 were of soft coal and the remaining 18 hard coal. The mills of the city received 7 carloads of the soft coal while the dealers were apportioned 12 carloads. The dealers also received the 9 carloads of hard coal.

This was about the most encouraging news which Chairman O'Donoghue had to offer this morning.

The latest shipment will relieve matters to some extent of course, but Lowell could use a lot more.

The general office of the city, the day of the five-day period of closing.

Continued on page two

# MORSE AND BROWN CLASH AT COUNCIL MEETING

The ordinance creating the office of inspector of wires, which, at the last meeting of the municipal council, was voted to be enrolled, was defeated at this morning's meeting of the council.

The first clash of the year between Commissioners Brown and Morse took place this morning after an argument had arisen over the adoption of an order for a loan of \$70,000 for additional wells on the boulevard, presented by Mr. Brown.

Mr. Morse argued that inasmuch as the Cook well water was being used to advantage by the residents of Chelmsford Centre, it should be good enough for residents of this city.

In the course of the meeting a vehicular traffic ordinance was presented and referred to the mayor, while an order instructing Andrew G. Stiles, city treasurer and collector of taxes, to file a \$10,000 bond within ten days was adopted. Considerable other business was transacted.

Thomas Taffe was given a hearing on his petition for a garage in Circuit avenue and there, being no remonstrants the petition was referred. Corrado D. Brady filed a claim for personal injuries, while George H. Russell filed a claim for damages to his automobile. Both petitions were referred.

The S. Carbridge Co. petitioned for permission to manufacture and store fireworks in the plant of the Bigelow-Hartford Co. and Feb. 12 was set as the date for a hearing. The Lowell Electric Light Corp. petitioned for a pole in South Walker street and it was voted to hold a hearing on Feb. 5th.

William L. Dickey, Frank W. Chaloux and John P. Miskella were appointed weighers.

Sidewalk assessments amounting to \$1298.64 were approved. A communication was received from the commission on waterways and public lands to the effect that the Boston & Maine railroad had petitioned for permission to dredge and lay a water pipe in the Merrimack river near the Alton sex station, and that Jan. 20 had been set as the date for a hearing to be held in the office of the commission. The letter was referred to the city solicitor.

Inspector of Wires

The ordinance creating the position of inspector of wires was read and Mr. Brown moved its adoption. Mr. Warrick said he was informed he would receive orders from the civil service commission to the effect that the superintendent of public buildings, superintendent of the city of Lowell, public cemeteries and the inspector of streets were holding their jobs illegally, for not one of the men had taken the usual examinations. Mr. Morse said he thought it would be better not to take any action until such orders were received. The mayor was of the opinion that the matter should be referred to the city solicitor.

Mr. Brown then withdrew his motion and moved that the whole matter be referred to the city solicitor. Mr. Cummings, a former commissioner, stated that shortly after the election of the superintendent of public buildings, Mr. Cummings, who was then commissioner, was informed by the civil service commission that the position was not a civil service one.

City Solicitor Regan was then sent for and when asked as to the legality

# War Cabinet Supporters to Push Bill in Spite of Pres. Wilson's Opposition

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—President Wilson's denunciation of Senator Chamberlain's attack on the war department and his openly expressed approval of Secretary Baker had the effect today of apparently solidifying sentiment among senate democrats supporting the bill for a war cabinet.

Some of them met the announcement of President Wilson's determination to oppose the bill to the finish with declarations of purpose to support it to a finish.

Senator Chamberlain said today he would not reply further to the president's criticism, but at a meeting of the senate military committee senators, democrats and republicans, conferred and determined to urge the legislation. Next Thursday when the senate reconvenes, Senators Chamberlain, Hitchcock and Wadsworth announce they will make a "straight out fight on the merits" of the war cabinet bill.

When it comes before the senate for committee reference they plan to open wide debate, discussing at length the testimony in the committee's inquiry into defects in governmental machinery.

Democratic Leader Martin and others supporting the president's position are preparing to oppose reference of the war cabinet bill to the military committee.

The president's assertion that he had learned of the war reorganization legislation "only second hand" was daily contradicted today by military committee members. They said both Senators Chamberlain and Hitchcock advised him last week of the proposed legislation and that he had written a letter stating his opposition.

They pointed out also that a copy of the war cabinet bill was left Saturday by Senator Hitchcock with Secretary Baker.

The president's statement that war operations had been delayed by the congressional investigations, in calling officials and officers from their duties to appear before committees was also disputed by committee members who pointed out that when Maj. Gen. Crozier and Sharpe testified they had been relieved of their duties respectively as chief of ordnance and quartermaster general.

A caucus of house republicans is planned tomorrow night to discuss the pending war reorganization legislation. Republican senators said today they might caucus also soon on the subject.

# CHARGED WITH INTENT TO COMMIT MURDER

James Barbaglianos, aged 25 years, who conducts a coffee house at 450 Market street and resides at 78 Jefferson street, was shot by Asah Kazanlis, who has a jewelry store in Maiden lane, about 4.30 yesterday afternoon.

Barbaglianos was hurried to St. John's hospital where the only bullet which took effect was removed from his body, but his condition is considered dangerous. Immediately after the shooting, his assailant ran away but later was captured while crossing the ice on the canal in the rear of Burnham & Davis in Middlesex street and brought to the police station where he was booked for assault with intent to kill.

Continued on page two

# All Essential Ships in New York Harbor Supplied With Bunker Coal

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Large supplies of coal were moving freely to eastern householders and trans-Atlantic shipping interests today as the result of the fuel administration's closing order, but clearing of the railroad congestion still was hampered by unfavorable weather conditions.

With manufacturing plants east of the Mississippi facing the fifth day of the shut-down and reports here indicating that the first headless Monday had been strictly observed, Fuel Administrator Garfield declined to say whether an extension of the closing period would be necessary.

"We will not cross that bridge until we come to it," he said. "There will still be the nine remaining Monday holidays. Results of the operations of the closing order have been fully up to our expectations insofar as the weather permitted."

Reports here said that New York already had on hand enough coal to fill the bunkers of 50 vessels loaded with supplies for the American army and the allies and that more than a hundred ships in Hampton Roads were being coaled rapidly.

Officials who recently sought a railroad embargo on general freight as a means of relieving congestion declared again that this step would have to be taken if the freight tangle was to be straightened out. Director-General McArdoo declined to order the embargo, despite its recommendation by the war conference board.

All Essential Ships Coaled

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—No essential ship in New York harbor is being prevented from sailing for lack of fuel, according to J. E. Parsons, coal export detailed by the United States shipping board to supervise the burning of vessels here. He said that of the ships awaiting coal in this port, a week ago but 81, none of them vital to the needs of the allies, remained to be coaled today.

This was the first word to come from authoritative sources in New York indicating that the fuel situation had been relieved materially through the five-day industrial suspension and its resultant curtailed coal consumption and loosening of freight congestion.

Fuel administrators and transportation authorities were handicapped today by a heavy snow storm. The storm coupled with ice floes in the harbor, reduced the movement of lugs to fifty per cent of normal.

Veteran harbor men say they cannot remember a time when the ice menace here was so great. The ice floes average 200 square feet, jamming the short line of Brooklyn, Manhattan and Staten islands. Two large trans-Atlantic liners spent four hours crushing through ice ten inches thick before barges could be put out. The Hudson and East rivers are filled with floating ice cakes.

The ice has seriously hampered the movement of coal to this city in barges from tide-waters.

The closing of hundreds of business and industrial houses for the past four days has resulted in an accumulation of mail in the postoffices that will duplicate the situation of last winter.

# FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD'S ANNUAL REPORT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Effect of credit expansion on the general rise of prices and the part the American people could play in countering inflation by wartime economies, were emphasized today by the federal reserve board in its annual report to congress.

The board says that even though credit expansion is not entirely responsible for increased prices, "regards in as one of its most important duties to prevent, as far as practicable, expansion of banking credit from running an uncontrolled course."

"Goods and credit," says the report, "must be saved to the utmost of our ability in order to check the upward movement of prices and in order to free for the use of the government the goods and savings required for the winning of the war."

The present condition of a greatly expanded currency will be improved, the board believes, "as the public partake in its duty of absorbing the government loans out of savings."

Before the third Liberty loan, the report adds, federal reserve banks must reduce their investments to strengthen reserves and avoid the expansion that has accompanied the last two Liberty loans. The board does not say specifically how it proposes to do this.

Among the many radical influences of the war on the money markets, the board explained that one of the most serious had been the effort of certain interests to have the federal reserve system absorb 90 day notes or other short term paper accepted with the privilege of repeated renewals. The board had persistently opposed such efforts, as actual deposits of the banks' assets on which the system was based, the report said, but it admitted that the difficulties of private and corporate financing were so great as to justify action by congress.

The most serious problem of corporate financing has been removed by government operation of railroads, says the report, but the situation is still serious.

"The board, therefore," continues the report, "respectfully suggests early consideration by congress of the problem of corporate financing in the belief that no satisfactory solution will be found that does not involve some degree of governmental intervention. The board is of the opinion that some plan for government intervention is also can be worked out which would meet the requirements of the situation satisfactorily."

Referring to the enormous strain during the last year on business by government war loans and aid given by the federal reserve system, the report says:

"The federal reserve note will more speedily attain the position originally intended for it, from being an occasional emergency currency used to supplement deficiencies in the supply of other existing forms of currency, it is becoming the most important constituent of our circulating medium, responding promptly and naturally to currency requirements from whatever source proceeding, thus giving to our whole currency a kind and degree of elasticity it has never before possessed."

Earnings of the 12 federal reserve banks in 1917 were reported as \$15,800,000 gross and \$2,300,000 net with declared dividends of about \$6,800,000. The board's expenses have been a little less than \$350,000, and the cost of administering the fund only \$350,000, or 1-13 cents per \$1000.

The entrance of state banks and trust companies during the year strengthened the system greatly, says the report. Although the gold reserves increased enormously in quantity, the proportion of reserves to deposits fell in proportion to the expansion of credit.

No radical amendments of the reserve act are suggested, although a few minor changes are recommended. They include: Election of directors by the public; a simpler method, provision for printing bigger denominations of federal reserve notes, provision for incorporation of foreign trade banks under federal charter, and permission for National banks to establish branches in their cities.

# PRES. WILSON URGES IRISH SETTLEMENT

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Daily News says there is reason for stating that President Wilson quite recently made urgent representations to the British cabinet on the desirability of an Irish settlement.

The Dublin correspondent of The Times reiterates the partially positive view of the convention whose reports, or report, he says, will at least advance the solution of the problem by stages of unprecedented length and importance. The end, he adds, cannot long be delayed.

"These countries would bring us no advantage. A Slavic tract through Germany would endanger the life of the country."

With regard to Alsace-Lorraine, Herr Harden writes:

"Neither Premier Lloyd George nor President Wilson believes Germany is willing to surrender Alsace-Lorraine to France at the present moment, but what about Germany's attitude two or three years after peace is signed. When there can be a fair consultation with the people, it was admittedly a mistake to take possession of Alsace-Lorraine. Must we always carry this burdensome inheritance of our forefathers?"

# SAYS GERMANY SHOULD GIVE ALSACE-LORRAINE

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.—Germany should not take any territory from the Russian empire and might give back Alsace-Lorraine, Maximilian Harden declares in Die Zukunft. He says:

"He who wishes to see Poland, Courland, Lithuania, Estonia and Livonia from the Russian empire makes of this empire a mortal enemy, for Russia will not always have Leninistic feelings."

"These countries would bring us no advantage. A Slavic tract through Germany would endanger the life of the country."

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# BATES AGAIN HEAD OF LORD'S DAY LEAGUE

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Former Gov. John I. Bates was re-elected president of the Lord's Day League of New England, at the annual meeting here today.

Other officers, all of whom were re-elected, including Governor Carl E. Milliken of Maine, Bishop Edward M. Parker of Concord, N. H., and Bishop J. de W. Perry of Providence, R. I., vice president; Rev. Martin D. Kneeland of Boston, general secretary.

The annual reports of officers called attention to what they termed the danger of legislation permitting Sunday work because of the difficulty of discriminating between war emergency work and that which is not imperative.

# STRIKES END IN AUSTRIA

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The strike movement which assumed such menacing dimensions in Austria on Sunday was virtually ended on Monday morning when the strikers either resumed work or held meetings at which a decision was reached to go back to their tasks today according to news agency despatches from Switzerland.

Before this, however, the strike and the food demonstrations accompanying it had spread throughout the whole empire, including Galicia, and had everywhere assumed a political character, with the demand for peace taking precedence over everything else.

On Sunday evening, according to a wireless press despatch from Rome, disorderly scenes took place when hunger marches were organized and a number of shops looted in Vienna. One crowd attempted to cut its way towards the imperial palace, but was driven back by the guards. In other parts of the city, the austrian state police were unable to handle the mobs which ran riot.

Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, who had returned from the peace parley at Brest-Litovsk, had a conference with Emperor Charles on Monday, after which two high officials of the foreign office were sent to Berlin.

The government now has the support of the more moderate socialists in its efforts to quiet the population but the radical wing, according to the Munich Neueste Nachrichten is making further demands, such as the release of Dr. Friedrich Adler, who is serving a long prison term for killing Count Karl Starck, Austrian premier, in October, 1916.

# BIG HOTEL AT SAMUEL J. ELDER BANGOR ON FIRE

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 22.—Fire which broke out in the Colonial hotel and is still burning, damaged the hotel between \$50,000 and \$60,000 today, says a local news agency. The cause is unknown, but coming just as dinner was being served the guests were full of guests. The entire fire department was called to the hotel and tried to contain the fire. The building was built by John Y. Ricker and others and is owned by the Graham Realty Co. It is believed to be well insured.

Local reports say that the loss on the hotel will be more than \$100,000 and because of the poor water pressure it will be burned to the ground according to present indications.

# ENGINE BLOWN UP FIREMAN KILLED

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Jan. 22.—The night express of the Rutland railroad, bound from Montreal for Boston, was wrecked two miles north of here today by an explosion in the locomotive. Fireman J. S. McCauley was killed. Engineer Fuller was probably fatally injured and several passengers injured but not seriously, it was thought. Several cars were derailed.

The express, No. 529, left Montreal at 7 o'clock last night and was due in Boston at 7.30 this morning. It was made up of Pullman sleepers and day coaches. When the train was between Middlebury and Middlebury the boiler of the engine exploded. N. S. McCauley of Rutland, the engineer, was injured, probably fatally.

The train included sleeping cars for New York which ordinarily are divorced at Rutland.

The explosion was due to the dropping of a crown sheet on the locomotive which resulted in such a great steam pressure that the boiler of the engine exploded. The entire front portion of the locomotive was wrecked.

Later reports showed none of the passengers was hurt.

# FOR FEDERAL CONTROL OF ALL PACKING PLANTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The demand of Chicago packing houses employees for government control of the meat industry during the war was broadened today to include all packing plants of the United States.

It was made clear at the outset of hearings before the president's mediation commission that the employees believed the question to be one of national necessity.

# THREE MEMBERS OF CREW OF FRENCH SHIP HELD

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—Three members of the crew of a French ship at anchor in the Delaware river were brought to the federal building here from Wilmington, Del., today and will be questioned by agents of the department of justice. They are Frank Verstraeten, Cornelie Jansen and Victor Divier, all claiming to be Belgians. They were taken out of their vessel at Philadelphia after the president's proclamation forbidding enemy aliens aboard vessels in American ports.

# Every Young Man

LOWELL INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS

ESTABLISHED 1878

INTEREST BEGINS FEBRUARY 2

125 SHATTUCK ST. LOWELL

CHIFFOUX'S CORNER

THRIFT

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued War Savings certificates to which are added, from time to time as purchased, War Saving Stamps, commonly called Thrift Stamps. It is a fascinating way of saving money. Twenty-five cents purchases one stamp. If you use thrifty you will hardly raise the twenty-five cents.

You can be thrifty by trading with Chiffoux's. For instance, take advantage of our great linen and domestic sale which is starting today on our Third Floor. Goods are marked at prices that are in some cases one-half off. Every twenty-five cents you save at our store you can buy a Thrift Stamp. Help your nation by using Thrift. Margaret's Daughters, High School Com. Dept.

Now is the time to start that bank account at the

Washington Savings Institution

30 MIDDLESEX STREET

FARRELL & CONATON

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS

243 DUSTON ST. Telephone 1813.

# They'll All Be There For The Moonlight Waltzes

TONIGHT

BRODERICK'S ORCH.

ASSOCIATE HALL

ADMISSION:

Gents 35c Ladies 25c

War Tax Paid

# DIAMONDS ARE GOING HIGHER

Everyone realizes the economic sense of purchasing Diamonds, because of the large amount of capital concentrated so profitably in such small bulk. This is money invested in a dividend-paying proposition and not money spent for a luxury. My business is Diamonds.

EDWARD W. FREEMAN

SPECIALIST ON DIAMONDS

39 Bridge St. JEWELER Next to Keith's

# THREE IRISH PAPERS BARRED FROM MAILED

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The Irish World, the Gaelic American and the Freeman's Journal, three of the leading weekly publications in this country, espousing the cause of Irish independence, have been barred from the mails. It was learned from the editors of these papers today.

Last week's editions of the newspapers were seized by Postmaster Patten under the provisions of the espionage law.



# STONE STARTS ROW BY ENDS LIFE BECAUSE ATTACK ON T. R. KAISER DIDN'T DIE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Smouldering fires of partisan feeling were set ablaze in the senate yesterday by Senator Stone, veteran democrat, with a long prepared speech, accusing republicans of playing politics in their criticisms of the government's conduct of the war and calling Theodore Roosevelt "the most seditious man of consequence in America."

There had been plenty of advance notice of the speech, which administration leaders sought vainly to induce the Missouri senator to abandon or postpone.

The senate galleries were crowded and republican spokesmen were waiting with replies.

There were many sharp interruptions during the two hours Senator Stone was speaking, and when he closed Senators Penrose, Lodge, New and others on the republican side answered with vigorous defense of their right to make proper criticism of inefficiency and with counter-charges of partisanship.

Many senators who did not take the floor yesterday were busy with notes, however, and doubt is generally expressed that another outbreak can be prevented. Senator Johnson of California was particularly busy with his pen when Senator Stone attacked Col. Roosevelt.

In spite of the vigorous language used by the debaters, much of the time during yesterday's battle the galleries and floor were in laughter. Senator Penrose's sallies would set the chamber into a titter when the discussion was taking its serious turns.

Stone Vehement as Usual

Senator Stone delivered his attack in characteristically vehement fashion. He strode the middle aisle, shouting, waving with clenched fist or wagging finger at his political opponents on the other side.

Senator Penrose in his reply conceded his desire to oust the democrats from control of the government, declaring a more efficient administration would be thus secured.

Senator Massachusetts spoke more seriously. He deplored inaction of politics into the war, defended Col. Roosevelt, declared that the republicans have given and will continue to give their support to the administration towards winning the war, but will continue criticisms of mistakes and inefficiency.

Expect Another Outbreak

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Indications today were that partisan debate in the senate, precipitated by Senator Stone's attack on the republicans and Theodore Roosevelt, would break out again on Thursday.

A two-day adjournment was arranged late yesterday in the hope that both sides would cool off and permit the controversy to drop, but many senators probably will insist on being heard.

## TURKISH SHIPS BLOWN UP BY MINES

LONDON, Jan. 22.—One hundred and seventy-two men of the Turkish cruiser Midulla, formerly the German Breslau, were rescued after the action between British and Turkish forces at the entrance to the Dardanelles in which the Midulla was sunk. It was officially announced last night.

Of the total of 310 men on the British monitor Raglan and the small monitor M-28, lost in the action, there are at present reported 122 survivors, the announcement states.

Both the Breslau and the cruiser Suifon, the former German cog, were mined, the statement adds. The Goeben is now being continuously bombed by British aircraft in the narrow of the straits, where she stranded after she hit the mine.

The Goeben and the Breslau, the statement continues, were on the Dardanelles on Sunday morning, the attack British naval forces north of the Island of Imbros. After the Raglan and the small monitor had been sunk the Breslau was forced into a British mine field.

The Goeben headed at full speed toward the Dardanelles, striking a mine near the entrance.

Turkish destroyers coming to the assistance of the Breslau were engaged by British destroyers and driven off.

## 3 SHIPS IN CONVOY SUNK—NO LIVES LOST

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Authentic news of the sinking at midnight of three large steamers, one of them an American freighter, while a convoy of 12 other vessels was passing a lighthouse on the Mediterranean coast, last month, was received in shipping circles here yesterday from Spain. Owing to proximity of the shore and a calm sea no lives were lost. The names of the ships were withheld.

The American ship was second in the convoy. As the leading vessel came into line between the lighthouse and the spot where the submarine lurked, obliterating probably by the beams from the light, the torpedo which sank her was fired. Before the American vessel could shift her course, she was crushed by the beams from the light and was in turn fired upon, the torpedo hitting her amidships. In a few minutes the crew of the American vessel, while launching their boats, heard the explosion of the third torpedo, which sent to the bottom the ship immediately astern of them.

So near the coasts did the sinkings occur that the inhabitants of small Spanish villages near the lighthouse were awakened by the explosions. They hurried to the beach and gave aid to the crews when they landed from the lifeboats.

Don't need much milk on this corn food says Bobby



Post Toasties

PATKINSON, N. J., Jan. 22.—Having prophesied that the Kaiser would die on Jan. 18, Konstantin Mueller, a retired sea captain killed himself by shooting here today. He left a note which read:

"I have been a false prophet, therefore I have slain myself against God."

## SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At a recent meeting of the members of St. Thomas council, U. S. S. D. D. A., which was held in the hall of the following officers were inducted into either for the ensuing year: President, Miss Lucia S. Carpentier; secretary, Mrs. Marion H. Morley; assistant secretary, Miss Lena J. Roy; treasurer, Miss Marie Anne; recording secretary, Miss Anna Carpentier; mistress of ceremonies, Miss Anna S. Amant; chief marshal, Misses Hilma Rochette and Miss Germaine; honorary president, Miss Albert Pinard; spiritual director, Rev. J. B. A. Parrot; O. M. I. of Notre Dame de Lourdes parish.

The annual election and installation of officers for Club Pass-Temps took place last evening with the following result: President, Miss Lucia S. Carpentier; vice president, David Lavasseur; financial secretary, Arthur Rochette; recording secretary, Z. Chouinard; treasurer, Ernest Chouinard; directors, Philip Rochette, Clara Vallette, Marie Marcel and Omer Rochette.

## MATRIMONIAL

John T. Turcotte and Mrs. Emma Touzin were married yesterday at St. Jean Baptist church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Antoine Annot, O. M. I. Joseph Turcotte, brother of the groom, acted as best man, while the bride, Miss Marie Eison. The couple will make their home at 27, Hanover street.

Trudel—Chevalier  
Donat Trudel and Miss Marie Clara Chevalier were married Sunday at Notre Dame de Lourdes church by the pastor, Rev. Leon Lamotte, O. M. I. The witnesses were Alfred Trudel and Louis Chevalier.

## COTTON WEAVERS' UNION

A largely attended meeting of the Cotton Weavers' union was held last evening in Grafton hall. The speakers being Commissioner Frank A. Warrack, Miss Mary J. Collier, John Hanley and Frank J. Mullen.

## DRAFT MEN BETWEEN 18 AND 32

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Authority for the president to order the registration and drafting of all men between 18 and 32 to be used in the conduct of industries necessary for the war was provided in a bill introduced yesterday by Senator McNamara and referred to the military committee.

## PERSHING SAYS DENIALS BY MISS PATTON AND HER FATHER SHOULD SETTLE REPORT

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Gen. Pershing with reference to a report in Excelsior of his encounter with Miss Anita Patton says that it has been denied by the young lady's father and by the young lady herself in the newspapers, any comment from himself would be unnecessary.

## CHAIN OF GREENHOUSES OWNED BY VINCENT ASTER ORDERED CLOSED

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 22.—Wealthy summer residents of this city, who have depended upon their greenhouses here to keep them supplied with flowers in the winter, will have to patronize the florists in their home cities until the coal shortage is ended. Local fuel authorities have ordered the closing of the chain of greenhouses owned by Vincent Aster, Arthur C. Green and James who has a large plant in glass, has shut it down with the exception of one small house and arranged for the distribution of a large pile of coal to poor people here who have been suffering from the cold. Several other greenhouses have been allowed to become cold, and it is expected that the movement will become general.

Local officials have seized the cargo of coal consigned to the Newport home of Edward J. Borland of New York, president of several local companies. The coal was distributed to a local company, which was ordered to deliver two and a half tons to Mr. Borland's residence and to limit each future delivery there to one ton. The remainder of the cargo was distributed among the company's customers.

## TO CONFER ON FURTHER CHANGES IN STYLES FOR WOMEN'S SHOES

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Representatives of the New England shoe trade will confer with members of the Commercial economy board in New York tomorrow, regarding further changes in styles for women's shoes for fall, with a view to conserving leather. While the board recommended a maximum nine inch heel in women's boots, the shoe trade stood out for eight and a half inches, and requested that the standard be limited and unnecessary embellishments eliminated.

Aside from the standard black, without patent leather overlays, shoes more or less in vogue, the plan was to have a variety of styles, with shades each. While there will be light and dark tans, darker shades, as to grays was more difficult because of the problem of having tanneries close their doors and not accept the standard specified by the board. At conferences here dealers agreed that such steps would be popular, as this method of manufacture would result in a great saving of leather.

## WILL MAKE "COME BACK"

Continued

was almost routine in its manner. A number of the mills and factories were running, but the fact combined with the chairman of regular holiday prison should attract some extent the damage done to the box office receipts by today's shutdown.

The local fuel committee has outlined a schedule of opening and closing hours which will apply to various local stores, offices, and places of which have been noted in the past previous to, in a local morning paper it was stated that barbers would open at 9 o'clock in the morning, but Chairman of the committee said this morning that the barbers would not open at 9 o'clock in the morning. They are to open at 7:30 a. m. on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings and not later than 10 p. m. on Saturday evenings.

Other innovations in the schedule in-

# The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

## Favored Models in Coats, Suits, Dresses and Waists

### AT GREAT REDUCTIONS

All Are This Season's Styles—All Are First Quality Goods—Marked At Prices For Quick Clearance.

#### SPECIALS IN COATS

\$12.95

\$18.00, \$20.00 and \$22.50 Value

#### Other Big Reductions In COATS

\$25 to \$32.50 Coats.....\$18.50  
\$35 to \$39.50 Coats.....\$25.00  
\$42.50 to \$45 Coats.....\$29.50

#### SPECIAL Broadcloth Suits

\$25.00 and \$27.50 Suits

\$12.95

In Navy, Brown, Green and Taupe.

Other Big Values in Suits

\$29.50 and \$32.50 Suits.....\$19.50  
\$39.50 and \$42.50 Suits.....\$25.00  
\$47.50 and \$50.00 Suits.....\$35.00

#### SPECIAL Silk Dresses

\$14.95 to \$16.95 Dresses

\$9.95

Other Big Values In Dresses

\$20.00 and \$22.50 Dresses.....\$14.95  
New Tulle Dresses.....\$14.95  
\$25.00 Silk Dresses.....\$19.50  
\$30 and \$32.50 Silk Dresses, \$25.00

#### WAISTS

\$1.49

Also a complete line of Neworgette and Wash Satin Waists, \$4.98, \$5.98 to \$12.98

#### STORE OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 9

#### STORE HOURS UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

Tuesdays.....9 a. m. to 9 p. m.  
Wednesdays.....9 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Thurs. and Fri.....9 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Saturdays.....9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

# At the Auto Show

A large number of people, especially automobile enthusiasts, were attracted to the Casino in Thorndike street last night, the occasion being the opening of the second annual auto show. The prices vary, the style of cars vary greatly as does the equipment. Owing to a delay of freight trains several cars which were to have been on exhibition did not arrive, but it is expected they will be on hand today.

The exhibition opened at eight o'clock last night and came to a close at ten o'clock, but during the remainder of the week the show will be open from ten o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock at night.

There was the usual enthusiasm displayed by the various dealers for the honor of making the first sale of cars in the city. A report of the local press was by M. S. Finkel, local distributor of the Overland, Willys-Knight and Willys motor cars.

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## POWER TO FIX PRICES OF WAR ESSENTIALS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—An administration bill giving President Wilson broad powers to fix prices of food and other commodities essential to the government's war preparations or for domestic consumption was in the hands of Chairman Lever of the agriculture committee today for introduction in the house.

The measure was given to Chairman Lever yesterday at the White House. Chairman Lever said today he probably would postpone introduction of the bill for several days because of the present tension in congress and on position which the board price-fixing powers sought by the president are virtually certain to engender. He did not appear optimistic over prompt passage of the bill as requested by the president and believed it would evoke a long, determined contest in congress.

MEMBERS OF CANADIAN FISHERIES COMMISSION CALL ON PRES. WILSON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Discussions of the American and Canadian fisheries missions were interrupted today for a call on President Wilson. Secretary Redfield introduced the Canadians, who are headed by Chief Justice Hazen.

Franklin into Rock street when Patrolman James Kennedy, who had been informed of the shooting, saw him. The officer, with drawn revolver, ran through Rock street several hundred yards behind the fleeing man. The latter went through an alleyway into Church street, through another passageway into Dutton street, across the railroad tracks, through Burnham & Davis lumber yard and was crossing the ice on the canal when Patrolman Kennedy reached the canal and ordered the man to throw up his hands, which he did.

Kazannis when brought to the shore was searched but there was no sign of a revolver on his person. Later the revolver was found in a yard off Suffolk street.

While the police were searching for Kazannis the ambulance removed the injured man to St. John's hospital. Only one wound was found in the body. The bullet had entered the stomach and had lodged in the muscles of the back. An operation the bullet was removed.

Held in \$20,000

Kazannis was arraigned before Judge Enright in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with assault with intent to commit murder. A plea of not guilty was entered and, owing to the fact that the man did not have counsel and that the victim of the assault is hovering between life and death, the case was continued for one week. Kazannis being held under \$20,000 for his appearance at that time.

Imbay, N. Y., has no saloons, jail, lawyers, doctors, church, movie theatre or pawnshop.

mills, taken as a whole, have a supply equivalent to enough for less than a month and a half.

The monthly consumption of the lesser industries, office buildings, public buildings, etc., is 5600 tons, indicating that the dealers supplying these have less than two days' supply ready to deliver.

In the hard coal, the kind that the households use, the monthly consumption is 10,000 tons showing that the dealers have only half a month's supply of that on hand.

### INTENT TO MURDER

Continued

Barbogiannos identified Kazannis as the man who shot him, but Kazannis said he did the shooting in self-defense.

The shooting attracted a large number of people inasmuch as there were hundreds of people in the vicinity at the time owing to the shutdown of the mills yesterday, and the altercation caused considerable excitement among the residents of that section.

Although the victim was in a very weak condition when brought to the hospital, he was able to tell his story, which was to the effect that the pair had been in front of a coffee house at 412 Market street in the morning and, according to Barbogiannos, where there was an argument and the pair clutched.

Yesterday afternoon they met near Kazannis' store in Malden lane and, according to his statement, he raised his hand to push the other fellow away, when the jeweler pulled the gun without warning and fired twice. On the other hand, Kazannis says that he did the act in self-defense as Barbogiannos was ready to strike him with a knife when the gun went off.

In the meantime a crowd had gathered, the ambulance was sent for and the police patrol, filled with men, was dispatched to the scene. But Kazannis was gone and so was the gun.

After the shooting, Kazannis, with the smoking revolver still in his hand, ran through Burnham street, into Little and from there to Broadway and turned into Suffolk street where James Reynolds, who was in a big automobile, gave chase. He was rapidly overtaking the man when Kazannis turned and pointed the revolver at him. Reynolds slackened the speed of his car and almost immediately afterwards one of the tires on the machine burst with a loud report.

Kazannis continued through Suffolk street and then turned into an alleyway which brought him into Lagrange street. He then made his way through

## THE HIT OF THE SHOW—

# WILL-HOLL

A MOST PRACTICAL TRUCK ATTACHMENT FOR FORDS

## \$185

(ATTACHED)

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF TO INVESTIGATE THE ADVANTAGES AND MERITS OF THE WILL-HOLL

PENNSYLVANIA GASOLINE CO.,  
411 Wyman's Exchange

## The Balance of Our WINTER GARMENTS

AT SENSATIONAL PRICES TO SELL THEM BEFORE STOCK-TAKING SALE COMMENCES

## WEDNESDAY, JAN. 23

At 9.30 A. M.

Seven Days of Unprecedented Values. Don't Delay. Come to This Economy Sale.

# CHERRY & WEBB

12-18 JOHN STREET



Lowell, Tuesday, Jan. 22, 1918

## EMBARGOES ONLY LOCAL, SAYS M'ADOO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Embargoes, which have been put into effect against the acceptance of new freight by several railroads, were declared last night by Director General McAdoo to be entirely local in character and not indicative of any proposed general prohibition against shipment of goods other than fuel, food and war supplies.

"Local questions are entirely in the hands of the divisional representatives of the railroad administration," he said, "and doubtless they took action because of temporary conditions at certain initial points, which do not exist generally."

The Bethlehem Steel company professedly was not affected during the day because of inability to move steel. Coal was given preference. The steel had to wait.

Below zero temperature, resulting in a shortage of labor and damage to equipment, caused a serious setback this morning in the work of clearing freight congestion in the east, but with moderating weather in the afternoon a hopeful report was made by A. H. Smith, director of eastern roads. Accumulation of freight held out for New York continued to show reduction and improved harbor conditions facilitated the unloading of ships.

"We are concentrating on getting empties to the mines and movement of coal out," said Mr. Smith's report, "also movement of foodstuffs east of Chicago, which must be kept up."

31 Below in Pennsylvania

Antiracite coal-producing regions

Dandruffy Scalps

Lead to Baldness

If you have dandruff you must get rid of it quick—it's positively dangerous and will surely ruin your hair if you don't.

Dandruff heads mean faded, brittle, gray, scraggly hair that finally dies and falls out—new hair will not grow—then you are bald and nothing can help you.

The only sure way to abolish dandruff for good is to destroy the germ that causes it. To do this quickly, surely and safely, and at little expense, there is nothing so effective as Parisian sage, which you can get from good druggists everywhere. It is guaranteed to banish every sign of dandruff, stop itching scalp and falling hair, and promote a new growth, or the cost, small as it is, will be refunded.

Parisian sage is a scientific preparation that suits all hair needs—an antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy, easy to apply, and delicately perfumed.

If you want beautiful, soft, thick, lustrous hair, and lots of it, you must use Parisian sage. Don't delay—begin tonight—a little attention now insures abundant hair for years to come.

Note: Parisian sage positively will not color or streak the hair.

## FAMILY DOCTOR'S GOOD ADVICE

To Go On Taking "Fruit-a-lives"  
Because They Did Her Good

ROCHESTER, Jan. 14th, 1915.

"I suffered for many years with terrible indigestion and constipation. I had frequent dizzy spells and became greatly run down. A neighbor advised me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. I did so and to the surprise of my doctor, I began to improve, and he advised me to go on with 'Fruit-a-lives'."

I consider that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-lives' and I want to say to those who suffer from indigestion, constipation or headaches—'try Fruit-a-lives' and you will get well'. CORINE GAUDREAU, 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

was said to be still affected by the freezing. Improvement is expected only through higher temperatures.

At the beginning of the day the railroad administration had to compete with blizzard conditions which recalled the unparalleled weather of several days ago. The temperature was 31 degrees below zero in sections of Pennsylvania, 20 below in northern New York, and 15 below in Ohio.

Congested terminals, shortages of power and lack of efficient labor were recorded in a special car-supply report made today by Commissioner McChord. One item of cheer was the statement that at several yards the number of "bad order" cars was decreasing.

At the Conway yard of the Pennsylvania railroad 31 trains were reported delayed from two to seven days each for lack of motive power.

At the Pittsford yard of the Pennsylvania 57 trains were ready Jan. 15 to go west, but 13 were held waiting for power. Some of them had been ready since Jan. 2, the report said. It was said that locomotives were delayed at the Pittsford yard for "material" supplies, lack of competent help and poor coal quality.

Short of Men and Locomotives

Only 54 per cent of the empties requested by mines in the vicinity of the Pennsylvania's Schuylkill yards were supplied, and eastbound cars, already loaded, were at the mines Jan. 15 because there were no locomotives to move them. Some idea of the labor shortage was given in the figures for this yard, showing that there were only 333 men working in the shops Jan. 17 and but 445 on the rolls, although the normal force is 600.

The general condition of power was reported bad at the Pittsford yards of the Baltimore & Ohio yard power be-

ing 50 per cent below normal. This also was ascribed to lack of efficient help.

Embargoes by connecting lines east have delayed the movement of oil on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas. Solid trains of oil now are being run out of Parsons, Kan., while cotton and other freight is sidetracked.

## MAN KILLED WHERE HE LOST LEG 12 YEARS AGO

RICHMOND, Me., Jan. 22.—Lewis C. Honaker, 21, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Honaker, was instantly killed last evening when his slipped on the ice and fell beneath the locomotive of westbound freight 226, on the Maine Central railroad. The accident occurred between the White street and Main street crossings.

Mr. Honaker was walking on the track and when he heard the train began to run. He was impeded by a wooden leg, having lost his right leg by being run over by a Maine Central train near the same place 12 years ago.

The train was held for two hours at the Pleasant street crossing while the tender was being jacked up to permit the removal of the body.

Medical Examiner J. T. Snipe of Bath will conduct an investigation this morning.

Mr. Honaker was born in Richmond. He had been employed in a local shoe factory. Besides his parents he is survived by four sisters, Bertina, Alice, Ann and Elizabeth, and two brothers, Charles and Clarence.

GEN. CROWDER ASKS MAJ. WOLCOTT FOR 25 ACCOUNTANTS FROM DRAFT LISTS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Major Edgar Wolcott, United States officer in charge of the draft in Massachusetts, has been requested to furnish 25 well qualified public accountants for service in the finance department, equipment division, aviation section of the Signal Corps.

The men will be ordered to New York Monday, Feb. 4.

Gen. Crowder has telegraphed that there is a report of cost accountants, and Maj. Gen. Stephens has telegraphed the local draft boards to notify him immediately of the number of accountants in class one of the draft.

Admiral Gen. Stephens has received from Gen. Crowder also a long telegram setting forth the conditions under which appeals from the decision of the district draft board may be made to the president of the United States. The important provision is that:

"Appeals to the president cannot be entertained except where it affirmatively appears upon the duplicate cover sheet forwarded with record and there has been at least one dissenting vote in the district board, and except also when a record is accompanied by recommendation or statement."

## COAL TAKEN FROM CHURCH IN SALEM

SALEM, Jan. 22.—Appeals for coal by rich and poor, with ability on the part of the authorities to furnish only a limited amount to a family, makes certain that, unless vessels and trains consigned to this city arrive soon, a fuel famine will confront the people.

Yesterday 30 tons of coal were taken from the basement of the Tabernacle Congregational church by the fuel committee. This is being distributed in 500-pound lots to families entirely out of fuel.

With the exception of a few cords of wood cut by the municipal shade tree department, planned for distribution to citizens, no wood is obtainable in this city.

At the office of the most extensive fuel distributor late yesterday afternoon, appeals were made by families for wood by the bushel, but no order could be filled. Never was the fuel situation here more critical.

Large loads of anthracite due to have arrived at this port several days ago have not been reported as yet. This is variously attributed to weather conditions and to a belief that cargoes meant for Salem have been commandeered for use at places south of Cape Cod.

It was learned from authoritative sources early this evening that there is no favorable outlook of securing enough hard coal the remainder of this winter to supply demands. Families heating their homes by furnace or steam will be compelled to use bituminous coal, provided it can be secured. The demand for coke is greater than the supply.

A carload of soft coal arrived today for the power plant of the street railroad company. This amount is sufficient for 40 hours. Unless more arrives, the plant will be forced to suspend by tomorrow evening and running cars on all divisions stopped.

The local fuel committee, in view of the possible famine, appeals to individuals with surplus coal in their bins to make offers of sale, that supplies may be secured for families known to be on the verge of suffering. Business at most of the industrial plants was suspended yesterday, the exception being establishments doing war contracts.

GERMAN PLOT TO DAMAGE MAINE LOCOMOTIVES

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 22.—Pres. Percy R. Todd of the Bangor & Aroostook railroad has issued a general announcement to all employees urging the greatest watchfulness and about the spies or sympathizers and about the roundhouses and shops of the company.

Pres. Todd says that two attempts have been made to disable locomotives under such circumstances as indicate that the perpetrators were employees or acting as such. Every employee is urged to report the slightest suspicious circumstance.

WOMEN MAKE PROTEST AGAINST DARK STREETS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—A volume of protest has arisen in Cambridge over the shutting off of the electric street lights and synchronizing them with the shining of the moon. Not the least of the protest is heard among police officers, though most of it is heard from women who are forced to pass through unlighted streets to their homes.

The police officers declare that the dark streets offer a tempting opportunity to snatch-purses and sneak thieves, who, having grabbed a woman's handbag, could easily make off through the unlighted streets. Also, they say, they are kept busy escorting women and

# A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Very limited quantities in the following items from the four departments which are prominent in the next Clearances.

Only Two Days of Selling at These Almost Unprecedented Prices

## Ladies' Gloves

Ladies' Knit Gloves in black; value 29c. Clearance sale price 19c a Pair

Ladies' Gloves in capes and 2-clasps, in white; value 50c. Clearance sale price 39c a Pair

Odd Lot of Ladies' Gloves in silk and fabrics; values to 75c. Clearance sale price 39c a Pair

Odd Lot of Ladies' Gloves in fabrics and wools; values to 50c. Clearance sale price 25c a Pair

Ladies' Gloves in capes and real kid, in white and colors; values to \$2.00. Clearance sale price \$1.00 a Pair

Ladies' Gloves in capes and real kid, mostly black and white; values to \$2.50. Clearance sale price \$1.29 a Pair

Children's Knit Gloves, in black and colors; value 50c. Clearance sale price 39c a Pair

West Section North Aisle



## January Clearance Sale of MILLINERY At Irresistibly Low Prices

Trimmed Hats, regular price \$4.98 to \$7.00. Clearance sale price \$2.00. Each

Untrimmed Hats, regular price \$1.00 to \$2.98. Clearance sale price \$1.00. Each

Untrimmed Velvet Hats, regular price 79c and 98c. Clearance sale price 25c. Each

Children's Ready-to-Wear Hats, regular price 59c and 98c. Clearance sale price 25c. Each

Fancy Feathers and Flowers, right out of our regular stock, at just half price, ranging from 25c Up

One Lot of Ostrich Plumes, regular price \$1.98 to \$2.98. Clearance sale price \$1.00. Each

One Lot of Ostrich Plumes, regular price \$2.98 and \$4.98. Clearance sale price \$2.00. Each

Palmer Street Centre Aisle

## Sheets and Pillow Cases

The balance of our stock of manufacturers' seconds, subject to slight stains or broken selvages, including some of the best brands of cotton, to be cleaned up at less than one-third (1-3) the actual value today.

SHEETS

One Lot Col Size Sheets (54x90), very good cotton; the cheapest sheet in this lot worth today \$1.25. Clearance sale price 59c Each

One Lot Single Size Sheets (63x90), made with three and one-half inch hems; some of the finest grade cotton in the lot. Clearance sale price 69c Each

One Lot Three-Quarter Size Sheets (72x90), or might be used for full size beds; excellent grades of cotton, some worth \$1.50. Clearance sale price 79c Each

PILLOW CASES

One lot good heavy quality Pillow Cases, in various sizes, but subject to slight manufacturers' imperfections. Clearance sale price 12½c Each

One Lot Tubing Pillow Cases in the following sizes: 36, 40, 42 and 45x26½ inches (Continental Brand Tubing), well made, with one-inch hem. Clearance sale price 25c Each

Palmer Street End Centre Aisle

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## A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

STORE OPENS TODAY AT 9 A. M., CLOSING AT 9 P. M.

## Special Sale Today

\$2.00 PAIRS OF NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, in Arabian and cream, only \$1.00

(200 PAIRS ONLY)

Curtain Dept.

Second Floor

## The Great Underpriced Basement

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION

(MERRIMACK STREET)

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Made of fine chambray and fancy plaid ginghams, in a large assortment of new styles. These are odd lots in sizes 6 to 14 years; worth 75c and \$1.00, only 50c Each

FLANNELETTE KIMONOS—Ladies' Kimonos, made of heavy flannelette, in large assortment of new patterns, nicely trimmed; regular \$1.50 value, only \$1.00 Each

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS—Skirts made in large variety of new models, of all wool blue and black serge; regular \$4.00 value, only \$2.50 Each

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

(PALMER STREET)

MEN'S UNION SUITS—Heavy fleece lined and wool finish, a full assortment of sizes; regular \$2.00 value, only \$1.50 a Suit

ARMY WOOL HOSE—Men's heavy wool hose, in white, gray and brown; regular 75c value, only 59c a Pair

DRY GOODS SECTION

(PALMER STREET)

SPECIAL SALE OF HIGH GRADE COTTON FABRICS—Worth 30c yard, only 25c Yard

Only 125 pieces of Mercerized Cotton Dress Goods, in plain and fancy colors.

## INSURANCE FOR UNCLE SAM'S FIGHTERS

The treasury department is making every effort to have every member of America's fighting forces take advantage of the government insurance plan, which Secretary McAdoo asserts to be the most just and humane provision ever made by any nation for its soldiers and sailors.

The purpose is rapidly being achieved, the insurance having passed the third billion mark in the total of policies written, and there are many military units in which every member has taken insurance.

The automatic insurance, provided by the law is only partial and limited protection, payable only to wife, child, or widowed mother and ceases after February 12, 1918. It is important, therefore, not only to the soldiers and sailors of the country, but to their families and dependents, that before that date they avail themselves of the full government protection, which can go as high as \$10,000 and is payable to a wife, husband, child, grandchild, parent, brother, or sister.

The law also provides for the redemption and rehabilitation of the totally disabled and monthly compensation to those disabled.

GARFIELD WILL NOT REDUCE HOLIDAYS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Two of the chief accomplishments sought by the government in closing down industry by cutting off fuel supplies have been achieved, Fuel Administrator Garfield announced last night.

Homes throughout the east, he said, are receiving coal in larger quantities than has been reported for weeks and tanker coal again is moving to the

seaboard in sufficient volume to supply trans-Atlantic shipping.

A third aim—the clearing of railroad congestion—has not been attained, as yet, largely, Dr. Garfield declared, because of unusual weather conditions. The first of the ten Monday holidays was observed generally yesterday and business everywhere in the east was at a standstill.

Reports last night told of a few violations of the order and said that thousands of establishments were closed even though they had a technical right to remain open.

There will be ten heatless Mondays, Dr. Garfield said last night, despite pressure to have their number reduced.

## DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister.

Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (often prevents pneumonia).

50c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.

WILL NOT BLISTER

MUSTEROLE

WILL NOT BLISTER



—the home drink

Besides its popularity at drug stores, fountains and restaurants, Bevo has found a welcome place in the home. A family beverage—a guest offering—a table drink that goes perfectly with all food.

As a suggestion for Sunday supper—Sweet red or green peppers stuffed with cream cheese and chopped nuts or olives, served on lettuce leaves, French dressing. Cold meat. Toasted crackers. Bevo for everyone. A beverage that tastes like no other soft drink. Pure, wholesome and nutritious.

Bevo—the all-year-round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS

When told by the acting chief of police that protests had been heard over the situation, Fuel Administrator Bright said that the "lightless nights" plan would, nevertheless, be continued.

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## PREDICTS END OF WAR THIS YEAR

John Masfield, the British Poet and Writer, Now in Boston

Looks for Cleaner, Saner and More Democratic World After War

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—A cleaner, saner, infinitely more democratic world, a world healthy, romantic, but intolerant of the unreal and superficial, will emerge at the end of the great war, according to John Masfield, the British poet and writer, who is in Boston to lecture on the conditions in Europe. He believes the war will end this year.

Mr. Masfield enlisted in the Red Cross at the beginning of the war, being rejected as physically unfit for military service. After working in France for a time he was sent to Gallipoli, but was soon invalided home. Since then he has been at work on the official history of the battle of the Somme.

"The war has knocked lots of nonsense clean out of the world," said Mr. Masfield. "Superficial things have been swept away. England is a different England today. It isn't the England you knew before the war. For one thing, everyone is much more democratic. Everyone seems to realize that we're all in the same boat and that each must do his share."

"Then, too, the army is becoming very democratic. Men are being promoted from the ranks as they never were before. Why, I was talking to a general one day and he told me that for very best and bravest officer on his staff had been a hairdresser before the war and the next best a linen draper. Somehow you don't expect hairdressers in a hairdresser. But there you have it."

### Generosity in the Trenches

"It is bringing out splendid traits in the ordinary man. There has never been more generosity and unselfishness than in the trenches. Don't think war spiritualizes men as some poets seem to think. As the common phrase at home has it, it's dull, dirty, dangerous."

"It isn't very nice to go over and stick bayonets into people and shoot them and blow them up with bombs. It's brutalizing. People who get accustomed to death and dead bodies can't help valuing life less and you must get accustomed to it or you would go mad."

"All that is going to mean political changes after the war. When these men who have been fighting and working want a thing they are going to have it without much waiting. They've been trained not to stop at obstacles. I believe that at the end of the war the labor party will be benched with the liberal party and the combination will be the dominating power in England."

### Changes in Literature

"Poetry will be different after the war. In fact, all literature and all art will be changed. Just now everyone is too absorbed in the war to produce anything. The only poetry is

## Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative

is an ideal remedy for constipation. It is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that acts in an easy, natural manner, and is as safe for children as it is positively effective on the strongest constitution.

Sold in Drug Stores Everywhere  
50 cts. (two sizes) \$1.00

A trial bottle can be obtained, free of charge, by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 457 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois

war poetry, written partly in the trenches and partly by wounded soldiers. "I think that all literature, poetry especially, will be romantic after the war. People are so 'fed' with the war, with horrors, that they will want something to divert their minds. They will want color, passion, excitement, real romance, adventure, stories of the sea, of wild countries, great loves, even great hates perhaps, but not stories of war."

### Predicts Peace This Year

Literature was obviously a favored subject with Mr. Masfield, who reviewed some of his early days in New York. Returning to his main topic, he observed: "The war will end this year, I think. Germany will realize that she had better give up Belgium, Northern France and even the eastern provinces than wait until America can make her power felt."

"We feel over here that America will be a decisive influence, not only in ending the war but in the peace to come. Please don't think I am coming here to 'wake you up,' as you put it. You seem to be very much awake. The morale at the front is splendid in all the armies. The Germans are very brave, too. They are fanatics. But of course, some of them are very much discouraged and during the battle of the Somme some of our men chained to the guns."

### Bringing Supplies Under Fire

"But you must not think that all the courage is shown by the soldiers. The carriers, who bring in supplies, are wonderfully brave. A friend of mine who was at the taking of Delville Wood, 'Devil Wood' they called it, the fighting was so bad, got into an abandoned German trench after the attack

it was a beastly night and they were hungry and thirsty. "Presently they heard a little faint voice calling, 'O, Capt. A., where are you?' My friend answered, and presently into the trench crawled a regimental servant with a good cold supper, hot coffee, cigarettes and soles for the lot. He'd come two miles over a road constantly under fire and full of shell holes."

"One of the strangest things I ever came across was when I was going over a deserted part of the Somme battlefield. It was the most desolate place I ever saw. Nothing seemed to be alive there. "Finally I found a wounded French soldier, left in charge of a lot of bombs. He took me to his little hut and showed me the bombs, all nicely covered up in the cellar of what had been a large chateau."

"I asked him how he stood the loneliness. 'O, monsieur,' he said, 'I go walking on the battlefield, and when I find a dead shell I bring it home, and at night I explode it in my fire. He showed me how he buried them in the ashes and then ran into a little dugout and waited for the explosion."

### Want No German Peace

"In England the civilians are determined to see the war through, of course they talk of peace, but it must not be Germany's peace. They feel that if the German armies can be beaten there will be revolution. "There isn't any actual food shortage. The present trouble is because there is difficulty in getting the food from the big wholesale stores. Transportation facilities are very bad and there is scarcely any petrol. Sugar is very scarce."

Asked what people in England did during their coal shortage last winter, Mr. Masfield smiled. "Why," he answered, "I guess they did what we did in Paris. Sat and shivered. What was there to do but make the best of it."

## NEW FOOD STORE RULING ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A new ruling regarding the sale of food on Mondays was made last night. In the original order all food stores were directed to close at noon, but Sunday night they were exempted entirely from operation of the regulations. Last night the following telegram was sent to state food administrators in respect to these stores:

"All wholesale and retail stores selling food are urged both by the food and fuel administration, on patriotic grounds, to close at noon on Mondays. Except that, wherever necessary, distribution of food to the people is endangered by closing, food stores are at liberty to remain open all day. The necessity for remaining open is to be determined by the local food administrator, who is to notify the local fuel administrator."

### DEATH OF GENERAL DUFF DUE TO OVERDOSE OF A SLEEPING POTION

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Testifying yesterday at the coroner's inquest into the death of his father, Gen. Sir Beauchamp Duff, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India from 1913 to 1914, who was found dead in bed Sunday morning, a son said the general had been already affected by an adverse reference to him in the report of a commission appointed to investigate the Mesopotamia campaign, and that the general had been busy preparing an article in his defense.

### NATIONAL LEAGUE WILL TAKE GOOD CARE OF GOWDY'S DEPENDENTS

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—"I have notified 'Bank' Gowdy of the Boston Braves, the first ball player to enlist, that the National League will take good care of his dependents in the event of his inability or absence," said President John K. Tener of the National league yesterday during a visit to Boston as chairman of the Blks' committee which is to build a hospital here for the care of crippled soldiers. Speaking further of the enlistment of the former Boston catcher, now Serg. H. H. Gowdy, President Tener said:

"Already I have plans to make it plain to Gowdy on his return just how much we feel indebted to him for the honor he conferred on the National league by being the first to forsake the comparatively easy ways of baseball for the active service of his country."

### RECOVER TOLUOL, THE BASE OF TRINITROLOUOL, FROM GAS BY-PRODUCTS

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 22.—Recovery from gas by-products of toluol, the base of the explosive trinitrolool, sometimes called TNT, will be undertaken soon by the Springfield Gaslight Co., President Charles H. Tenney announced today. Mr. Tenney said he expected 30,000 gallons could be obtained annually and added that the Springfield plant was one of eighty in the country with sufficient capacity to warrant installing the machinery for recovering toluol. He estimated that in a year all these companies could produce 7,314,390 gallons.

### PRESIDENT'S WAR MESSAGES TO BE FOUND IN THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR 1918

It is possible to count in The World Almanac for 1918 more than thirty titles referring directly to matters of the Great War. And even then the pages of information on war affairs will not all have been accounted for. Everything in there, from the conditions of the war and the growth of the army and navy and the loans to foreign governments and the war chronology and the new taxes and the acts of congress and whatever.

Moreover, the messages of the president are there, and when one comes to think of it there can be hardly a better place to preserve those splendid American documents than among the records and the chronicles of the events, calling them forth.

### ASK REPEAL OF LAW BARRING OPERATION OF MOTOR CARS ON NANTUCKET ISLAND

NANTUCKET, Jan. 22.—Citizens of Nantucket again this year have asked the legislature to repeal the law prohibiting the operation of motor cars on the island because of a report that the Nantucket railroad, a narrow gauge line, may be dismantled. The railroad extends across the island to Siasconnet, its operation resulted in a net loss of \$1572 last year as compared with a deficit of \$114 in 1915.

Since the announcement that the road probably would petition the public service commission for authority to discontinue passenger service, agitation in favor of the free use of the highways by motor cars has been renewed.

A committee which framed the bill to admit automobiles announced that under its provisions they would be restricted to certain streets and not permitted in the thickly populated section near the assembly building.

Recently the electric railway line on Martha's Vineyard operated for many years during the summer season, was dismantled and the rails shipped to New York.

### PLANS FOR MILITARY ENTERTAINMENTS

Washington, Jan. 22.—So far have the plans of the military entertainment council, appointed by Secretary of War Baker, advanced that the council is able already to announce some of the attractions that have been booked for the 15 Liberty theatres and the Chautauqua tents, established at the training camps for soldiers.

The "Smileage" books which contain coupons, twenty in the \$1 books and ten in the \$5 books, are to be placed on sale throughout the country Jan. 25. The idea is that all civilians interested in the welfare and happiness of their soldier friends and relatives, may purchase them and send them to the camps.

On each book there is a place for the name and address of the donor. It is expected that not only will books be purchased for individual soldiers, but that many people having no relatives or personal friends at camp will buy books so that the hearts of all the lonely soldiers who may have no friends may be cheered.

Some of the shows arranged for the military entertainment council have already started, the first attraction coming from the Lyceum and Chautauqua bureaus. The attractions running now and the camps at which they are playing are as follows: Camp Sherman, "The Musical Mads"; Camp Wheeler, "The Melody Sings"; Camp Jackson, "Hampton Courts"; Camp Wadsworth, "The Navy Girls"; Camp Meade, "Rumelian Orchestra"; Camp Sherman and Camp Taylor will have the "Metropolitan Troupe" half a week each, and Camp Custer will have the "Hawaiian Orchestra," the first half of the week.

Future attractions at the various camps have been arranged. The "Flora Bella company" will play Camp Sherman; Al Wilson in "The Irish Fifth," will start in at Camp Devens the week of March 18, and will play at all the camps up to June 24. "Theatrical Cheaters" will open at Camp Sherman about Feb. 1 and a bill from Keith's vaudeville circuit will cheer the evening hours at Devens. Plausibleness, where about 40,000 men in the national army are quartered.

## La Touraine

The Freshly Ground Coffee

Always the same in quality and flavor

"Save food and help the fighters fight."

With such care are the La Touraine coffee berries selected and with such precision and science are they blended that the rich distinctive flavor of La Touraine is unvarying. You will find it in every bag. You can absolutely rely on it.

Always the golden brown color, the delightful aroma, the rich flavor.

And all the rich goodness of La Touraine is sealed in the bean, never in a can. For La Touraine is not ground until you order it from your dealer. None of its quality is lost through long standing in tins or containers. Try La Touraine and learn how good coffee can really be—and yet so economical.

W. S. Quinby Company.  
Boston—Chicago

There is something about Quinby products which appeals particularly to reliable dealers. You can rely both on the products and the men that sell them.



Sold only in the La Touraine bag  
35c a pound—all grocers

## "NON-RICOCHET" SHELL ANTI-U-BOAT WEAPON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The "non-ricochet" shell, a weapon as deadly as the depth charge, is the newest device perfected by the navy ordnance experts for use against German submarines.

It dives when it strikes the surface of the water instead of bouncing as do the ordinary missiles, used in either naval or coast defense artillery. In addition through the use of a new fuse, the charge can be made to explode on contact with a solid surface under the water or at a predetermined depth.

The value of the latest anti-submarine weapon lies in the fact that shots which fall slightly short will be of as much effect as those which register direct hits. Pursuing its course beneath the water, the shell will explode against the side of the submerged submarine. Similarly when these shells are directed at the periscope of a submarine, headed bow-on, there is a material increase in the chances that an overshoot will take effect somewhere along the hull.

The navy department has forbidden the publication of details of the invention, but it is known that the British and French admiralties also have adopted it.

### ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING OF THE HIGH STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

A large attendance marked the annual business meeting of the members of the High Street Congregational church, which was held last evening. Haven G. Hill acting as moderator, E. W. Clark was re-elected clerk, while N. D. Keables was again chosen treasurer. Other officers elected were as follows: Edward T. Wilder, auditor; Russell B. Stoddard, superintendent of the Sunday school, and Miss Helen W. Barnes, assistant.

Committees were chosen as follows: Prudential committee—William H. G. Wight, William A. Lamson, Edward T. Wilder, Dr. Victor E. Darling, Dudley L. Page, Frederick H. Woodward and Fred K. Burd.

Sunday school committee—F. R. Woodward, Dr. V. E. Darling, Miss

Helen W. Barnes, Mrs. H. L. Galusha, Music committee—F. R. Woodward, Miss N. H. P. Robbins, Mrs. C. T. Hood, Robert P. Marden, Mrs. W. E. Jackson, Parish supper committee—J. Harry Boardman, Mrs. John L. Robertson, Mrs. W. P. Atwood, Mrs. Albert S. Taylor, Ernest G. Dumas and Harold A. Rex.

Delegates to the Andover conference—Donald M. Cameron, Edward W. Clark, Mrs. Donald M. Cameron, Mrs. A. W. Crocker. Representatives to the Ministry at Large—C. H. Nelson and E. W. Clark. Representative to the Federation of Churches—Mrs. A. W. Crocker and E. R. Woodward. Head usher—William Atwood.

### MEMBERS OF CO. C, SIXTH REGIMENT, HELD ANNUAL REUNION

The 30th annual reunion of the members of Company C, Sixth Regiment, was held at the Richardson hotel Saturday evening. There were 35 members present at the festivities and all spent a most enjoyable evening. The organization counts 14 members in the service of Uncle Sam, as follows: Capt. E. L. Kelly, Co. E, 10th Field Artillery, A. E. F.; Major Colby T. Kittredge, Sixth Regt. Mass. Infantry, Camp Greene, S. C.; Maj. Geo. B. Vaughn, U.S.A.; Capt. James N. Greig, Camp Stuart, Newport News, Va.; Capt. F. L. Kelly, Co. E, 10th Field Artillery, A. E. F.; Lieut. Thomas Livingston, Co. B, 101st Supply, Co. A. E. F.; France; Lieut. C. S. Hahn, Fort Monmouth, Va.; Lieut. Charles J. Duffee, Field Bakery, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.; Lieut. A. E. Duncan, Camp Greene, S. C.; First Serg. J. Brophy, Co. E, 10th Field Artillery, A. E. F.; France; A. E. Varnum, in U.S.M.A. service, France; D. Williamson, said to be in service; L. O. Secord, Stone & Webster Corp., to sail for France.

Soldiers who died in service and following the Spanish-American war: Q.M. Serg. C. Wendon, Corp. E. E. Nowlan, Corp. E. A. Barnes, Corp. H. E. Bellamy, Corp. F. M. Chardand, Corp. E. Houchard, Privates E. Baker, W. E. Colby, F. Hastings, F. O'Brien, J. J. Royal, P. McGlyne, R. Ball, D. T. Gifford, P. Maxwell, S. Regnier, G. Sutcliffe, Billie Phalanx, E. M. Flanagan.

Because of the scarcity of coal labor at the mines of a Susquehanna collieries company, Mrs. Cora Van Gasken of Shamokin, Penn., has been appointed weight-mistress in the anthracite region. Mrs. Van Gasken has charge of the weighing of coal at the Cameron colliery and has already mastered her duties.

### Children Cry for Fletcher's

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Coughs, Croup, Colic and "Just-as-good" are but excrement and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

### The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## What Other Food Helps To Conserve Grape-Nuts

As does

- Saves Wheat — made partly of barley.
- Saves Sugar — contains its own sugar from its own grains.
- Saves Fuel — fully baked.
- Saves Time — ready to serve direct from the package.
- Saves Milk — requires less than the ordinary cereal.
- Saves Waste — eatable to the last bit.

You are conserving when you eat Grape-Nuts



# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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## THE RUMPUSS AT WASHINGTON

The nation today stands aghast at the outbreak of partisan rancor in the United States senate as a result of criticism of the government and the effort of certain republican leaders to secure the appointment of a super-cabinet body that would have the power to hamper President Wilson in the exercise of his constitutional prerogative as commander-in-chief of the army and navy and the government head upon whom rests the responsibility for the conduct of the war.

In the last session of congress an effort was made to appoint a committee to supervise war expenditures. This met the opposition of the president as calculated to hamper his freedom of action in emergencies and, therefore, likely to do more harm than good. That matter was finally dropped, but the republicans who were behind it were determined to work out something of the kind and their plan to secure a controlling voice in the management of the war comes to light in the bill brought forward to establish a war cabinet that would apparently overrule the secretaries of the war and navy departments.

At first it was supposed that the talk of such a scheme indicated only a patriotic desire to aid the president in his arduous work, but now that even Senator Penrose, beyond question the greatest political plunger in congress, admits the charge made by Senator Stone—that he, Penrose, has been trying to put republicans in control of the war—a new light is cast upon the sinister purpose of the scheme. No wonder then, that President Wilson has announced his opposition and that Senator Stone has branded the men at the bottom of it as political plotters, who have been using the investigations recently conducted as a means of discrediting the government rather than assisting it in solving all the difficult problems arising from day to day in the progress of the war.

The fuel order was seized as another weapon with which to assail the administration, and so the battle goes on. Republican jealousy rather than the shortcomings or mistakes of the administration, is the cause of this rumpus and there is no telling where it will all end or the extent of the injury it will work in our conduct of the war. It must certainly bring aid and comfort to the enemy who is watching our every move and gaining inside information upon all our activities through the traitorous perversity of certain senators and members of congress.

## FIGHT BEHIND THE LINES

Determination, courage and confidence—we have got to have all these, and upon confidence largely depend the other two.

The administration assumes a heavy responsibility in decreeing that many thousands of workmen shall not work for any stated period.

The administration knows how much coal is on hand, how much can be mined, how much can be got to the consumer. It simply refuses to let present conditions meet the usually severe winter weeks of late January and February, when the weather requires the highest consumption of fuel in the homes and in institutions that must be heated at all costs. Such weather as February always brings to the regions east of the Mississippi would produce a positive catastrophe, this year, if recent conditions as to fuel production and its transportation prevailed.

We ought, at least, to have confidence that the administration has not, without fully justifiable reason, taken a step that would, otherwise, be suicidal.

And it is highly probable that there's more to come. War necessities will increase. The war will get closer and closer to every one of us.

If the country does not volunteer to save wheat, meats, fats and sugar, it will, very likely, be conscripted to do it. If we do not more generally, rationally and voluntarily curtail our demand for our manufacture and purchase of the non-essentials, war needs will, very likely, force compulsion.

If we do not want long continuance of this war agony in all our vocations, if we do not want a repetition of it in a few years, more or less, we must hold fast to our determination to fight for permanent peace; we must courageously hit as hard and often as we possibly can; and we must have confidence in our commanders. In a word, we must save and sacrifice our level best.

The biggest fighting force on earth is America behind the lines. Every one of us is part of that force. We are called upon for certain sacrifices. That is our part of the fight. Let us place "determination, courage and confidence" on our standard and hear it triumphantly over the whining pessimist or the crawling pacifist as this is our only path to victory, to final and lasting world liberty and peace.

## SLANDERING OUR SOLDIERS

Gross indignation has been caused by a statement sent out by one of the religious organizations of this country to the effect that drunkenness and lust are destroying the American army in France. The charge is indignantly denied by trustworthy and distinguished witnesses, civil and military. This published slander, it is understood, rests upon no more reliable authority than a few private letters the authors of which refuse to allow

the use of their names. Hence the letters may be regarded as anonymous and may be pure fabrications. It is alleged that the offensive statement has been made as a means of promoting the temperance cause, but no good cause will ever gain strength or sympathy from such indiscreet methods.

It is not a pleasant thing for the people of this country to read that General Pershing's forces are already whipped by debauchery and his diseases, that they are in hospitals and guard houses by the thousands, that the condition of both officers and men is appalling as a result of drink.

There is no need at all of going to France for arguments favoring sobriety and temperance as there is more of both in France than in this country. But to manufacture such stuff is an outrage that may be classed in the same category with treason.

There is not the slightest reason to doubt that the soldiers now under General Pershing in France are under discipline far more strict than that enforced in the military training camps of this country which is certainly quite rigid in reference to lapses from strict sobriety and attention to duty.

The military authorities of this na-

tion are endeavoring to have the soldiers under their command observe the code of honor and strict morality under all circumstances; and it is, therefore, the more reprehensible to spread such slanderous reports regarding them as those referred to above. The government has already taken steps to stop these slanders, regardless of the motive with which they are put in circulation.

## A PESSIMISTIC GOVERNOR

Governor McCall took a sane view of this coal conservation order. Not so, however, with Governor Edge of New Jersey who came out with this pessimistic whine reflecting on Garfield.

"Nothing could provide more encouragement to the enemy than the mere announcement of this (coalless) order."

That all depends. Rather will it convince the enemy that Uncle Sam means business, that he is going to coal the ships that carry men and supplies to Europe if the people at home have to shiver for a time, even if the factories not employed on government orders have to shut down.

Garfield's order means that all the other interests of the country are at present to be made subservient to the necessities of war. Germany knows our resources for coal and she knows that if we are not burning the coal we are sending it to Europe. Let the enemy take all the comfort he may in that reality. He would sneer at hundreds of supply ships tied up in our harbors, but he will not sneer and that all those ships are started

speeding in his direction. The Garfield order more than anything that has occurred since the declaration of war shows that we mean to put all our power and resources into this war and to make any sacrifice necessary for the purpose of bringing it to a successful conclusion.

Every congested freight yard might be cleared by workers made idle by the coalless order. We've sent 300,000 men into Europe. At least 300 ships loaded with supplies for them have been stuck in Atlantic ports for lack of coal. The ships are now on their way to Europe well supplied with coal.

Now let us put our eye on Railroad Director McAdoo! Coal operators declare, and it is susceptible of proof, that they can furnish the needed coal, if furnished cars.

"Hits vast army of workers!" declares a newspaper headline. True, but if we got the coal to move us to Europe, we'd hit a vaster army of Huns so they'll feel it.

Instead of a coal shortage, you give us a wages shortage, says Senator Reed. You cannot fire shipbuilders with wages and you can with coal.

## SEEN AND HEARD

After all, hot weather will be just as hard to bear next summer.

When a man is twisting with the rheumatism, he isn't trying to find an easier position. He is trying to find an easy position.

Abe Martin says: "Ever time I see the owner of a \$1000 dog I wonder why he

don't sell him and buy some shoes or a clean shirt. Mrs. Tipton Bud 'il entertain friends this evening. No solicitations.

By diligent reading of the contradictory dispatches we can get to know almost as much about what is really happening in Russia as the Russian peasants know about us.

In the old days some college students used to burn the midnight oil. In these modern days of automobiles college students are more conspicuous burning midnight gasoline.

When there is such a shortage of fuel perhaps it is permissible to wish that you could chop us for firewood the piano that your neighbor's little girl is practicing on or the "canned music" box that is in operation early and late.

It wouldn't be so bad to have to pay the high price for a new pair of shoes if, when your old rubbers are perfectly good, you didn't have to buy a pair of new rubbers to fit the new shoes.

Extraordinary Weather "Snow," the Weather Bureau said, clouds were gathering overhead. Soon the flakes were falling. Down like flour from the skies. Then the wind began to rise, and the snow was drifting.

All night long the snowflakes fell. Fell on lawn and date and dell. Made the world a wonder. Then, to boost this winter's fame, Swish! A flash of lightning came, And a clap of thunder!

Everyone is now perplexed. Wondering what's coming next. Puzzled as a printer. Trying to read a line of print. Languishing to say: "Goodby. You old-fashioned 'Winter'!" —Somerville Journal.

Sugar Luck in Canada It was the morning of Friday, Jan. 4, in a Canadian city. Outside it was bitter cold, the wind howled unces-

Open This Evening Until 9 O'Clock

## POSITIVELY

there will be no further reduction in the prices of our fine Winter Suits—

We have marked down ROGERS-PEET,

"SOCIETY BRAND" and other expensive Suits—to these final prices:

\$38.50, \$35, \$32, \$30 Suits.....\$26.50  
\$38, \$27, \$25 Suits.....\$22.50  
\$25, \$23, \$20 Suits.....\$18.50  
\$20, \$18 Suits.....\$15.00  
Young Men's \$18 Suits.....\$13.75

## A Few Fine Overcoats

marked down—

Smart Trench Overcoats, strictly all wool—that sold as below—

\$30, \$25, \$23 Overcoats, now.....\$19.50

**PUTNAM & SON CO.**

166 CENTRAL STREET


# in Case of FIRE

Your Insurance covers this



**Pyrene**  
KILLS FIRE  
SAVES LIFE

You lose this



The quickest way to lose a fortune today is to have a fire. Building materials in the past year have taken a terrific jump in price. An insurance policy which last year amply protected you, today scarcely covers two-thirds the cost of rebuilding your plant, warehouse or shipyard. And insurance rates are climbing. War is on. Incendiaries are loose. Norfolk, Va., is a woeful example of what they can do. The best answer ever found to the industrial fire problem is Pyrene. Thousands of plants can thank their existence to the Pyrene Extinguisher. Are there Pyrenes in your plant? If so, are there enough? —1 to every 1000 square feet? Be sure of this!

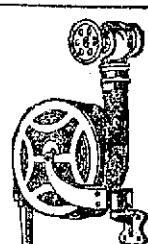
Leidecker Tool Co.,  
Marietta, Ohio (Home Office)  
Just saved entire plant from fire with Pyrene Fire Extinguishers. Express us twenty-four re-charges for same.  
LEIDECKER TOOL CO. (Factory)"

And have you other Pyrene fire weapons such as Soda and Acid Extinguishers, Chemical Engines and Fire Hose?

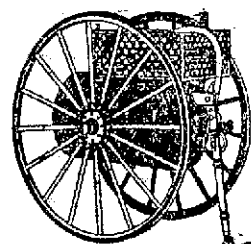
Today is the day to prepare. Next week may find your factory in ashes.



**PYRENE FIRE EXTINGUISHER** 14 inches long, weighs 6 pounds. Non-conductor of electricity, effective on all kinds of fires, including gasoline.



**LINEN AND COTTON RUBBER LINED HOSE.** Made in many lengths and labeled strictly in accordance with the requirements of the Associated Mutual Fire Insurance Companies and the National Fire Protective Association.



**GUARDENE CHEMICAL ENGINE** (40 gallons.) A factory size fire engine has saved many a plant from sure destruction.



**GUARDENE Soda and Acid Extinguisher** —Required in some risks by insurance and other regulations.

The Relc Stationary Chemical Engine, for protection of all buildings; all Fire Department brass goods; Fire Department supplies; Fire Department uniforms, rubber coats, rubber boots; first aid kits; industrial goggles; respirators; smoke helmets; warning and exit signs; extinguisher re-charges; fire pails; fire buckets. The Kaiser's fire fiends are loose. See that your factory is equipped to fight fire.

Send me your Fire Prevention Booklet and Catalog.

Telephone  
61 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York City  
Boston, Post Box 3303  
Hartford, Post Hill 3303

FIRM NAME  
INDIVIDUAL  
ADDRESS

## TWO OLD ADVERSARIES MEET IN PEACE

At their first encounter they pledged their respective nations in a bitter toast of bullets.

At the second they faced each other in amity across the banquet table—old enemies become allies.

It was at Port Arthur in the Russo-Japanese war that Rear Admiral T. Rosse, then captain in the czar's navy, introduced himself to a Japanese adversary of similar rank in a pistol duel from battleship bridges as his vessel was making a running escape.

The Russian was the only one of the squadron to break through



REAR ADMIRAL T. ROSSE OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY

the Mikado's bottling maneuver. A few weeks ago Rear Admiral Rosse, who had been an aid to the deposed czar, was coming through Tokyo on his way to the United States, when a friendly hand slipped him on the back.

"We did not finish our engagement that other time," said his old enemy, his face now wreathed in smiles. "I assume that I still have the right of challenge. But this time I shall elect dinner forks and glasses instead of automatics. Is that agreeable?"

It was. And so the two held their second encounter. It resulted in a draw, as the admiral explained upon his arrival in San Francisco.

artist with rare touch to the memory of a fellow poet whom he admired. The poem follows:

**Alan Seeger**  
American—Member of the Foreign Legion—Killed in Action, July 4, 1916.

Somewhere in France where crossed lean  
Above so many graves today;  
Where faded lilies place their screen,  
And summer winds kneel down to pray;

You, who first ventured over-seas,  
To watch, at last, the light grow dim,  
God must have sent his gentlest breeze  
To bring your spirit back to Him.

Somewhere in France, dust unto dust,  
You wait beyond the Inn of Life,  
Where through lone nights the guarding crust  
Shuts out the clamor of the strife;

But far above the crimson sod  
No barrier your soul might stop,  
When from the Great White Throne of God,  
You see the Legion cross the top.

A year ago today you knew  
The endless melody of song;  
You saw that summer skies were blue—  
That drifting summer days were long;

You waited, while the twilight's breath  
Came crooning some old serenade,  
To hold your "rendezvous with Death"  
At some disputed barricade.

Today the Legion holds the line  
Broken by the driving mass,  
Where you have helped to write the sign  
In dripping blood—"They Shall Not Pass!"

And now beyond the far divide  
You see the Starry Flag advance  
Among the millions who have died  
For love of Liberty—and France.

The Eagle's wings at last are spread  
Above a never beaten shield,  
Where still among the deathless dead  
Your spectre haunts the clothed field;

And borne afar on summer's breath  
You send this message hurdling through—  
"I had a rendezvous with Death—  
I did not fail that rendezvous!"

GRANTLAND RICE.

Soft clean hands absolutely result from using Surprise Cleanser.

**Calcerbs**  
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A safe, effective remedy without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists  
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

**NOTICE**

In compliance with the provisions of Chapter 62 of the Revised Laws of Massachusetts, and amendments thereto, I hereby give notice to all inhabitants or persons having usual places of business in the City of Lowell, who use weights, measures or balances for the purposes of selling, buying or exchanging goods, wares, merchandise or other commodities for public weighing, or for reward, to bring in their weights, measures and balances to be adjusted and sealed.

I shall be at the office of the Sealer of Weights and Measures during the month of February to attend to this duty.

OFFICE—Old Mann School Building, Broadway.

OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 4.30 p. m.

WARREN P. RIORDAN,  
Sealer of Weights and Measures.

Lowell, Massachusetts.

DEPARTMENT OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

**NOTICE**

Gas Fixtures, Globes, Mantles, Etc.

**Welch Bros Co.**

73 MIDDLE STREET



## MORSE AND BROWN CLASH

Continued

Brown again withdrew his motion and moved that the ordinance be passed to be ordained. The motion was defeated, the mayor and Commissioners Donnelly, Warnock and Morse voting against.

## Order to Borrow \$70,000

Commissioner Brown presented an order for the borrowing of \$70,000 for the extension of water mains and water departmental equipment. The loan to be on a five-year basis, spreading of the order Mr. Brown said the department is in excellent condition. He said during the past year the sum of \$95,825.80 was clipped from the city's debt. He said he brought in the order because the high cost of labor and material did not permit the department to run on its own resources. He said in order to give Lowell pure well water it will be necessary to have more wells. He referred to the opening of the Cook wells and said the people of the Highlands are forced to use water that is not filtered and as a result numerous complaints are coming in. He said the daily consumption of water was 5,500,000 gallons, while that has increased during the cold spell to 11,000,000 gallons. The pumpage capacity is 9,000,000 gallons a day, leaving a shortage of 2,000,000 gallons a day. He said as a result of the increase in consumption if a conflagration should occur in the city of Lowell, the water department, he said, "is asking for nothing but the privilege of financing itself."

## Engineer Barbour

Mr. H. Barbour, engineer, was then called by Mr. Morse. He said there is not the slightest question but that the city needs more water. He said in 1914, after studying conditions in Lowell he recommended a day filtration of a filtration plant and also an increase in the well fields. He said up to 1914 the city got a little over 1,000,000 gallons from the boulevard wells and now the average daily pumpage is over 6,000,000 gallons. Mr. Barbour then gave an estimate of the consumption, pumpage and quantity of water in the reservoir during the early part of January, of the cold spell. Referring to the Cook wells, he said they had been condemned by the state board of health and if the water is used for such a time lead poisoning will result. With additional wells on the boulevard, he said, "you will be able to supply the entire city with filtered water."

Mr. Morse suggested that water be drawn from the Merrimack river and filtered, but Mr. Barbour said that is being done in Lawrence, but an investigation is now being conducted in the Merrimack river city and anybody who can afford it in Lawrence is drinking spring water. He further stated that the filtration plant in Lowell was designed for the filtration of ground water.

The mayor asked if there were any wells driven since 1914 and the reply was in the negative. Mr. Brown volunteered the information that money was being raised for the purchase of land, but no wells were driven.

Mr. Morse wanted to know how much it would cost for the digging of wells and Mr. Barbour replied it would be about \$1000 a well, but that would include connections. He also stated that between 150 and 250 wells are needed.

"Do you anticipate a water famine in Lowell?" Mr. Morse asked.

"I am not a prophet or the son of a prophet," replied Mr. Barbour, "but I can say that Lowell is badly in need of additional wells."

Mr. Brown then appealed to his colleagues for the passage of the order by saying the new wells would save the city about \$1000 of coal a day.

## Brown and Morse

Mr. Morse stated that residents of Chelmsford Centre are using Cook well water right along and there is no case of poisoning there. This statement brought a red hot discussion between Mr. Morse and Mr. Brown, the latter stating that if Mr. Morse favored the use of Cook well water he should bear the responsibility. Mr. Brown concluded by saying "I suppose you don't care what happens now as far as you are concerned, Mr. Morse."

The mayor thought it was a very large amount of money to borrow and Mr. Brown replied that the amount would be paid out of the water department's revenues.

Mr. Morse said some time ago he saw in the paper that Mr. Brown would vote for no more than \$100,000 loans during the year. "Now he comes to the front," continued Mr. Morse, "and asks for \$70,000, but he cares nothing about others. I have 300 or 400 men to take care of."

Mr. Donnelly said he had a great deal of respect for Mr. Brown and Mr. Barbour, but there were things he did not quite understand in the ordinance and he recommended that action be deferred until next Tuesday and it was so voted.

## Vehicular Traffic Ordinance

The following ordinance was introduced and referred to the mayor:

**CITY OF LOWELL**

An ordinance regulating certain phases of vehicular traffic.

Be it ordained by the municipal council of the city of Lowell, as follows:

Sec. 1. That the use of any carriage or vehicle on public ways or streets of the city of Lowell, no matter how propelled, is prohibited when such carriage or vehicle is so constructed, enclosed or loaded as to be dangerous, to obstruct traffic or to prevent the driver or operator from having a view sufficient for the safety of himself and others.

Sec. 2. That the loading of a vehicle to be propelled through the public ways within the city of Lowell is prohibited when material is so loaded that loud noises arise from the contact of part or parts of the material with other parts of said material through the mobility of the load.

Sec. 3. That no one under the age of 16 years shall drive or operate in the city of Lowell a vehicle intended for commercial purposes.

Sec. 4. No one shall ride upon the rear of a vehicle in the city of Lowell, no matter how such vehicle is propelled, without the driver's or the operator's consent. If such riding is assented to by the one in charge of such vehicle no part of such person's body shall extend beyond the limits of the vehicle.

Sec. 5. No vehicle in the city of Lowell, excepting only such vehicle as is running on rails or tracks, shall tow more than one more vehicle, and in no event shall the connection in such towing be longer than 16 feet.

Sec. 6. Coasting in, about or upon public ways or places in the city of Lowell is prohibited in such ways or places as are declared to be dangerous by the superintendent of police of Lowell.

Sec. 7. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty dollars for each offence.

Sec. 8. Any and all ordinances, or parts of ordinances, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

## City Treasurer's Bond

Mr. Warnock asked if City Treasurer's Stiles' bond had been filed, and the reply was in the negative. Mr. Warnock then presented an order requesting Mr. Stiles to file a \$50,000 bond within 10 days after the said Mr. Stiles has been properly notified by the city clerk. The order was adopted. The meeting adjourned at 12:15 until 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

## DEATHS

**DUFFY**—Mrs. Elizabeth (Kennedy) Duffy, aged 85 years, died this morning at the Lowell hospital after a

short illness. She is survived by her husband, James Duffy, and several nieces and nephews. Her remains were removed to her home, 283 Lakewood avenue, by Undertaker James W. McKenna.

**FREEMAN**—Ira, aged 7 years and 17 days, died today at the home of her parents, Jacob and Anna Freeman, 69 Royal street. Burial took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Hebrew cemetery in Chelmsford under the direction of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Sons.

**HIGSON**—Mrs. Ann Higson died yesterday at her home, 5 Lowell street, North Billerica, aged 66 years. She leaves, besides her husband, Joseph, two daughters, Mrs. M. H. Warner of Manchester, Mass., and Mrs. Arthur Switzer of North Billerica; three sons, Joseph, Jr., and William of North Billerica and Charles of Denver, Colo. She was a member of St. Anne's church of North Billerica and St. Elizabeth's guild.

**JOHNSON**—Died Jan. 22, in this city, Mrs. Nellie H. Johnson, aged 54 years and 6 days at her home, 48 Sixth st. She is survived by her husband, Cyrus W. Johnson, one sister, Mrs. Edwin W. Bartlett of this city and one brother, Thomas Haves of Stockholm, N. Y.

**LEONARD**—Miss Margaret V. Leonard, well known and popular young woman of the Immaculate Conception parish, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 127 Pleasant street, after a brief illness, aged 21 years. She leaves her mother, Mary; two brothers, Edward L. and Frederick M.; two sisters, Anna and Rose Leonard, all of this city. She was employed by the New England Telephone Co. for the past six years when she will be missed by a host of friends.

**MERCIER**—Alarie L. Mercier, the originator of potato chips in this part of the country, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his son, Joseph A. Mercier, 552 Walker street. Mr. Mercier would have been 88 years old next Thursday. He was born in Canada, at Lacadie, P. Q., but for the past 65 years he had made his home in Lowell. It was about 30 years ago that his son and he conceived the idea of the potato chip, and the younger Mercier began the business in the familiar little house on Hildreth street. The son afterward turned the business to his father, who conducted it himself up to eight years ago, when he sold out to Hilbard & Co. For a long time he lived in West Eleventh street, but of late years he had made his home with his son. Besides his son, there are four grandchildren who survive him.

**STEVENS**—Mrs. Georgianna Ames Stevens died early this morning at her home, 76 Hanks street, after several months' illness. She was 71 years of age. Mrs. Stevens was born in Draught and was educated in Billerica. She was married and moved to the west where she lived until 20 years ago. She then returned to Lowell and has lived here ever since. She celebrated her wedding anniversary last month. Deceased survived by her husband, George M. Stevens; two sons, John A. Stevens, the well known consulting engineer of this city and George M. Stevens of New York, and by three sisters living in the west. She also leaves four grandsons.

**SHERMAN**—Died Jan. 21st at 40 Middlesex street, Sarah A. Sherman, aged 77 years. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. George M. Stevens of New York, and by three sisters living in the west. She also leaves four grandsons.

**THIBAUT**—Mrs. Frank Thibault nee Rose Gingras, aged 21 years and 1 month, died last night at the Chelmsford street hospital. She leaves her husband and two children, her mother, Mrs. Joseph Gingras and a brother, Alfred Gingras of Exeter, N. H.

**TACINIAN**—Wladyslaw Tacinian, aged 16 days, died last night at St. Joseph's hospital. She leaves her husband and two children, her mother, Mrs. Joseph Gingras and a brother, Alfred Gingras of Exeter, N. H.

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PLAYS CHECKERS AT CAMP SHERIDAN

Christy Mathewson, manager of the Cincinnati Reds, enjoying a game of checkers with Private Charles E. Johnson, of the 148th Ambulance company. In the background, Dr. C. B. Robinson of McKeesport, Pa.

If Christy Mathewson had not been a great baseball pitcher he might have become checker champion of the world.

This is only one of Matty's attainments outside baseball, but it is one of his favorites and he spends much time during the winter months pondering over moves with the best checker players he can find as opponents.

When Matty heard of a big checker

tournament to be started among the Sammies at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., he immediately made arrangements to go to Montgomery to direct the affair. Since his arrival there he has become the biggest figure in camp.

Matty has found some able opponents here, among them Private Charles E. Johnson of the 148th Ambulance company, who didn't know who his wizard

opponent was until after the match.

When told afterward he had been defeated by the great Matty he grasped the hand of the Cincinnati manager and said:

"I've heard of you ever since I was a kid, but I never thought I'd have a chance to talk to you. This is my reward for giving up my girl and enlisting. Had my picture snatched with the greatest pitcher of them all. I guess I'm satisfied."

In filling out their statements, "People may fill out their statements here in the office and they are asked to bring the money to pay their tax with them so that the job may be completed at one time. The tax must be paid either by check or money order as we are not allowed to accept cash."

Asked as to how the people in Lowell are responding, Mr. Shea said that they were doing fairly well, although there is still a large number to be heard from.

Some of the new points of the income tax which have not been emphasized locally are that a married man in making out his return must include not only his own income but also that of his wife and minor children, if they have any. The amount of tax which will be based on the total income of his family. If this aggregates over \$2000 he will have to pay a tax. Unmarried people must pay a tax if their income aggregates \$1000 or more.

**POLICE COURT**

This morning's session of the police court was one of the shortest that has been held for a long time. There was but one case heard other than the arraignment of Kuzaninis charged with assault with intent to murder a fellow countryman, an account of which will be found in another column.

The other case was that of Joseph Houle and Alice Jones charged with a statutory offense. Each was found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$10.

Four suspicious persons were brought before the court, but allowed to go. One of the men had a badly battered face and two discolored eyes and when the court asked him how it happened Deputy Downey said that the man had struck the wife of a lodging house keeper and the latter retaliated.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Roberts recently celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage at Decatur, Mich. The reception was held in the same room in which the wedding service was read half a century ago.

**SHOWS BOYS HOW TO TRAIN DOGS—YOUNGEST DOG FANCIER**

Seven-year-old Dorothy Tennant, youngest dog fancier and keenest judge of good canines in the west, has

been showing the boys of Salt Lake City, her home, how little they know about training dogs. There isn't a dog in the city that wouldn't desert his master for a frolic with Dorothy. That's because boys and men don't know much about the heart of a puppy," she explains.

Today is Army and Navy Day  
Tomorrow is St. John's Hospital Day

**Lowell's Automobile Show KASINO**

**THIS WEEK**

DAILY FROM 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.  
Music by Hibbard's Orchestra and Talented Vocalists  
ADMISSION ..... 25 CENTS

Tomorrow, Wednesday, the entire door receipts will be given to St. John's Hospital. Let's make it a big day.

THIS CLOCK HAS A NURSEMAID



New York has produced the latest thing in nursemaids—a husky man who nets \$40 a week for tending to the hands of one "dummy" clock. The clock plays what might be termed the principal role in a new play called "Yes or No." The woman holding the hands of the clock in this picture is Marjorie Wood, one of the principals.

The action of the play depends on the thing in nursemaids—a husky man who nets \$40 a week for tending to the hands of one "dummy" clock. The clock plays what might be termed the principal role in a new play called "Yes or No." The woman holding the hands of the clock in this picture is Marjorie Wood, one of the principals.

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NEWS NEWS NEWS

# Fairburn's Market

Will Be Open All Day Wednesday

## THESE SPECIAL PRICES FOR WEDNESDAY ONLY

28c Smoked Shoulders, lb.	25c
25c Corned Tongues, lb.	20c
40c Calfs' Liver, lb.	35c
30c Roast Pork, lb.	27c
Whiting Fish, lb.	8c
\$1.75 Bag Bread Flour	\$1.60
15c Can Sardines, can.	12 1/2c
35c Leda Brand Coffee, lb.	30c
35c Sweetened Cocoa, lb.	29c
12c Campbell's Tomato Soup	3 for 29c

9 to 10 15c MUELLER'S MACARONI 10c Pkg.	10 to 11 15c NABISCO 11c Pkg.	3 to 4 20c SALT COD 15c Lb.	5 to 6 38c Home Made Sausage Meat 30c Lb.
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## WE SELL THRIFT STAMPS

# FAIRBURN'S

12-14 MERRIMACK SQ. TEL. 788

## HIGH SCHOOL TRACK TEAM

Candidates for the high school track team put in a stiff practice session at the Paige street annex yesterday afternoon and from present indications the first meet of the season with Wakefield high next Saturday night will be of B. A. A. calibre. Wakefield is reputed to have a strong outfit this year and in the distance events the visitors will have a shade, at least, on Coach Hagererty's men. The locals are not worrying over their prospects, however.

The showing which the relay team from the high school made at the athletic carnival Saturday evening has created a lot of confidence among the Kirk street men and from every angle the coming meet should be a corker.

Faculty Manager Frederick R. Woodward has arranged a meet with the alumni which will probably come off in the case of Lowell's 1917 team on Feb. 18. Other meets in view include those with Newburyport and a team representing one of the machine gun battalions at Camp Devens.

## FRENCH HIGH COURT TO TRY MALVY CHARGE OF TREASON

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The senate met at a high court yesterday afternoon to sit in the case of Louis A. Malvy, ex-minister of the interior, accused of treasonable intercourse with the enemy.

The senate was called in regular session at 2 1/2 p. m. None of the cabinet ministers was present, although Leonin Dubost, the president, announced that he had received a letter from Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber of deputies, notifying him of the chamber's decision to impeach A. Malvy before the high court. President Dubost then proposed that the senate constitute itself a high court, which action was taken without opposition.

The regular sitting of the senate was ended at 4 p. m. and 20 minutes later it resumed its session with the funereal of a judicial body.

## HOME GUARDS CALLED OUT

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 22.—Co. D, home guard, composed of men from Dover, Hampton and this city, was ordered out last night for patrol work along the water front where the alien zone has been established.

The men were ordered out by Adj. Gen. Howard, but were sworn in as special police.

A zone has also been created at the Newington shipbuilding plant and a guard furnished by a Boston detective agency is doing duty by day and night.

## HIGH SCHOOL PLAY

Lowell high school students are making hard it in preparation for their annual school play which will be produced this year on the evenings of Jan. 31, Feb. 1 and Feb. 2, at the Playhouse, in Shattuck street. Rehearsals are being held three times a week and Miss Mary G. Joyner, teacher of elocution at the high school, stated this morning that not one member of the cast had missed a single rehearsal to date, a record which has never before been attained.

"We could put on 'Charles's Aunt' tomorrow night if it were necessary," said Miss Joyner this morning. Tickets for the play will be exchanged for seats next Tuesday. The pupils of the school will have an opportunity to get their seats on Monday, however.

"Charles's Aunt" is a comedy dealing with school life and is considered very appropriate for production by high school pupils.

## THEY ARE STILL LOOKING FOR LIGHT ON THE WHITE WAY

Mayor Perry D. Thompson, Commissioners Morse, Brown and Donnelly, Manager John A. Hunsweil of the Lowell Electric Light Corp., Stanley E. Qua, counsel for the latter company and Robert E. Marden of the public safety committee held a conference in the mayor's reception room at city hall this morning for the purpose of reaching some agreement by which the lights in the white way could be reduced in an endeavor to save fuel, but nothing definite resulted from the conference.

The order introduced at a special

meeting of the council held last week, and which called for the putting out of 190 lights of the white way at a saving on the part of the city of 1 cent an hour for every light was discussed at length, but one of the commissioners strenuously objected to the order. It was finally proposed to appoint an arbitral committee composed of three members, one to be appointed by the city council, another by representatives of the Lowell Electric Light Corp., and the third by the two first members named. But again there was some objection and finally the matter of curtailing the white way was dropped temporarily.

## QUICKSILVER IN 1917—BIG INCREASE IN QUANTITY AND VALUE

The domestic output of quicksilver in 1917, according to statistics compiled by H. D. McCook in the absence of F. L. Ransome of the United States geological survey, department of the interior, was 36,351 flasks of 75 pounds each, valued at the market price of \$10.12 per flask at about \$3,687,000. The output was therefore the greatest in quantity since 1883 and the greatest in value since 1875. The production in 1916 was 22,932 flasks, so that the increase in 1917 was 6419 flasks.

The productive states were California, Texas, Nevada, Oregon and Arizona.

## TWO INQUESTS HELD

Inquests into the cause of death of David C. M. Russell and James Rafferty were held before Judge Pickens in the court of second sessions this morning. Russell and Rafferty were unloading lumber from a car of the Boston & Maine railroad near the School street bridge on the 11th of this month when the lumber slipped and the men were thrown in front of a train on the next track and instantly killed.

## LICENSE BOARD HEARINGS

Two hearings are scheduled for tonight at the regular meeting of the license commission, complaints having been made that Charles L. Marren & Co. in Gorham street and A. F. Roach & Co. in Bridge street violated the conditions of their licenses.

## Try Making Your Own Cough Remedy

You can save about \$2, and have a better remedy than the ready-made kind. Easily done.

If you combined the curative properties of every known "ready-made" cough remedy, you would hardly have in them all the curative power that lies in this simple "home-made" cough syrup which takes only a few minutes to prepare.

Get from any druggist 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (60 cents worth), pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The total cost is about 65 cents and gives you a full pint of really lovely cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for \$2.50. Tastes pleasant and never spoils.

This Pinex and sugar syrup preparation gets rid of the cause of a cough and gives almost immediate relief. It loosens the phlegm, stops the nasty throat tickle and heals the sore, irritated membranes that line the throat, chest and bronchial tubes, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing.

A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough and for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma, there is nothing better.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and has been used for generations to break up severe coughs.

To avoid disappointment, be sure to ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces of Pinex" with full directions, and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Druggist, C. B. Mayne, Ind.

AT REMARKABLE PRICE REDUCTIONS  
Bring in that picture that needs framing NOW and we will fit a frame to it. No charge for the labor.

**RICARD'S**  
123 CENTRAL ST.

DISPOSAL OF PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES

AT REMARKABLE PRICE REDUCTIONS  
Bring in that picture that needs framing NOW and we will fit a frame to it. No charge for the labor.

**RICARD'S**  
123 CENTRAL ST.











# CARSON QUILTS WAR CABINET

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Sir Edward Carson, minister without portfolio in the war cabinet, has resigned. This announcement was made officially last night.

The prime minister has advised the king to accept Sir Edward's resignation.

The resignation of Sir Edward is interpreted to mean the failure of the Irish convention to reach a satisfactory settlement.

**Carson With Ulsterites**

Premier Lloyd George is known to have used every possible means within his power to induce the Ulsterists to agree to a settlement that would satisfy the nationalist sentiment of Ireland, and has relied to a great degree on the influence of Sir Edward Carson as the recognized leader of the Ulsterites.

But Sir Edward seems to have at all times preferred to stand by the Ulsterists.

The failure of the Irish convention

## THE IDEAL TONIC

ARGO-PHOSPHATE

The world's greatest tonic for lassitude and all run-down chronic conditions. It just puts pep into the whole system. "It's the best tonic I ever used," says a Boston physician. Dispensed in Lowell by Fred Howard, Frank J. Campbell, Burdickshaw Drug Co., Jones Drug Store, Noonan, the Druggist.

## The Bon Marche

### Remnant Sale

—OF—

### Wall Papers

- 1 Roll Lots ..... 1c Roll
  - 2 Roll Lots ..... 2c Roll
  - 3 Roll Lots ..... 3c Roll
  - 4 Roll Lots ..... 4c Roll
  - 5 Roll Lots ..... 5c Roll
- Other Lots From 6 to 20 Rolls at Half Price

Hundreds of patterns of which we have fair quantities at 1/4 off regular price. These discontinued patterns include many of the latest effects and are clean, desirable goods.

WALL PAPER DEPT.  
Second Floor

# MACARTNEY'S GREAT Shirt Sale STARTED TODAY



300 dozen of high grade Yorke, Stag and other good guaranteed shirts to be sold at as follows:

69c, \$1.15  
\$1.69, \$2.98,  
\$3.49, \$4.19

At 69c—This includes our entire line of \$1.00 Negligee or Soft Cuff Shirts. About 75 dozen to select from, for 3 for \$2.00

\$1.15—This lot contains smart Yorke and other good brands, of high grade Shirts—Cape, Madras and fine Percales. \$1.50 and \$1.75 values. 60 dozen to select from, at 3 for \$3.00

SILK SHIRTS  
\$4.00 Silk Shirts.....\$2.98 \$5.50 Silk Shirts.....\$4.19  
\$4.50 Silk Shirts.....\$3.49 \$2.50 Yorke Shirts.....\$1.69

# MACARTNEY'S

Open Until 9 P. M.

has been generally predicted during the last two weeks as the result of the announcements by Ulster leaders that they "would never submit to the rule of a parliament in Dublin." The final report of the convention was expected last week, but at the last moment an adjournment for another week was agreed upon. This was taken to mean that another effort would be made by Lloyd George to have the opposing factions reach a settlement. This effort has apparently failed.

The home rule bill as passed just before the war began was intended to have an amending clause, under which the four Ulster counties of Ulster might be left outside of its operation for a term of years. When the agitation arose, after the Dublin revolt, to have the home rule bill put into operation the sentiment was general in nationalist Ireland that the entire country should be included in the scope of the bill, but the Ulster unionists increased their demands and asked to have six Ulster counties left out instead of the four originally named. The task of reconciling those opposing claims was given to the Irish convention, and though optimistic reports were current during the early meetings, the unionists have recently shown a disposition to refuse a compromise.

## Opposed Home Rule

For years Sir Edward has opposed the setting up of an Irish parliament, and prior to the outbreak of the present war, when the Irish question was at its height, he even went to the extent of organizing and training the Ulster Volunteers for civil war against the British government. If home rule for Ireland which would exclude the province of Ulster, was inaugurated, less than a month before Great Britain entered the war Sir Edward presided over the "provisional government of Ireland" at Belfast, and in a speech declared that the time had come for the nationalist Ulster to translate their words into action. Ulster, he said, was anxious for peace, but was not going to accept a peace with surrender.

In May, 1915, Sir Edward was appointed attorney-general in the newly formed Asquith cabinet, but resigned the post in October of the same year. In an address to the house of commons Sir Edward asserted that the reason for his resignation was the fact that the Asquith government was incapable of carrying on the war.

In December, 1915, Sir Edward was made first lord of the admiralty in the cabinet of David Lloyd George. During the interim between his giving up of the post of attorney-general and the acceptance of the admiralty portfolio he frequently bitterly denounced the Asquith government on various points of its program, and especially on its designation to apply conscription to Ireland.

In July, 1917, Sir Edward relinquished his post as first lord of the admiralty and joined the war cabinet without portfolio, being succeeded at the admiralty by Sir Eric Campbell Geddes.

When the home rule bill was passed just before the war began an amendment was proposed by the unionists that four Ulster counties should be outside of its operation for a term of years. This amendment never came up in parliament and if it had it would have been defeated as opposed to the spirit of the measure passed in three successive years in order to overcome the veto of the peers. With the king's signature, the bill in its entirety became law and is the law of the realm today. Its enforcement was held up by Premier Asquith, who said it was unthinkable that Ulster would be coerced into acceptance.



## THE SALVATION ARMY IN THE WAR

Under the auspices of the war council of the chamber of commerce at Providence, R. I., Commander Miss Brangeline Booth, head of the forces of the Salvation Army in the United States, will appear at a great mass meeting on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 27, at that city and state by Gov. H. Livingston Beekman. With delegations from the Grand Army of the Republic and the Boy Scouts as special escorts, the Salvation Army will be the center of the Maltese Centre at 8 o'clock that afternoon and deliver an address upon "The Stars and Stripes." It is believed that this will be one of the most important and stirring patriotic meetings Rhode Island has ever experienced, for Miss Booth, whose abilities as an orator have ever made her world famous, has a special message to convey, and will discuss the part that women, the world over, are playing in the great war.

On Sunday, Feb. 24, Commander Miss Booth will appear at the Tremont Temple, Boston, under similar auspices, and again a great patriotic meeting will be held. Each of the auditoriums engaged for the occasion seat about 3000 people.

These appearances of Commander Booth are the unofficial opening of a campaign to follow in February—a quick campaign of educating the public to what the Salvation Army is really doing in the war emergency and raising a fund of one million dollars throughout the United States to sustain the work long since established wherever the troops of the allies are to be found.

The special message which Commander Miss Booth will convey has to do with these general facts: that when Germany struck at Belgium the Salvation Army, which in Europe is a mighty organization and far-reaching in its influences, at once mobilized when the nations opposed to Germany made ready to defend the cause of a world democracy. From that day to the present moment the Salvationists have been active, working in perfect unison and with the other recognized organizations for money and giving as an important cog in the gigantic machine for war.

Miss Booth will tell how 25,000 members of the Salvation Army are under arms and in the trenches of the allies in Europe today, and how they have bled and died in proportion to their number, but just back of the line and

in many cases right up to the fighting zones, are 353 Salvation huts, most of them comfortable and all teeming with fighters who find solace, comfort, rest, recreation and help, both material and spiritual, within easy distance of the actual front. The commander will tell New England women how 700 uniformed officers of the Salvation Army, mostly women, handle this great work, and especially what a benign effect the presence of good women has upon the men who respect them, and who treat them with great deference. Miss Booth will explain much of the war that has not been made clear before, and will particularly show what the work of the Salvation Army has been. At this moment there are 46 ambulances, all given to the allies and manned by Salvationists, actually at work in the front lines in France. It will be shown what clean thinking and upright habits, and a well sustained hope in a future, have to do with enabling men to "go over the top" to victory or death, without a regret or a murmur—and what all does for the "morale" which, above every other thing, wins wars.

## JOHN RYAN MAY SUCCEED DANIEL WILLARD

President John D. Ryan of the Anacanda Copper company, and a prominent figure in the country's financial



JOHN D. RYAN

circles, is mentioned as the man who will succeed Daniel Willard as head of the war industries board. Ryan is now director general of military relief for the Red Cross.

## MAYOR THOMPSON TALKS TO THE POLICE

Mayor Perry D. Thompson made what he termed a "friendly visit" to the police station last evening and addressed the members of the department in the guard room at roll call. He said the purpose of his visit was to become better acquainted with the men and the government in general, during the course of his talk he spoke of the necessity of co-operation. He told the men to respect their superior officers and that the latter in turn were to reciprocate.

His Honor spoke in part as follows: "I intended to address you at an earlier date, but found it necessary to postpone my visit because of the unusual demands on the chief of mayor and head of your department, due to war conditions. My purpose in being here is simply to get better acquainted and to assure you that what little help and support I can offer in the way of making your labor more helpful to yourselves and the people in general is yours. I know many of you by name, and many more by sight, but that isn't enough. I want to know you all and to get your confidence and

support. The police department of Lowell has an enviable record for its work and I want it to continue and improve so that it will compare with the very best in the country. Let it be a criterion for other departments to look to in the way of efficiency.

"Let us start out the new year with a clean slate. If there have been any past differences, let them be forgotten and look into the future. I want you to know me not only as the head of your department, but as your friend, you to the end if you are right, but wrong. As your superior I expect respect, and in return for it you men are also entitled to it. The same rule applies to the other superior officers of the department. If they do not show it, you are not expected to, but if they do, it is your duty to reciprocate. Above all, let us have unity and our labor will be satisfactory to us all and to the public in general."

## THE REGISTRATION OF ENEMY ALIENS

Supt. Redmond Welch of the police department has announced his plans for the registration of all enemy aliens as required by a proclamation issued by President Wilson. Under the terms of the proclamation the persons required to register are all native, citizens, denizens or subjects of the German empire or the Imperial German government, being males of the age of 16 years and over who are within the United States and not actually naturalized as American citizens.

All such persons, therefore, are required to make appearance at the office of the superintendent of police at police headquarters, No. 100 Middlesex street, where registration will be conducted between the hours of 6 a. m. and 8 p. m. on Feb. 4, 1918, and between the same hours on each succeeding day thereafter up to and including Feb. 5, 1918.

Each enemy alien who registers shall be required also to register his fingerprints and must furnish four unmounted photographs of himself, not larger than three inches by three inches, printed on this paper with a light background. Each photograph must be signed by the applicant for registration across the face thereof, so as not to obscure the features, provided, of course, that the applicant can write.

A registration card will be issued by the superintendent of police to each applicant who shall have properly registered under the foregoing regulations.

## Cracked Fingers? Surprise Cleanser

## BACKACHE KILLS!

Don't make the fatal mistake of neglecting what may seem to be a "simple little backache." There isn't any such thing. It may be the first warning that your kidneys are not working properly, and throwing off the poisons as they should. If this is the case, go after the cause of that backache, and do it quickly, or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease.

GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles, which may be the unsuspected cause of general ill health. GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules are imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They are prepared in correct quantity and convenient form to take, and are positively guaranteed to give prompt relief, or your money will be refunded. Get them at any drug store, but be sure to insist on the GOLD MEDAL brand, and take no other. In boxes, three sizes.

PURE COD LIVER OIL  
Pint.....65c  
Quart.....\$1.25

Talbot's Chemical Store  
40 Middle Street

## BOSTON THEATRES CLOSED TODAY

—TOOK IN ABOUT \$20,000 YESTERDAY

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Theatres and moving picture houses here were closed today, having taken advantage of the opportunity to remain open yesterday for the benefit of the holiday crowds. Managers estimated that nearly one tenth of the city's population, or about 70,000 people, attended performances yesterday, spending about 50,000, and contributing some \$5000 in war taxes. Owners of hotels, alleys and billiard rooms in Boston and other cities announced their intention of closing today in conformity with the spirit of the fuel conservation order, although permitted to keep open with unheated rooms.

## LOCAL HELLO GIRLS PRESENT DEMAND FOR INCREASE IN WAGES

The girl employees of the local telephone exchange, in accordance with the raise recently granted the Boston em-

ployees of the New England Telephone Co., have presented a demand for an increase in wages, the request being that the company grant them a maximum increase of \$1, as adjusted by the Boston union.

This action was adopted at a recent meeting of the organization at which the following committee was appointed to confer with the officials of the company: Miss Helen M. Moran, president, who also represents Lawrence and Hawthill; Miss Laura Taylor and Miss Grace Sullivan. The employees want a maximum wage of \$16 a week and, although their demand has been presented, no action has yet been taken by the company.

## BOMB USER FOUND GUILTY

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Rheinbold Faust, who confessed to placing a bomb in a local theatre during the opera performance, was found guilty yesterday of attempting to extort \$100,000 from Frank Wetmore and James Morgan, Chicago bankers, and was sentenced to an indeterminate term of from one to 20 years in the penitentiary.

# DAILY BULLETIN

From War Work Headquarters 119 Merrimack St.

## This Country Needs You

If you, and that means any one of you, received word to start the day after tomorrow for somewhere in the U. S. A., that Uncle Sam had special work for you—it would probably take you by surprise! But you'd go and go loyally—your home, your business, your engagements, would be left to arrange for themselves—not quite as though you had died—but you'd make hasty arrangements and everybody would suit themselves to the inevitable conditions with surprising rapidity and helpfulness.

Whilst you have not had just this call—you have a call now—just investigate yourself—there is work for you to do—where is it? Are you on War Work—is your individuality your immediate effort counting for anything in this war? If not, why not? Settle something in your mind—make a decision—then make your arrangements afterward.

Millions of others are taking the plunge, risking and taking the sacrifice; but they want to help and win the war—so do you, but you can't see the way! Wake up and make your self count.

Do something that means something to your country, for world's peace and humanity. What do we mean by Slacker?

## A Necessity in Illness A Comfort in Health

# Electric Warming Pad

There is a hot water bottle in nearly every home, but they are inconvenient, awkward and often leak, causing discomfort and not infrequently bad scalds and burns. They also require constant refilling to keep them hot.

The Electric Warming Pad is twice as large as the ordinary hot water bottle. It is light and flexible and can be folded or made to fit any part of the body desired.

When operating the Electric Warming Pad uses less current than an ordinary incandescent lamp and the heat can be regulated at will by means of a special control switch.

COME IN AND SEE HOW IT WORKS

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS On Sale at the Cashier's Window

## THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821

## DENTISTS

TEL. 5155

16 Russell Bldg., Merrimack Square, LOWELL, MASS.

Dr. Masse Dr. Blanchard

# UNION MARKET

173-185 MIDDLESEX

TEL-4010 FOR ALL DEPTS

FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

Market Will Be Open in Future as Follows:—

TUESDAY	7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
WEDNESDAY	7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
THURSDAY	7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
FRIDAY	7 A. M. to 10 P. M.
SATURDAY	7 A. M. to 10 P. M.

## Trades for Tuesday

Lamb, Yearling, Legs.....15c	Fancy Prunes.....3 lbs. 25c
Lamb, Yearling, Forelegs. 12 1/2c	No. 3 Can Plums, heavy
Leg Veal.....15c	.....12 1/2c
Forequarter Veal.....12 1/2c	Pork and Beans.....7c
Veal Steak.....18c	20 Mule Team Borax.....23c
Cream Corn Starch.....5c	50c Furniture Polish.....39c
Shredded Coconut.....9c	Toilet Soap.....7 for 25c
Val Camp's Milk.....8c	Best Coffee.....19c
Gelatine.....3 pkgs. 25c	Fancy Butterine.....25c

WEDNESDAY—FRESH FISH—Last Week's Prices Cut 25 Per Cent. and a Great Variety.